# THE COINS



STANLEY LANE-POOLE

traditional standing winged figure with ear of corn; secondly, as a squatting woman with a braid of hair down her back,—a typical Indian figure; and thirdly, as a woman with a pitcher on her head, who might be described as a female Aquarius; and a fourth form, of a dancing girl, appears on one of the forged mohrs. Aquarius is represented as an old man with a pitcher of water, or by the pitcher alone.

The zodiacal coins, both gold and silver, have always attracted much attention and emulation among collectors. The Hindús after a time came to regard them as talismans, to be worn prophylactically round the neck,\* and English ladies have not despised them as ornaments. They have consequently been extensively forged, and few collections exist which do not contain some of these imitations. A distinction, however, must be drawn between different classes of these forgeries. There is (1) a small class of gold zodiacal mohrs which are clearly ancient, and in spite of their rude workmanship and the peculiar forms of the zodiacal signs, may not be forgeries at all, but merely trial-pieces of Jahángír's time: such are nos. 333c, 339, and 346a, all of the year 1030 and 16th of the reign, which are represented in the lowest line of Plate X. On the whole, I believe them to be almost contemporary imitations. Then (2) there are more recent forgeries, distinguished by a certain crudeness and sharpness in the drawing and execution of the figures, and a tendency to blunder in the Persian inscriptions; these are numbered, in the gold, 376 to 384 in the Catalogue; and there is but one silver forgery of

<sup>\*</sup> Marsden states that his zodiacal coins came from Mr. Crow, formerly chief of the Súrat factory of the East India Company; and adds that the Hindús treated them as talismans. Lieut. Edward Moor (Narrative of the operations of Captain Little's Detachment, 490) mentions the sale of a set of zodiacal mohrs at Bombay in 1790 for the sum of 2500 rupees.

this class, the rupee no. 385. In the representation of Virgo, the forgeries show, besides the usual type (as the true coin 338, and the forgery 378), a curious figure of a dancing woman, which does not occur on any genuine mohr at present known. Finally (3), there is a class of modern half-rupees which, unlike the first two classes, can never have been intended to pass as counterfeit money, but must have been either an avowedly new currency, or else intended merely as ornaments. They are struck from the same dies as the imitation gold mohrs, or from dies closely resembling them; and thus bearing inscriptions peculiar to mohrs, and not borne by rupees, would have been immediately detected. They were probably struck to please somebody's fancy, and tradition ascribes them to a Frenchman, Colonel Martine, well known in the history of the Company's power in India: but Marsden denies this, on the authority of the Colonel's personal friends.

In spite of general indications in the style and fabric, there is often considerable difficulty in distinguishing the imitation from the genuine mohrs, and numismatists are frequently found to differ in their decisions. In distinguishing the British Museum forgeries, the late Mr. James Gibbs' experience has proved of value.\*

<sup>\*</sup> See Journal of the Rombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, xiv. 155-160, and Proceedings of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 1883.

#### PURCHASED

#### § 7. NISÁRS OR PRESENTATION MONEY.

Among the coins of the Moghul Emperors, from Jahángír onwards, certain pieces, generally of small size, bear the word nisúr (نثار), which means "scattering." These coins were struck for the purpose of distribution among the crowd on the occasion of certain festivities, such as marriages, or progresses of state, and the like. They were in fact a species of Maundy Money. The custom is common in Eastern countries and survives to the present day. The Moghul coins struck for this purpose (except Aurangzib's) are economically thin for their diameter, and weigh from 43 to 44 grains (i.e. 1 mohr or rupee); but one weighs 88 grains, and another 22. They are executed with considerable elegance, and have a border of dots. Aurangzib's, on the other hand, are clumsy and thick, of South Indian fabric, and weigh 44 The British Museum contains no specimen of grains. Jahángir's nisúrs, but Mr. Rodgers has described three, of Ajmír in the 10th year of the reign, Ahmadábád in the 13th, and Agrah in the 14th year; and also two of Sháh-Jahán, of Kashmír and Lahore; and adds that he has never seen any others.\* The British Museum. however, has ten of these coins, viz:-

Sháh-Jahán. A Agrah, 1038, Y.R. 2. (i) A Lahore, 1044, Y.R. 7. (i)

R Lahore, 1049, Y.R. 13. (5)

A Sháhjahánábád, 1060, Y.R. 24. (5)

AR Kashmír, 1061, Y.R. 25.

A Sháhjahánábád, 1067, Y.R. 31. (3)

(posthumous) A Sháhjahánábád, 1069. No regnal year (3)

<sup>\*</sup> Proceedings of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 1883.

Aurangzib. A Chinápatan, 1103, Y.R. 35. A Chinápatan, 1111, Y.R. 4x. Jahándár. A Sháhjahánábad, 1124. (3) A Akbarábád, 1171, Y.R. 4.

All Sháh-Jahán's nisárs save one (where it may be obliterated) have an initial letter 3 over the j. The same sign (or its points) appears on Jahándar's nisár, but not on those of Aurangzíb or 'Álamgír II. This abbreviation has not hitherto been noticed, and its meaning is enigmatical. As it occurs on coins of four different mints, and two different weights (44 and 88 grs.) it can neither be a mint-mark nor a sign of denomination.

Nisárs were used for other purposes than scattering among crowds. The word is also used as signifying the periodical tribute or gift, symbolical of homage, rendered to the Moghul Emperor on certain festivals, such as the anniversary of his coronation, or New Year's day. Mr. Delmerick says\* that "coins used to be specially struck in his [Bahádur II.'s] name and offered as part of the customary nazar by the Resident on behalf of the British Government," until the practice was abolished by Lord Ellenborough "in the cold season of 1842-3." I have no doubt that the coins used for this purpose were the thin pieces issued in the name of Sháh-'Álam, of Muhammad Akbar, and of Bahádur II., at Sháhjahánábád, the residence of the titular Emperors under British protection. They are numbered in the Catalogue nos. 1104-9, 1210-16, 1221-2, and in style they closely resemble the thin half-rupee nisár of Sháh-Jahán, no. 669, which is 1.15 in. broad, yet weighs only 88 grs. They are not in the least like current coins meant for circulation, but they are unmistakeably like nisárs, though the name does not occur in their inscriptions.

<sup>\*</sup> Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, xlv. 295.

#### PLATE XXX.—EAST INDIA COMPANY. MURSHIDÁBÁD.

No.	Motal.	Denomination.	Mint.	Titular Emperor.	A.D. circ.
1ppendiz.	N.	½ Mohr	Murshidábád	Sháh-'Álam	1768
3		18 ,,	,,	,,	**
5	,,	4 Annas	,,	,,	"
8	N	Mohr	,,	,,	1770
14	R	Anna	,,	,,	"
17	N	Mohr	,,	,,,	1773
	I. I.	1	"	,,	1782
20	"	½ Mohr	"	,,	1787
22	,,			,,	1784
28	AR	Rupee	"	,,	1793-181
29	N	Mohr	"	•	, ,,
33	٠,,	1 Mohr	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	"	1
35	R	Rupee	"	"	"
37	,,	,,	"	,,	"
390bv		1/2 ,,	"	,,	,,,
43	N	1 Mohr	,,	,,	1818-32
470b		Rupee	,,	,,	1832-35

#### PLATE XXXI.—EAST INDIA COMPANY. FARRUKHÁBÁD, BENÁRES, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY.

FO 1	AR	Rupec	Farrukhábad	Sháh-'Álam	1803-19
50	А	Lupoc		,,	1833-35
52	"	, ,,	,,		,,
54	n	<del>1</del> ,,	"	"	1811
61	,,	Rupee	Benáres	"	1806-19
66	,,	,,	,,	,,	1
67	1	,,	Calcutta	,,	1763
	"	1 Rupee	Bombay	Sháh	1719
68	"	1 Marboo		,,	1730
71	"	""	"	Muhammad	1725
72	,,	Rupee	"	Sháh-'Álam	1768
76	N	Mohr	,,	Num zzimi	1774
77	R	Rupee	"	"	1800
79	,,	Rupee	,,	"	
80	,,	1 "	Bombay-Súrat	,,	1718

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Date	Voucher No.
24 1099 22 AUG 131	9895
2 2 AUG 13	5 14228
	-
	and the second s

#### PLATE XXXII.—EAST INDIA COMPANY. SURÁT, ÁRKAT (MADRAS, CALCUTTA), MASULIPATAN.

#### FRENCH COMPANY.

#### ARKÁT (PONDICHERRY).

No.	Metal.	Denomination.	Mint.	Titular Emporor.	A.D.
Appendix. 81	N	1 Mohr	Súrat	Sháh-'Álam	1802
82	,,	Mohr	,,	,,	1825
85	Æ	Rupee	,,	,,	1825
87	N	Mohr	,,	,,	
96	AR	Rupee	,,	"	1818-32 ?
<b>9</b> 8	"	,,	,,	,,	1832-35 ?
103	Æ	Rupce	Arkát (Madras)	'Álamgír 11.	1798-99 7
109	N	½ Mohr	"	,,	1815 7
111	Æ	Double rupee	,, ,,	,,	,, 3
122	,,	½ Rupec	,, (Calcutta)	,,	1818-33
127	,,	Rupee	" (Pondicherry)	"	1755
128	,,	,,	,, ,,	Sháh-'Álam	1763
145	۰,,	Double rupee	Masulipatan	'Álamgír II. (sic)	1780
148	,,	Rupee	<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	Sháh-'Álam	1797

#### PLATE XXXIII.

#### SHÁH-JAHÁN.

					A TI
Pago. lxxxvii	N	200 Mohrs	Sháhjahánábád From a cast.	Sháh Jahán	1064

## THE COINS OF THE MOGHUL EMPERORS OF HINDUSTAN IN

THE BRITISH MUSEUM



STANLEY LANE - POOLE





#### CORRIGENDA.

The reader is requested to make the following corrections before using the Catalogue.

```
heading: for 960 and 1554 read 963 and 1556.
PAGE.
  8
           .سار[نك]يو[ر] read سار[ك]يو[ر]
 13
       31
            dele PL. III.
 19
       68
            note, for April 1st read March 11th.
 32
            for (sic.) پشاپور read پشاپور; for Peshawar? read
      177
 35
                Sítápúr.
            heading: transpose Obv. and Rev.
 36
            dele PL. VI.
      196
 37
            for MA, 38, read MA, 48.
      197
  ,,
             ,, الياباس read الهاباد.
      273a
  53
              , چو تانکی read دو تانکی; for two read four.
      284
  54
             " Tanka read 16 Tanka, and for -] con read
      2877
  55
                  حص[ة
              بناه read شاه
  58
      295
              " Wt. 16 read Wt. 163.
  59
      298
             " (regnal year) 7 read 8,
      300
              " אָנָן read אָנָן.
  60 302
              ,, حبيشه read ميهنت.
      310
  62
              " ریب و زیور read روز نو زینت.
  64
      318
             transfer Pl. x. MARSDEN, to 327.
      328
  66
                  for 339 read 338.
 68,75 341,378
            for خانات اله read مانك for
  71 357
  80 405-7 add in first col. 1.
              " Wt. 17, read Wt. 175.
       476
                 for tiese read amen.
 94,95 488, 491
             add Wt. 315.
       512
```

t.e. yangi

731.4954025 1.265.0



w. HH.

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```
PAGE.
         heading: for Kharram read Khurram.
114
            for Jalúnábád read Jalaonábád?
135
     691
             " غازي and عاري and اكر] فت read غازي and شه.
137
     699
143
     726
             " Calcutta read Golkondah.
             . كلكند[ه] read كلكته
"
      "
             "Karrah read Imtiyázgarh (Adóní).
183
     900a
             ,, هزاران read هراران.
191
     937
            omit this coin: it is transferred to p. 251, 1171a.
202
     975a
     967-7 for Karrah read Imtiyázgarh (Adóní).
             , فتوح read فنوج.
212
     1019
             " ead ese.
223
     1063
     1068-70a for Karrah read Imtiyazgarh (Adóni).
224
226
     1077 first col. add \frac{1}{6}.
     1085b for Karrah read Imtiyázgarh (Adóní).
           heading of first col.: for N read R.
229, 230
```

In several instances Daulatábád is spelt Dawlatábád, and Azur, Adhur.

#### PURCHASED

#### **CATALOGUE**

OF

#### INDIAN COINS

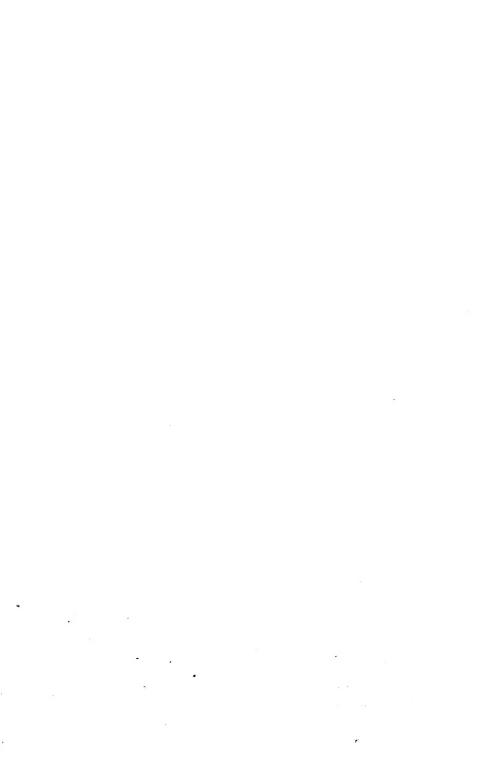
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### THE MOGHUL EMPERORS OF HINDUSTAN.



#### THE COINS

OF THE

### MOGHUL EMPERORS OF HINDUSTAN

IN THE

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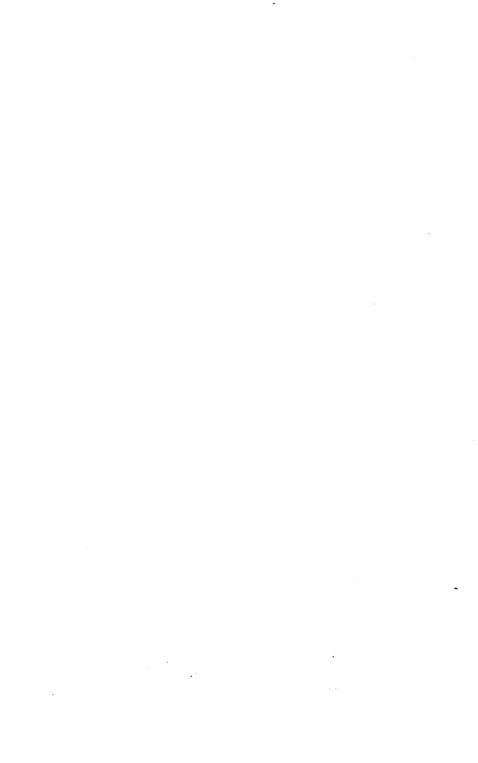
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1892

#### MOGHUL EMPERORS

#### OF HINDUSTAN.

	-	A.H.	A.D.
I.	Bábar, Zahír-ad-dín	982	1525
	Humáyún, Násir-ad-dín	937	1530
	-	963	1556
III.	Akbar, bana-aa aa	1014	1605
IV.	<b>O</b> .	1014	1627-8
	Dáwar Bakhsh	1037	1628
v.	Sháh-Jahán, Shiháb-ad-dín		
	Shujá' (in Bengal)	1068-70	1658
	Murád Bakhsh (in Gujarát).	1068	
VI.	Aurangzib 'A'lamgir, Muhayyi-ad-d.	1069	1659
	A'zam Sháh	1118	1707
	Kám Bakhsh · · · ·	1119-20	1708
VII	Bahádur Sháh-'A'lam, Kutb-ad-dín	1119	1707
VIII.	Jahándár Sháh, Mu'izz-ad-dín .	1124	1712
IX.		1124	1718
X.	Rafí'-ad-daraját, Shams-ad-dín	1131	1719
XI.	Rafí'-ad-daulah Sháh-Jahán II.	1131	1719
Δ1.	Niku-siyar	1131	1719
	Ibráhím	1132	1720
XII.		1181	1719
XIII.		1161	1748
	4 11/	1167	1754
XIV.	Sháh-Jahán [III.]	1173-4	1759-60
		1178	1759
XV.		1202-3	- ·
	Bídár Bakht		1806
XVI		1221	
XVIÌ	. Bahádur Sháh II.	1258	1837
	Deposed by the British Governmen	t 1275	1857



#### EDITOR'S PREFACE.

THE present volume of the Catalogue of Indian Coins contains the description of the issues of the Moghul Emperors of Hindústán, from the foundation of the Empire by Bábar, Humáyún, and Akbar, down to its gradual absorption into the realm of the Honourable East India Company. It also includes such coins of the Company as were issued in imitation of the currency of the Moghuls.

The transliteration of Arabic and Indian names of persons, places, &c., in this volume, is in accordance with the latest official system of the Indian Government. Familiar names of places are spelt in the ordinary English way.

The metal of each specimen is stated, and its size in inches and tenths of inches. The weight of the gold and silver examples is given in English grains. Tables for converting grains into grammes, and inches into millimètres as well as into the measures of Mionnet's scale, are given at the end of the volume.

A comparative table of the years and months of the Hijrah and of the Christian era has been added, with a view to facilitating reference to the standard works on Indian history where the European computation is adopted.

#### I.-ZAHÍR-AD-DÍN BÁBAR.\*

A.H. 932-937 = A.D. 1525-1530.

		T 7	
No.	Mint.	Year.	
R			SILVER.
1	_	933	Obv. Area, within square,†
_			لا اله الا الله
			٠
		1	رسول السله
	1		Margin, in segments, divided by ornaments,
			ابو بكر الصديق   [عبر] الفاروق   عثبان العفّان   على المرتضى
			المراد ال
	1		Rev. Area, within twelve-foil,
			محبد بابر
			ح ظهيم الدين
1			ظههم الدين
	1		السلطان ال اعزه(؟) الله سمم Margin, اعزه
			PL. 1. CUNNINGHAM. R. 1.0, Wt. 70
			* The following co.ns were presumably struck by Bábar about
	1		A.H. 917, when in alliance with the Safavi Shah Isma'ıl. See R. S. Poole, Catalogue of Persian Coins, Introduction, pp. xxv. ff., and 210.
1			They are also published in my Catalogue of Additions, part ii., p. 163,
			where two of them (134° and 134°) are figured in Pl. xxxi.
		-	R SILVER.
Ì		- 1	134' No mint or date.
			الله الا الله Obv. الله الا الله Rev., within square, بابر*
		- 1	بهرات الله على ولي الله
1		- 1	Around, names of the twelve Imams, partly obliterated.
		j	2 %, Wt. 71.
١	1		† This common formula is arranged in various ways, as a reference
	-	1	to the plates will show; but these slight variations are disregarded in the descriptions, so long as the general division of the formula into
1	ŀ		three lines is maintained.

A specially prepared map of India is inserted to illustrate the distribution of the mint-cities throughout the Empire.

Typical specimens are figured in the thirty-three plates which are executed by the autotype mechanical process from casts in plaster.

The whole work is written by Mr. Stanley Lane-Poole, and I have carefully collated it with the coins.

REGINALD STUART POOLE.

No.	Mint.	Year	
		.  	
AR 2		935	Obv. as 1: but twelve-foil border (ابو , instead of ابابكر)
			Rev. Area, within circle,
			غازی
			شــــــــــه
			شــــــاه ع۳۳ الدين محمد پاد
			ظـــهــيــر يابر
			الله تعا Margin,
			Pr. I. CUNNINGHAM. R 95, Wt. 71
			134 No mint or date.
			لا الله الا الله Obv. Area, within square, ————————————————————————————————————
			Margin obliterated.
			Rev., as 134t; but no star, and order of Imams varied.
			A. '8, Wt. 70
			134w No mint or date.
			Coin similar to 134, struck over coin of Shah Rukh, similar to 58, mint and date obliterated.
1			A '95, Wt. 76
			134× No mint or date.
			Obv. Area as 134 <sup>t</sup> , but within square, and divided by lines; margin obliterated.
			Rev. Area, in pear-shaped border,
		ŀ	سلطان
		1	بابريها
			. فر
			مطهر خلد الله ملكه وسلطانه Margin,
			.B. 16, Wt. 79

#### AUTHOR'S INTRODUCTION.

§ 1. HISTORICAL OUTLINE.

THE history of the Moghul Empire of Hindústán, which nominally extends from 1525 to 1857, is really contained in much narrower limits. The assured domination of the Moghul Emperors begins with the building-up of the empire by Akbar (1556-1605) and practically ends with the death of Aurangzib, the last autocrat of their line, in 1707. Before Akbar there was no Moghul Empire, but only the attempt to create one. After Aurangzib there was still for awhile the framework of an empire, but no emperor: the power fell into the hands of Ministers and Viceroys, and political disintegration prepared the way for British expansion. much more than half a century had passed since Aurangzib 'Álamgir was carried to his tomb near Aurangábád, when the East India Company began to gather up the fragments that remained of Akbar's empire, and the Emperor himself became their pensioner (1765).

The historical founder of the empire was Akbar; but the first of his line to assert imperial power in India was his grandfather Bábar; unless, indeed, the precedence belongs to his ancestor Tímúr, in virtue of his earlier raids upon Hindústán. Bábar, or "Tiger," also called Muhammad and surnamed Zehír-ad-dín, "Upholder of the Faith," was the son of 'Umar Shaikh, the son of Abú-Sa'íd, seventh Khán of Transoxiana; and Abú-Sa'íd was the son of Muhammad Sultán the

No.	Mint.	Year.	
∡R 3	Lahore	936	Obv. as 1: but area enclosed in circle (ابابكر)
	1		ال]سلطان الاعظم خاقان المكرم [ا
			۹۳۹ ظهیر الدین محمد بابر پادشاه غازی
			الله مسلكه [و س]لطانه لاهور Pr. T. CUNNINGHAM. Æ 10, Wt. 09
4		936	As 3: mint obliterated.  PEARSE. R. 9, Wt. 72
.5		-	Obv. as 1: but area enclosed in circle.
			الــــــلـطــان الاعــظم
			السخاقان المكرم ظهير الدين
			محمد باير پادشاه خلد الله مل
G	_	-	As 2: but no date.
			[السلطان ا] لاعظم خاقان الهكرم Rev. margin shows خلد الله
			Æ 1°15, Wt. 73
7			Obv. as 2.
•			Rev. Area, within eight-foil,
			مراه به کارونی مراسی در این مراسی مراسی
			ظهير الدين بابر
			Margin as 6.
,	·	ı	ne 1 0, w t. 73

son of Miran Sháh, the son of Tímúr. Bábar thus lineally descended in the fifth generation from Timúr, on his father's side; on his mother's, he traced his pedigree to Chingis Kaán. He was born in 1482 (A.H. 888) in the province of Farghanah, then ruled by his father, whom he succeeded as chieftain about the age Henceforward his precocious youth was spent in strife and war. He successfully withstood his envious kinsfolk in Farghánah, and even made incursions into the territory of Samarkand at the age of fifteen; but was eventually defeated and driven from Transoxiana by Shaibání and his Uzbegs about 1504, and forced to console himself with the subduing of Afghánistán and Badakhshán (A.H. 911). For twenty years he remained outwardly content with the kingship of Kábul and the country round about; though he confesses in his Memoirs that from the first he had meditated the invasion of India, but "sometimes from the misconduct of my Amírs and their dislike of the project, sometimes from the cabals and opposition of my brothers, I was prevented from prosecuting the expedition." \* He was forty-three years of age before he was able to realize his dream.

At the close of 1525 (Safar 932)† he began to occupy the Panjáb with the connivance of the Afghán governor of Lahore. The disunited state of the so-called "Pathán" kingdom offered little resistance to the invader: India

<sup>\*</sup> Tizak-i Bábari, Erskine's (1829) translation, 290. These Memotrs were written in Chagatai Turkish, and have been translated into French by M. Pavet de Courteille (1871). The Persian version, which dates from the time of Akbar, was done into English by W. Erskine and J. Leyden (Or. Translation Fund, 1826); and extracts from both versions are given in Sir H. M. Elliot and Prof. Dowson's invaluable History of India as told by its own Historians, iv. 218-287. The latter will be frequently referred to by the abbreviation ED.

<sup>+</sup> Ibid. ED. iv. 239 ff.

#### II.-MUHAMMAD HUMÁYÚN.\*

A.H. 937-960 = A.D. 1530-1554.

		GOLD. Obv., within octagon, الا الله
_		
		צ ונה וצי ועה
	4	4 س <del>ند</del> سسي
		رسول البله
	1	Rev., within circle,
		غازى
		محمد همايون پادشاه
		ابو المظفر
		Pr., I. N 5, Wt. 14
	_	Obv., within circle, as 8.
		Rev., within circle,
		خلد الله تعال
		پادشاه غازی
		محبد هيايون
		ملکه
		PL 1. CUNNING HAM. N 55, Wt. 10
		1.0.C. N '5, Wt. 13 1.0.C. N '4. Wt. R
		• For coins of Humayun struck in Kashmir (in 958?), see r
	_	

## EMPERORS. OF THE MOGHUL GENEALOGICAL TREE

. 3

Fr. 1178, 4, 1176 (1788) 4. 1014, + 1087 (1487) Akber † 1117 core. Nika-Siyar pe. & † 1131 Fr. 5 1 1000 (1600) 12. MURANMAD BUSHAN AKRTAR 4.1114. e. 1151, † 1161 (1748) 12. AEMAD 4. 1144, c. 1161, c. 1167 (1754), † 1188 Jahander A. 1874, + 1695 P 2044- Bable pr. 1200, d. 1200 (1700) Fr. 1688, 1 1070 (1680) A 200. Gen. in Royalent, Se., 199-11; in Edital, 911-27 Int Meghal Department of Windsholm 929-7 (1526-90). 4. 1000, a. 1007, d. 1008 (1658), † 100 17. BANKDUR II. 4. 1180, a. 1969, d. 1875 (1867), † 1881 4. MET. a 1060, 4 1118 (TOT) 4. JAHÁWGÍR 4. 877, 4. 1014, + 1087 (1627) 7. BARÁDOR SEÁR-ÁLAN A. 1984, a. 1119, † 1134 (1712) 14. 'ALAMOIR II. A. 1888, c. 1167, † 1173 (756) A. S.M. A. Sell, + 1054 (1806) A. 919. c. 667, + 969 (1556) A. 1140, c. 2275, v. 1221 (3506) 14. NURANDRAD AKRAR II. 4. 1177, e. 1261, † 1262 (1867) 4. JAMANDAR 11.11 1. BÁBAR Circles Co. 4 pr. & & 1100 T. S. T. III. N. BAFF-AD-DARASÁT A + 1120 G719) F. C. A. 100 (100)

The Response manus are printed in magnicular three of companiesy or marging rules in tables. A born; a consecuted, a printed is that the printed in the cold of "Ye of the Response, con the Response of the Response of the Response of the Response of the Residual Indian at the cold of "Ye.1. of the Response of the Response of the Residual Indian at the cold of "Ye.1. of the Residual Indian of the Residual Indian Indian

No.	Mint.	Year.	
Æ			SILVER.
11		962	Obv. Area, within looped square,
11	_	302	الله الا الله الا الله
			و الداو الله سول الله
			محید ر ۳
			ابابكر الصديق   عمر الفاروق   عثمان العفان   Margin,
			على الهرتضي
			Rev. Area, within looped square,
			يادشاه غازي
			J
			هماينون ۲۲ ۹
			العادل   ابو المظفر ,Margin
			PL. I. CUNNINGHAM. 28. 95, Wt. 180
12		_	Obv. Area, within looped circle,
			لا اله الا الله
			محمد رسول الله
			ابا بكر الصديق   عمر الفاروق   عثمان العفان   Margin,
			على البرتضى
			Rev. Area, within eightfoil,
			محبد غازى
			هــايـــون
			السلطان الإعظم الخاقان البكرم[خلد الله Margin,
	- 1		تع]الی ملکه و[س]لطانه ن
			Pb. I. CUNKINGHAM. B. 1-06, Wt. 113   C

No.	Mint.	Year.	
AR 13	Lahore	_	As 12: but ضرب لاه at end of rev. margin.
			Pr. I. HAY. 28 1'0, Wt. 111
14-17	_	_	As 12: rev. area in different border; margin varied in arrangement, and partly obliterated.
			BOMBAY AS, SOC. R. 1.0, Wt. 112 HAY. R. '8, Wt. 110 R. '8, Wt. 37 EDEN. R. '9, Wt. 47
18		942	Obv. as 12.
			Rev. Area, within ornamented oblong border,
			محبد هبايون بادشاه غازى
			سيد الـــــلاطــيــن
			السلطان الا]عطم الخاقان اله[كرم] خلد الله ,Margin
			تعالى ملكه سنة ۴۴
			Pr. I. BUSH. A. 85, Wt. 72
19	_	-	Obv. Area, within looped circle,
			עונה ועונה
			محمد رسول الله
			الله بغير حساب
			يـرزق مـن يـشا
			Margin as 12.
			Rev. as 12.  PL. I. CUNNINGHAM. R. 1'06, Wt. 72
20	<b></b> .	-	Obv. Area as 19.
į			بعدل عِبر   بحياى عثمان
-			Rev. as 11: but barbarous.
	۰		CUNNINGHAM. B. 1.0, Wt. 68
21		_	Obv. as 20.
			Rev. as 12.
22	_	_	As 12.
	1	. }	CUNNINGHAM. B. 96, Wt. 71

was divided amongst numerous petty rulers, and the authority of Sultán Ibráhím Lódí of Dehlí was worth little, except in the provinces adjoining his capital. Nevertheless, with the aid of his nobles and feudatories, Ibráhím contrived to bring together an army reckoned by his enemy at 100,000 men, with a thousand elephants. The decisive battle took place on the historic plain of Pánípat, 20th April, 1526, and the defenders were routed with the loss of their king and 15,000 men.\* Bábar quickly occupied Dehlí and Agrah, and after defeating the Rájputs under Sanka Rána of Udaipúr, reduced Chanderi, their stronghold, in the following spring. Three years later he died at Agrah, 29th December, 1530 (9 Jumádá I., 937), + aged 48, sovereign "of a vast though incoherent empire, extending from Badakhshán and Kunduz, beyond the Hindú Kúsh, including all Afghánistán, the Panjáb, Hindústán, Rájputána, and Bihár." ‡ The kingdoms of Bengal, Gujarát, and Málwah, and the Deccan (Dákhin) formed no part of his dominions.

Bábar's Memoirs form a refreshingly frank and vivid autobiography. They give one the impression on the one hand of a gallant and daring soldier, and on the other of a jovial, heedless, boon-fellow. A great change had come over the Mongols, or Moghuls, § since the days when Tamerlane led his savage pagans on their skull-hunts. The "Tiger's" Moghuls were comparatively civilized Muslims. "Contemporary writings and drawings show Bábar and his followers as a jovial crew of men-at-arms, with fair and ruddy complexions, and

<sup>•</sup> Tisak-i Bábari (Erskine), 304.

<sup>†</sup> Nisam-ad-din, Tabakát-i Akbart, ED. v. 188.

<sup>#</sup> H. G. Keene, Sketch of the History of Hindustan (1885), 70.

<sup>§</sup> The Arabic name is Mughal, but the form Moghul or Mogul is consecrated by long usage in English. Bábar himself detested the Moghul race, as "the authors of every kind of mischief and devastation," and always called his own people "Turks."

## III.—JALÁL-AD-DÍN AKBAR.

A.H. 963-1014 = A.D. 1556-1605.

-	l	ī ī	
No.	Mint.	Year.	
N			I.—WITH HIJRAH YEARS. G O L D.
23	Agrah	971	Obv. Area, within ornamented pentagon,
20	Agran	""	ע וע וע ועג
			aut yi ai y
			٠٠
			رسول الله
			ابى بكر صديق   عهر الفاروق   Margin, in segments عثمان العفان   على الهرتضى   [ر]ضى الله عنهم
			Rev. Area,
			السلطان الاعظم الخاقان الهكرم اكبر پادشاه غازى الله مصحصد تعالى جسلال الدين اكره الحوال
	- 1		د.اته ملکه وسلطانه ضرب
		h	(Five Mohrs.) Pz. II. I.O.O. # 175, Wt. 888

unveiled wives; delighting in brocaded garments and gilded armour, using artillery in war, loving to carouse in the intervals of peace by the banks of streams or in shady gardens."\* We read in the Memoirs of continual drinking bouts, in which the conqueror of Hindústán sometimes contrived to become thoroughly intoxicated four times in twenty-four hours,-and thus sowed the seeds of a vice which became hereditary in later generations, of his descendants. Only his remarkable bodily vigour enabled him to trifle thus with his health. We hear of his riding from Kálpí to Agrah, a distance of 160 miles, in two days; and to his death he combined extraordinary activity with intervals of reckless self-indulgence, which must have hastened his end. His character is a singular mixture of rollicking goodhumour, chivalrous generosity, and now and then truly Asiatic ferocity. His portrait, which has been preserved in the copy of his Memoirs which belonged to Shah-Jahán, shows us "a thoughtful gentleman, with pale, oval face, and small, pointed, black moustache." Some notion of his standard of civilization may be derived from his criticism of the shortcomings of the Hindus. of whom he entertained a very mean opinion.

"Hindústán," he says, "is a country that has few pleasures to recommend it. The people are not handsome. They have no idea of the charms of friendly society, of frankly mixing together, or of familiar intercourse. They have no genius, no comprehension of mind, no politeness of manner, no kindness or fellow-feeling, no ingenuity or mechanical invention in planning or executing their handicraft works, no skill or knowledge in design or architecture; they have no good horses, no good flesh, no grapes or musk-melons, no good fruits, no ice or cold water, no good food or bread

<sup>\*</sup> Keene, op. cit., 58.

	No.	Mint.	Year.	,
	N 24	Agrah?	971	Obv. Area as 23.
				بصدق ابابكر   اصسا (؟) عسمر   بحياى ,Margin [عثم]ان   بعل[م] على   دل الله بهم
				السلطان الاء[ظم] خلد الله
				ـــــادشــاه ۹۷۱ غــاز
				•
				جـلال الديـن محمـد اكبر لر
				تعا ملكه [و]سلطا [نه . ك
				رکلطان written السلطان)
				PL. II. N 1.08, Wt. 168
!	25	Lahore	,,	As 24: mint, <b>a</b> )  PL. II. BENGAL AS. SOC. N 1.05, Wt. 168
26	3-28	- (	,,	Obv. as 23: no margin.
				Rev. غازی
				اكبر پادشا[ه
				منع ن مد
				۱۷۱ جلال الدين
				(Year imperfect on 27 and 28; dots omitted on 29.)
				PL. II. I.O.C. N 5, Wt. 18
				., '5, Wt. 18 ,, '45, Wt. 9
2	29	-	972	As 26: but year 9 V 7 ,
8	10	Ag[rab]	,,	ز دل instead of راضى الله عنهم : As 24:
				year and mint أحرب اك خرب اك
	,			BENGAL 48. 800. W 11, Wt. 180

in their bazars, no baths or colleges, no candles, no torches, not a candlestick."\*

Bábar's successor was his eldest son, Muhammad † Humáyún ("Augustus"), surnamed Násir-ad-dín, "Defender of the Faith," who had taken part in his father's Indian campaigns. He was born 6th February, 1511 (916 A.H.), 1 and was, therefore, not yet twenty when he came to the throne. His first enterprise was an unsuccessful attempt to conquer the united kingdom of Gujarát and Malwah, whence his attention was called away by the advance of Sher Khan & with the Afghan forces of Bengal. After a prolonged struggle Humáyún was decisively worsted in 1542 (949), and took refuge in Sind. thirteen years the son of Bábar remained in exile, ruling his father's old kingdom of Kábul, whilst Shér Sháh, by his admirable organization of the government of Hindústán, laid the foundations of the future empire of Akbar. In 1555 Humáyún recovered Lahore, and after a sharp contest drove the Pathán forces to the eastward and occupied Dehlí, where an accident ended his life in January, 1556 (963). He was a generous and amiable profligate, much addicted to opium.

With the accession of Humáyún's son, AKBAR ("Maximus"), surnamed Jalál-ad-dín, or "Glory of the Faith," the greatest epoch of the Moghul Empire begins. Born on 15th October, 1542 (5 Rajab 949 ||), Akbar was only in his fourteenth year when he came to the throne; but he possessed a capable guardian in the

Túsak-i Bábarí (Erskine), 333.

<sup>†</sup> It was the fashion of the Moghul Emperors to include Muhammad among their names.

Abu-1-Fasi, Akbarnémah, ED. v. 188, note. Abu-1-Fasi's optimism is effectually counteracted by the cynicism of Badéoni, ED. v. 477-48.

<sup>§</sup> See my Catalogue of the Coine of the Sultane of Dehli, 105 E. Thinkmed-din, Tabakit-i Abbari, ED. v. 214.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
<i>N</i> 81	Sárang- púr ř	972	As 24: obv. margin partly obliterated; year 9v., and lowest line of rev.,
			٤
			تعا ملکه سار[ك]پو[ر]
			PL. II. I.O.C. N '9, Wt. 164
82		973	As 24: obv. margin (as 30) partly obliterated; on rev.,
			year Vr : mint obliterated.
			MARSDEN. N 1.05, Wt. 168
33	Lahore	974	As 24: obv. margin partly obliterated; year 9 v ?: mint
			، رب <b>هور</b>
			BENGAL AS. SOC. N 1.05 Wt. 169
84		975	As 24: inscriptions barbarous; year 9v8: mint illegible.
			A 1·2, Wt. 169
35	_	,,	As 24: obv. margin obliterated; year 9vo; mint
			obliterated.
			MARSDEN. N 1.08, Wt. 169
36	_	,,	ق ابا بكر و  ا. عمر   .ىان   As 24: obv. margin,
			year ٩٧٤: mint : بع[لم على]   [ر]ضى عنهبر obliterated.
			obliterated.  STUBBS. A 1.95, Wt. 167
87	_	"	As 36.
			PL. II. BENGAL AS. SOC. N 1.06, Wt. 168
88	Dehlí	29	هم الله عضرت دهلي . As 30: year and mint ٩٧٤
			PL II. BENGAL AS. 80C. A 1.1, Wt. 100

Turkomán Bairám Khán, who commanded the Moghul army and acted as Prime Minister during the Emperor's minority. The Hindú general, Hímú, had already seized Dehlí, when Bairám gave him battle, and utterly defeated him (5th November, 1556) on the field of Pánípat—the scene of so many eventful conflicts in Indian history; and the boy-emperor found himself, at a single blow, master of most of Hindústán, though his authority in distant parts of his nominal dominions was at first somewhat shadowy. Akbar soon took the reins of power into his own hands. Henceforward for many years his career is a long record of conquest and annexation. Dehlí and Agrah were his from the day of Pánípat; Gwálior was subdued in 1558 (966), Jaunpur and Rantambhór in 1559; in 1561 Málwah was overrun, and Burhánpúr in Khandésh fell in 1562 (969); in 1567 (975) Chitor, the stronghold of the Rájputs, commanded by their Rájá, Jai Mal, was besieged and stormed, and Rájputána for a while submitted to the Moghuls.\* Gujarát, nominally a province of the empire, rebelled, but was brought into subjection in 1572 (980): Akbar entered its capital, Ahmadábád, and reduced Súrat, Cambay, and Baroda. † Júnágarh, the stronghold of Káthiáwár, was annexed in 1591 (999). † Bengal was another province held on an illusory tenure. It was still ruled by the Patháns in nominal dependence upon the empire. But when Dáúd, of the family of Sher Shah, succeeded to the viceroyalty, he waxed contumacious, and rose in arms. A policy of conciliation proved unavailing, and Dáúd was overthrown in a battle near Jalasúr (1575), and finally killed in 1577 (984). Akbar's authority was thus established in Bengal, though this and other provinces (such as Orissa, Gujarát, and Rájputána) were disturbed from time to

<sup>\*</sup> Tabákát-i Akbarí, ED. v. 327-328.

<sup>†</sup> Ibid. v. 850.

<sup>‡</sup> Ibid. v. 461, 466.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
A7 39	_	976	As 24: obv. margin barbarous; year 9 v 7: mint obliterated.  MARSDEN. A 1:0, Wt. 162
40	Agrah	,,	Obv. as 24, within ornamented quatrefoil; margin omits benediction.
			Rev. ملكه  - الله تعا[ا] - الله تعالى الدين محمد الكبر الدين محمد الكبر الدين محمد الكبر الدين محمد الكبر الله الدين محمد الكبر الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
41	Jaun- púr	977	As 24: year and mint ۹∨۷, ضرب جونپور ۵۲ ۱۰۵, W٤. 167
42	Dehlí	"	As 40: year and mint ۹۷۷, هنرب حضرت ده  BENGAL AS. SOC. N '96, Wt. 169
48	Lahore	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ابره المنافقة المالية
			. FL. II. BENTALIAN, NOV. MIN, NO.

time by temporary insurrections. Badakhshán was abandoned to the Uzbegs in 1585 (993), but, by way of compensation, Kashmír was annexed in 1587, and Kandahár six years later.

In the Deccan, Akbar's power was, so far, scarcely felt: he had, indeed, occupied Khandésh and Berár, and taken Burhánpúr and Elichpúr; but he had reinstated the native Rájás, whose tribute was intermittent and fealty barely nominal. In 1593 he had again to reduce Khandésh, and to occupy Ahmadnagar, the capital of Berar: but in each case he adhered to his policy of reinstating the native rulers as feudatories of the empire. The Rájá of Khandésh for a time justified Akbar's clemency, but Berár was soon in rebellion, partly by reason of the incompetence of Prince Murád, the drunken viceroy of the Deccan. The Emperor's trusted Minister, Abu-l-Fazl, author of the famous Ain-i Akbari, or "Institutes of Akbar," was appointed to supersede him in 1599,\* and Akbar himself moved south. Daulatábád had already fallen; Asírgarh, the formidable stronghold of Khandésh, endured a six months' siege, and only surrendered at last to the indomitable persistence of Abu-l-Fazl; while Ahmadnagar fell in 1600 (1008). An inscription at Fathpur records how "His Majesty the King of Kings. whose court is Paradise, the shadow of God, Jalál-ad-dín Muhammad Akbar Pádisháh, conquered the Deccan and Dándésh, + which was heretofore Khandésh, in the Iláhí year 46, which is the year of the Hijrah 1010," &c. !

<sup>\*</sup> Murád died soon afterwards of delirium tremens.

<sup>†</sup> The name was temporarily changed in honour of the new governor, Dániyál, Akbar's son, a drunkard like his brothers. Like Murád, he fell a victim to his vice. Though kept under restraint, his servants smuggled liquor for him in a match-lock barrel, which the prince facetiously called his "bier." Keene, op. cit. 157.

<sup>‡</sup> The conquest of Asirgarh took place in the 45th year, as recorded by the commemorative coin No. 166, but the honours were distributed some months later. On the llahí era and reckoning see below, § 4, p. lxi.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
<i>N</i> 44		977	Obv. Area, within dotted border,
			لا اله الا الله
			<del>ههه</del>
		1 1	رسول الله
			Margin obliterated.
			ان ؟ <u>خاقان ؟</u>
			پا]دشاه غازی
			محهد اكبر
			جلال الدين
			ملكه سلم
			Ornament, obv.,
			MARSDEN. N '96, Wt. 187
45	Agral	978	As 40: but year and mint ۹۷۸, اخلافة اك PRINSEP. N '85, Wt. 108
46	Jaun-		As 24: but year and mint ۹ ۷۸, ضرب جونپور
	púr	"	(رضى الله عنهم and ابي بلر)
			PL. II. CUNNINGHAM. N 1.0, Wt. 100
47	,,	97x	As 46: but unit of year obscure.
			PRINSEP. N 1 06, Wt. 166
48	Ahma		As 40: but year and mint ٩٨٠, [لخ] لافة احمدا
	ábád	1	Ornament, obv., &
			PL. II. BENGAL AS. SOC. N '8, Wt. 169
49	Agra	h	As 40: but year and mint ٩٨٠, الخلافة اك
1	5	" "	MARSDEN. N '8, WL 168

xiv AKBAR.

In many of these successful sieges the guns were served by English artillerymen. The Deccan provinces, however, in spite of this triumphant record, were still in a disturbed state at the time of Akbar's death, which occurred in October, 1605 (1014), when he was sixty-three years of age.

The preceding brief catalogue of Akbar's campaigns, by which he obtained and kept control over an empire which stretched from Kábul to Dhákká and from Kashmír to Ahmadnagar, is necessary to the numismatist; but these warlike triumphs form but a small part of his claim to our admiration. In dealing with the difficulties arising in the government of a peculiarly heterogeneous empire, he stands absolutely supreme among oriental sovereigns, and may even challenge comparison with the greatest of European rulers. It may be true, as Mr. Keene urges, that he owed much of his success to the example of organization set by his able predecessor, Sher Shah; and it is certain that he was deeply indebted to the talents of advisers like Todar Maland Abu-l-Fazl: but the wisdom of the monarch is shown in the choice of his ministers and in his receptivity to the teaching of history. A dozen Burleighs could not have built up the power of England in the sixteenth century without the vigorous mind of Elizabeth to inspire and control them; and all the Todar Mals in Hindústán could not have welded together into an abiding empire the races, states, and religions of India in the sixteenth century without the aid and countenance of the commanding genius of Akbar. He was himself the spring and fount of the sagacious policy of his government; and the proof of the soundness of his system is the continuance of the Moghul Empire after his death, in spite of the follies

<sup>•</sup> See the records of these conquests on the coins themselves, wife, p. li.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
A7 <b>5</b> 0,5 t	Agrah	981	Obv. لا اله الا وسلسول السلسه لل المه الا وسلسول السلسب الم الم المي بكر عبر عثمان على
			Rev. ملکه پادشاه غازی ملکه میکه میکه میکه میکه میکه میکه میکه می
			PL. II. MARSDEN. N 1.3 × 8, Wt. 167  MARSDEN. N 1.2 × 8, Wt. 167
52,53	,,	982	Obv. Area, within triple square,
			لا اله الا الله
			محمد رسول الله ۱۸۲
			Margin, in segments,   عهر   Margin, in segments
			ی عثمان   [ب]عد[م]علی
			خا]د الله ملكه
			پادشاه غازی اکبر ک
			کے جلال الدین محمد کے
		,	
			د]ار الخلافة اكره Pt. III. BENGAL AS. SOC. AF '9, Wt. 180
			MARRDEN. N '96, WL 106

and vices of his successors, until it was undone by a deliberate reversal of his policy in the bigoted reaction of his great-grandson Aurangzíb. To have united under one firm government Hindús and Muhammadans, Shí'ah and Sunnís, Rájputs and Afgháns, and all the numerous races and tribes of Hindústán, was a Herculean task the difficulty of which can be adequately appreciated only by those who know the force of caste prejudices and religious obstinacy in Indian history. Akbar was the first Indian sovereign who solved the problem, if only temporarily. Our own administrators have perhaps at length succeeded in mastering it after a century of perplexing experience.

To comment in detail on Akbar's system of government is beyond the present purpose. It will be sufficient to indicate a few salient features in his policy. His chief difficulties lay in the diversity and jealousies of the races and religions with which he had to deal. He met them by wise toleration. In religion, his latitude went to perhaps fantastic lengths. He encouraged Portuguese priests and Christian pictures and statues; established a hall, called the Diwan-i Khas or 'Ibadat Khanah, "Hall of Worship," for the discussion of philosophical and religious problems by men of diverse opinions: sanctioned something approaching sun-worship, and introduced the solar reckoning of time and the Persian months; abolished\* the Kalimah, or Muhammadan profession of faith, on the money and in state documents, &c., and substituted the simple formula. Allahu Akbar, "God is most great," with the response, Jalla Jaláluhu, "Glorified be his glory." In short, he set up an eclectic pantheism, in the place of Islam, and selected from various creeds what he thought worthy of admiration, just as he selected

<sup>·</sup> See below, p. lxvii.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
N 54	Agrah	982	As 52: barbarous.  MARSDEN. N 95, Wt. 166
55	Ahmad- ábád	,,	As 52: but mint [مهدابا[د]  BENGAL AS, SOC. N '95, Wt. 189
56	,,	"	As 55: barbarous.  MARSDEN. N 1.0
57	,,	983	As 52: year and mint, ۹۸۳, احمد ا[باد
58	Jaun- púr	,,	As 52: year and mint, ۹۸۳, [و]نپو [ر] PL. III. & '8, Wt. 169
59,60	Lahore	,,	As 52: year and mint, ۱۸۳, ضرب لاهور PL. III. GOVT. INDIA. N '85, Wt. 108
61	Sirhind	984	As 52: year and mint, ۹۸ه
62	-	,,	As 52: year 9 19; mint obliterated.  LADY FRERE. N '9, WL 166
63	Muham- madábád Udaipúr	<b>)</b>	Obv. الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
			بادشاه غازی جدد اکبر الدین محمد اکبر الدین محمد اکبر مصفحت اکبر الدین محمد الدین محمد الدین الدین محمد الدین
			(Persian style.) PL. III. I.O.C. # 9, Wt. 169

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xvi AKBAR.

his wives from different nations and creeds, Hindú, Christian, and Muslim, with an impartiality never ventured upon by previous Muhammadan sovereigns. Whatever good or harm his Din or Tauhid Ilahi, "Divine Monotheism," may have done, the practical side of it, as shown in the abolition of all taxes upon religious nonconformity, was a strong influence towards consolidating the empire by making all subjects equal in the sight of the tax-gatherer. To conciliate the prejudices of race, he adopted the principle of reinstating evicted Rájás as tributary chiefs of the empire. He employed Hindús, Shi'ah, and Sunnis equally, and conferred like honours upon each denomination. To form the leading men of all races and creeds into a loyal body, he established a sort of feudal aristocracy, called mansabdars, who were in receipt of salaries or held lands direct from the crown, on condition of supplying men and elephants for the imperial armies: the ranks were graduated like the degrees of chin in the modern Russian bureaucracy, and, like them again, the rank was not hereditary. A similar system was employed in Egypt at the time of the Mamlúk Sultáns, from whom Akbar may have derived the idea. Its merits in India were unquestionable. Hindús and Moghuls and Persians stood on an equality as "Amírs of 5000" or "of 500" men, and all were under the command of one of the chief officers of the empire, the Amír-al-Umará, or Premier Noble-the Earl Marshal of Hindústán. The dangers of a territorial aristocracy (which in some form the mansabdárs were sure to become) were minimised by a rigorously equitable inspection and collection of the land rents, which formed the bulk of the state revenue (about 10 crores\* of rupees).

The crore (karér) is 100 lákhs of 180,000 rupees, and is therefore equal to 10,000,000 rupees, or, taking the rupee at 2s. 2d. of English money of the time, 1,125,000l. sterling.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
A7 64		984	Obv. Area, within triple eightfoil,
			لا اله الا الله
			مسحسو
			رسـول الـلـه
			Margin obliterated.
			Rev. Area, within triple square,
			پـادشـاه
			اڪبر غـازي
			ب محسب د ح جــلال الدين ٩
			جـــلال الدين
			Margin obliterated.
	ľ		PL. III. MARSDEN. A -95, Wt. 166
65	_	985	Obv. Area, within triple square,
			لا اله الا الله
			محبد رسول الله ۱۹۸۶
			1/12
			Margin obliterated.
			Rev. Area,
			پسادشاه غازی اکبر
			جلال الدين محبد
			Margin obliterated.
			PL. III. N 9, Wt. 100

Other duties had been extensively remitted, and the taxation on the whole was light, the currency was admirable, and the laws were improved.

Akbar's portrait has been drawn by his son Jahángír. He was somewhat over the middle height, with a wheat-coloured complexion, inclining to dark; his eyes and eyebrows were black; his body stout, the chest and brow open; and his arms and fingers were long. His voice was ringing, and in spite of his lack of education his speech was elegant. "His manners and habits were quite different from other people's, and his countenance was full of godlike dignity."\*

Akbar was followed by his son Salim, t born of a Rájput princess in 1569 (977), who was proclaimed Emperor, 21st October, 1605 (8 Jumádá II., 1014), with the style of Núr-ad-dín ("Light of the Faith") Muhammad Jahángír ("World-grasper"). He was thirty-seven years old, and maturity had in some degree mellowed his character. He had more than once broken into open insurrection against his father; he was suspected on very good grounds of having instigated the murder of Akbar's trusted friend and minister, Abu-l-Fazl; he was possessed of a violent and arbitrary temper; and he was a notorious and habitual drunkard. After his accession, however, he displayed little or nothing of his former ferocity, and became almost amiable. Indeed, Sir Thomas Roe describes him, after dinner, as "very. affable, and full of gentle conversation," He treated rebellious officers with clemency; and he not only issued a treatise against tobacco and an edict against intemperance, but himself set the example by seriously reforming his own habits. In his marvellously candid

<sup>\*</sup> Túzak-i Jahánzírí, ED. vi. 290. † See the coins, Nos. 288, 289.

Letter to Archbp. of Canterbury, 29 Jan. 1615, apud Pinkerton. Coll. of Voyages, viii. 46.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
<i>N</i> 66*	Fathpúr	986	Obv.
			الله الله الا الله الا الله الله الله ا
			Rev. خلد الله تعا ملكه ل
			محمد اكبر پادشاه جـلال الـديــن غـازم
			ضرب دار السلطنة فتحپور PL. III. PRINSEP. A '75, Wt. 18
67 sq.	Fathpúr	987	As 66: but year 9 AV on reverse.
68	Lahore	,,	As 66: year 9 AV on reverse; and lowest line,
sq.			ضرب دار السلطنة لاهو[ر PL. III. <i>PRINSEP</i> . A' '75, Wu 18:
<b>6</b> 9	Fathpúr	988	As 66: year 9 AA on reverse.  MARSDEN. N '75, Wt. 18
			• In this volume all coins are assumed to be round, unless distinguished as square (sq.) beneath the number in the first column. The fractions i or i beneath the number indicate a half or a quarter mohr or rupes as the case may be.

Memoirs\* he relates how (like his wretched brothers, Murád and Dániyál) he had been addicted to intoxicating liquors from the age of eighteen, and used to drink as much as twenty cups a day, at first of wine, then of "doubledistilled liquor," of such potency that it made Sir Thomas Roe sneeze, to the delight of the whole Court. But as time went on, he says, he became sensible of the injury he was doing himself, and in seven years he reduced his allowance to six or seven cups; restricted his potations to the evening; and finally, he avers, he drank only to assist digestion,+ though he admits that he indulged excessively in the use of opium. William Hawkins, (a cousin of the famous Sir Richard) who lived for two years in intimate attendance upon "the Mogul." confirms, in the main, these alcoholic statistics, but makes it clear that even the five or six cups of the Emperor's reduced allowance overcame him to such a degree that "being in the height of his drink," he fell into heavy sleep, from which he was roused for supper by his attendants, who had to feed the incapable monarch. "This done," adds Sir Thomas Roe, "he turned to sleep; the candles were popped out: and I groped my way out in the dark." The subject possesses a numismatic interest, inasmuch as Jahángír, with the unabashed frankness for which he is noted, had himself portrayed upon some of his coins in the attitude of holding a drinking-cup in his hand.

There are two distinct versions of the Túzak-i Jahángírí (also called the Wiki'át-i Jahángírí), or Memoirs of Jahángír. One was translated by Major David Price (Or. Transl. Fund, 1829); the other by Atkinson (Asiat. Misc. ii. 77). The latter is the better version, and was continued by Muhammad Hádí. Extracts are given in ED. vi.

<sup>†</sup> Wákl'át-i Jahángíri, ED. vi. 285, 341, 500.

<sup>‡</sup> The Hawkins' Voyages, 437, edited by Clements R. Markham (Hakluyt Society, no. 57).

<sup>5</sup> Sir Thomas Roe's Journal, apud Pinkerton, viii. 10.

y See Coins, Nos. 317-321, and the remarks, p. lxxx.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
A/ 70 sq.	Lahore	988	As 66: year ۹۸۸ on reverse;  and lowest line, فرب دار السلطنة لاه PL. III. MARSDEN. N .75, Wt. 188
71,72	_	,,	As 26, but divides reverse; date 9 ^ ^ PL. III. I.O.C. N '45, Wt. 15 I.O.C. Pierced. N '55, Wt. 15
73-77 sq.	Urdú- Zafar- karín	1000	As 66: year الف on reverse; lowest line, ضرب اردو ظفر قرین PL. III. MARSDEN. N -75, Wt. 186 N -75, Wt. 186 1.0,C. N -8, Wt. 188
78 sq.	,,	"	MARSDEN. N -75, Wt. 187 1.0.C. N -7, Wt. 183  As 73: no year.  N -7, Wt. 187
79,80	,,	"	As 73: but round. Barbarous.  Pt. III. N '8, Wt. 166 N '8, Wt. 164
81 ,sq. ½	,,	,,	As 73. PL. III. CUNNINGHAM. A '55, Wt. 93
82 sq. 4	,,	,,	Obv. اكبر Rev. قرين الله طفر الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
88 sq.	Patnah	_	As 78: lowest line of rev., الضرب پتنه PL. III. MARSDEN. N '65, Wt. 160

He was, no doubt, influenced towards a healthier mode of life by his wife, the celebrated Núr-Mahall ("Light of the Palace"), afterwards called Núr-Jahán ("Light of the World"). This lady, whose maiden name was Muhr-an-Nisá, or "Seal of Womankind," had attracted the admiration of Jahángír when he was crown-prince; but Akbar married her to a young Turkomán and settled them in Bengal. After Jahángír's accession the husband was killed in a quarrel with the governor of the province. and the wife was placed under the care of one of Akbar's widows, with whom she remained during four years, and then married Jahángír (1610). There is nothing to justify a suspicion of the Emperor's connivance in the husband's death; nor do Indian historians corroborate the invidious criticisms of "Normal" by European travellers: on the contrary, they portray Núr-Mahall as a pattern of all the virtues, and worthy to wield the supreme influence which she obtained over the Emperor. "By degrees," says Muhammad Hádí, the continuer of Jahángír's Memoirs, "she became, except in name, undisputed sovereign of the empire, and the king himself became a tool in her hands. He used to say that Núr-Jahán Bégam has been selected, and is wise enough, to conduct the matters of state, and that he wanted only a bottle of wine and piece of meat to keep himself merry. Núr-Jahán won golden opinions from all people. She was liberal and just to all who begged her support. She was an asylum for all sufferers, and helpless girls were married at the expense of her private purse. must have portioned about five hundred girls in her lifetime, and thousands were grateful for her generosity."\* Her beauty and wisdom were universally extolled, and her devotion to her royal husband was attested by the

<sup>\*</sup> ED. vi. 398-9.

No.	Mint.	Year.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			SILVER.
AR 84		963	Obv. Area, within looped circle,
			لا اله الا الله
			محصصيد
			رســول الله
A			Margin obliterated
			Rev. Above, عظم لطا
			Within square,
			پادشاه غازی
			محبد اكبرم
			جلال الدين
	0.0		Beneath, inscription obliterated.
			PL. IV. CUNNINGHAM. R. v., Wt. 179
85	_	964	Obv. Area, within square, as 84; year 9 11
		-	ابابكر العلاالد. تض . Margin,
			Rev. Area, within square, as 84, but no date.
			وسلطانه ,Margin, in segments
			CUNNINGHAM. & 10, Wt. 176

white robes she wore in her long retirement during her eighteen years of widowhood till her death in 1645. Jahángír's queen, like his bottle, claims a place in numismatics, for the historian records that "coins were struck in her name, and the royal seal on firmáns bore her signature." That his statement as to coins is correct, the Catalogue will prove,\* though Tavernier's story of her having designed and issued the famous zodiacal mohrs is certainly erroneous.†

Sir Thomas Roe gives a detailed picture of the Court and life of Jahángír, in which the daily levees of the Emperor formed a feature corresponding to our Court Circular. "The Mogul every morning shows himself to the common people at a window that looks into the plain before his gate. At noon he is there again to see elephants and wild beasts fight, the men of rank being under him within a rail. Hence he retires to sleep among his women. After noon he comes to the Durbar. After supper, at eight of the clock, ho comes down to the Guzalcan, a fair court ... where none are admitted but of the first quality, and few of them without leave. Here he discourses of indifferent things very affahly. No business of state is done anywhere but at one of these two last places, where it is publicly canvassed, and so registered; which register might be seen for two shillings, and the common people know as much as the council. ... This method is never altered unless sickness or drink obstruct it; and this must be known, for if he be unseen without a reason assigned, the people would mutiny; and for two days no excuse will serve, but the doors must be opened, and some admitted to see him to satisfy On Tuesday he sits in judgment, and hears the meanest person's complaints, examines both parties, and often sees execution done by his elephants."‡

<sup>\*</sup> See Coins, Nos. 513-526.

<sup>+</sup> See below, p. lxxxi.

<sup>#</sup> Sir Thomas Roe's Journal, apud Pinkerton, vifi. 6.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
Л 86	Agrah	967	Obv. Area, within square, as 84.  Margin, in segments,*   بصدق ابی بکر   بعدل عہر ا
			Rev. Area, within square,  اکبر پادشاه غازی  ح مصحصد  جسلال السدیسن
			السلطان الاعظم   خاقان   [خ]لمد Margin, السلطان الاعظم   خاقان الله تعالى ملكه   وسلطانه ضرب اكره PL. IV. PLAYFAIR. R 1-2, Wt. 173
87	_	"	As 86: mint obliterated.  STUBBS. Æ 1-1, Wt. 174
88	Jaun- púr	96x	Obv. Area, within wavy lozenge border, as 84.  Margin, ابابكر   بعدل عبر   بحياى (sic) ابابكر   عثبان   بعلير على رضى الله عثبان   بعلير على رضى الله عثبان   بعلير على رضى الله عثبان   بعلير على الدنيا والدين الصر الدنيا والدين المحيد اكبر بادشاه غازى المحيد اكبر بادشاه غازى ابو الفتح (؟) ضرب جونيـو[ر ابو الفتح (؟) ضرب جونيـو[ر ابد
			• Slight variations in this inscription (as omitting or inserting a or j), are not usually recorded in the Catalogue.

Under Jahángír the Moghul empire retained almost the same boundaries as under his father. The Deccan provinces acquired more independence, however, and the Maráthas began to be heard of for the first time. Bengal and Udaipúr were, as usual, the scenes of insurrection, and Kandahár passed into the possession of the Persian Shah in 1622, and remained lost to the Moghuls till 1637. The government of the country was carried on, at least nominally, on Akbar's lines, and no innovations, political or religious, were hazarded. Toleration was the order of the day, as in Akbar's time. Father Francisco Corsi was a persona grata at Court, and Jahángír appeared to favour Christianity, and had two of his nephews baptized: but the motive of this was said to be either to bar the possible succession of the two princes to the throne, or to provide a means of importing Portuguese wives into the family. When the Jesuits declined to sanction such alliances, the Christianated youths recanted without hesitation. \* It is true the Hijrah reckoning was revived in place of the new Iláhí era, but the years of the reign still continued to be calculated on the solar principle, and the Persian names of the solar months were retained. The general tranquillity was due partly to the prestige of Akbar's example, and partly to the ability of Jahangir's queen and ministers, especially Mahábat Khán, an Afghán of Kábul, Ásaf Khán, Núr-Jahán's brother, and the Emperor's able son, Khurram, afterwards Sháh-Jahán, who combined valuable services as a general with frequent rebellion as heir-apparent. Nevertheless, the seeds of corruption were being profusely sown. The accounts of European travellers, such as James I.'s ambassador, Sir Thomas Roe, and his chaplain Edward Terry, William Hawkins, Sir Thomas Herbert, and Pictro della

<sup>•</sup> W. Hawkins, l. c. 438; Roe ubi supra, 47.

No. Mint. Year.	
AR 88° Jaun- 96x As	88: but ٩٦ in rev. area, and no trace of anything before ضرب PANJ. ARCH. SURV. 28.11
89 — 970 As	86: obv. margin obliterated; on rev. area, year 9v. margin obliterated.  MARSDEN. R. 1.05, Wt. 170
90 — 970 Obv	عنهر as 86; margin as 88, ending
Rev	. Area, within eightfoil,
	اڪبير پادشاه غازي
	مــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
	Margin,ملکه وسلطانه  Pz. IV. Æ 1'1, Wt. 178
91 Agrah 970 As	86: year ۹۷.; rev. margin partly obliterated; ب اکرہ ب اکرہ GRANT. B. 1.05, We. 178
92 — 971 As	90: obv. and rev. areas inclosed in wavy border; year on rev. 9 > 1; margin obliterated.
	36: obv. area within circle; rev. area within wavy mare; rev. margin obliterated; year on rev. 9 1 1.0.c. 25 16, WL 197

Valle, who visited the Moghul court at Agrah or Ajmír, or travelled in India between 1608 and 1626, unanimously condemn the venality and inefficiency of the administration. The provinces and sirkars were farmed by contractors, the military spirit was weakened, the country was a prey to brigands, and every one, from Núr-Jahán downwards, was greedy of gifts.\* Travellers' tales are proverbially to be accepted with caution, but the picture of the court of Jahángír drawn by so capable an observer as Sir Thomas Roe cannot lightly be set aside, even when it forms a glaring contrast to that of the native chroniclers.†

Jahángír died in November, 1627 (28 Safar, 1037)‡ on his way back from one of his frequent visits to the cool valleys of Kashmír. His portrait, after a contemporary picture, is given by Terry, § and shows us a somewhat truculent bon vivant. He was buried in a splendid mausoleum at Lahore, and near him in a humbler tomb lies his renowned empress, Núr-Jahán. The last years of his reign had been clouded by intrigues for the succession, and his death was the signal for usurpation. His undoubted heir was Sháh-Jahán, but his youngest son, Shahriyár, had married Núr-Jahán's daughter, and by the mother's advice proclaimed himself Emperor at Lahore, whither he had lately retired in great confusion at the humiliating disappearance of his hair and eyebrows by the ravages of the "fox's disease." The dowager's

<sup>\*</sup> Roe's Journal, apud Pinkerton, viii, 35.

<sup>†</sup> In his History of Hindústán, Mr. Keene follows the native chroniclers perhaps too exclusively. Mr. Wheeler, on the other hand, entirely repudiates them (except Badáóní, whose detractions fit in with his own views), and relies, with almost superstitious credulity, upon every scrap of European testimeny.

<sup>‡</sup> Mu'tamad Khán, lkbál-námah, ED. vi. 485.

<sup>§</sup> Torry's Voyage, 446, at end of Travels of Pietro della Valle (a Noble Roman) into East-India, &c., transl. G. Havers, 1665. Colonel Hanna possesses two admirable contemporary portraits of Jahangir.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
Æ 94	Dehlí	971	Obv. as 84: within circle; margin ends رضى الله عنهير
			Rev., within ornamented square,
			طا. الاعظم الخاقان ال
			اكبر پادشاه الله
Y .			﴿ محمد غازی لَ غلد
			جـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
			ضيرب حضيرت
			مد]که وسلطانه
			THOMAS, R. 1-1, Wt. 174
			*
95		973	As 90: obv. border varied; year on rev. 9 v -, margin
			obliterated.
			(Formerly ringed). EDEN. R. 1115
96	Jaun-	974	Obv. Area, within wavy pentagon, as 84.
90	púr	"	
			Margin obscure.
			الدنيسا والسديسن Rev.
			امر
			- Glandin
1		;	ل الديس اكبر عازى
			جـــلا مــــــد پادشاه
			د]ا[ر] الخلافة جونيو[ر
			Pi. IV. THOMAS. E. 11, Wt. 117
1	1	1	

brother, Ásaf, however, had scruples about prolonging her virtual reign, and possessed a royal son-in-law of his own in the most capable of the princes, Sháh-Jahán: \* accordingly, he set up a fainéant Emperor, Búlákí, a grandson of Jahángír, with the title of Dáwar Bakhsh ("God-given",) as a stop-gap, while he despatched an express to Sháh-Jahán to announce his father's death. Ásaf then defeated, blinded, and eventually executed Shahriyár—who was known by the nickname of Ná-shudaní ("Do-nothing"); the "Winter King," Dáwar Bakhsh, vanished—probably to Persia—after his three months' pretence of royalty; and on 25th January, 1628 (18 Jumáda I., 1037),† Sháh-Jahán ascended at Agrah the throne which he was to occupy for thirty years.

SHÁH-JAHÁN Shiháb-ad-dín ("Lord of the World, Flame of the Faith") was born in 1592 (1000 A.H.), and was thirty-six when he came to the throne. His mother was a Hindú, the daughter of the Rána of Marwar, and his paternal grandmother was also a Rájput, so that he was more Indian than Moghul. Nevertheless, by the influence of his Muhammadan wife, he acquired a certain tinge of intolerance entirely foreign to his indolent easy-going father and broad-minded grandfather. His bigotry was scarcely skin-deep, however; for he permitted Jesuit missions in his capital and at his eldest son's court, and placed Hindús in command of his armies. His wars were chiefly in the Deccan, where Bíjápúr and Golkondah were reduced to temporary submission and paid tribute,

<sup>\*</sup> Arjmand Bánu, "Noble Princess," the daughter of Ásaf, and favourite wife of Sháh-Jahán, and mother of his eight sons and six daughters, died in 1631: her monument is the celebrated Táj-Mahall at Agrah.

+ ED. vii. 6.

<sup>†</sup> There is an admirable portrait of him, reproduced in colours, from Colonel Hanna's collection, in Mr. Constable's scholarly edition of Bernier's Travels (Constable's Oriental Miscellany, vol. i.).

No.	Mint.	Year.	
AR 97	Dehlí	975	Obv., within circle, as 86, adding رضى الله عنهمر
			ال]سلطان الاعظم الخاقا[ن Rev.
			: اكبر پادشاه الله
			: محمد غازی خا[د جلال الدین ع۰۷ ده[لی
			<b>ضرب ح</b> نضرة 
			PL. IV. CURETON. Rt 1.05, Wt. 174
98	Jaun-	,,	Obv. as 86.
	púr		Rev. as 96: year 9∨E
			(Ringed.) GRANT. 28.1.1
99	<b> </b>	"	As 90: mint obliterated; year 9 vo
			(Obv. margin as 97.) R. 1.1, Wt. 169
100	_	976	As 90: mint obliterated; year 9 > 7
			EDEN. Æ 1'06, Wt. 16:
101	Agrah	977	As 86: year 9vv
			(Obv. in looped square; rev. margin varied in arrange- ment.)
			THOMAS. R. 1.0, Wt. 177
102	<u> </u>	978	As 90: mint obliterated; year [9]
102			GRANT. E. 1.06, Wt. 165
			As 86: margins partly obliterated; year 9 ^ .
103	-	980	1.0.c. 28. 98, Wt. 174

1635 (1045); and in Afghánistán, where the Moghul arms were unsuccessful, as they were also in some fruitless expeditions into Tibet. Kandahár, however, returned for a while to its allegiance in 1637, though recaptured by the Persians in 1648. Many of these campaigns were conducted by Sháh-Jahán's son, Aurang-zíb, who proved himself a good soldier and able general, and, by winning the respect and devotion of his troops, prepared himself for an ambitious career.

Sháh-Jahán's reign is chiefly notable for the general tranquillity of the undiminished empire under the stable government of men like Ásaf Khán, Sa'd-alláh 'Allámí, and 'Alí Mardán. Tavernier eulogizes the paternal government of the Emperor, "like a father over his family," and testifies to the security of the roads, and the just administration of the law. A Hindú writer extols the equity of his rule, his wise treatment of his tenants and management of his estates, the probity of his courts of law, his personal supervision of the revenue accounts, and the general prosperity of the empire during his reign.\* Sháh-Jahán was a great builder, as his works at Agrah and New Dehli, and his great canal, attest to this day. A single item in his budget is two and a half crores (nearly 3,000,000l) for public edifices. His court at Lahore, or in summer in Kashmir, or at his magnificent palace-suburb of New Dehlí, called Sháhjahánábád (which was completed in A.H. 1058, after building ten years), was splendid and refined, according to the accounts of European visitors. The Augustinian friar, Manrique, who came to inspect the Jesuit missions at Agrah, found the prime minister, Asaf Khán, at Lahore in a splendid palace decorated with paintings, some of which were of scenes in Christian hagiology

<sup>\*</sup> Rái Bhárá Mal, ED, vii. 171.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
AR 104		981	As 90: but year 9 ^   (Borders varied.)
105	Ahmad- ábád	982	As 86: areas inclosed in triple squares; year ۹۸۲  Rev. margin, اسلطنة احمداباد
			PL. IV. GRANT. & 1'0, Wt. 175
106	"?	,,	As 105: mint partly obliterated.  THOMAS. R. 1.05, Wt. 174
107		983	As 86: margins chiefly obliterated; year 9 ^~
			(Borders varied.)  MARSDEN. B. '05, Wt. 175
108- 110	Jaun- púr	"	As 96: mint partly obliterated; year 9 AF PL. IV. GRANT. R. 85, Wt. 175
111.	Ahmad- ábád	,,	As 105: year 9 ^ ~ STUBBS. R. 1.05, Wt. 173
112	7.	"	As 90: year 9 AF; rev. margin nearly obliterated.  B. 1.0, Wt. 170
118		984	As 86: year 9 AP; mint obliterated.  THOMAS. R. 9, Wt. 174
114	Dehlí	985	As 86: year 9 AE
			Rev. Margin,
	-		MARSDEN. B. 10, Wt. 175

He dined with the minister and the Emperor himself, and observed that unveiled ladies were at the table.\* The taxation must have been heavy to meet the outlay of this sumptuous court, and we read of no fewer than eighty varieties of imposts. The revenue is said to have risen during the reign from the value of about 17,000,000l. to 20,000,000l. We possess ample European evidence for the history and life of the period in the travels of Mandelslo, Bernier, Tavernier, and others, whilst a little later the Italian physician, Manouchi or Manucci, wrote his observations made during a long residence at the Moghul court. † Great variety of religious opinion prevailed among the imperial family. Dárá Shikóh, the eldest son, was a freethinker, with a leaning to Christianity, encouraged by three Jesuit priests in his suite. Two of the Emperor's daughters were Christians, and Aurangzib was a bigoted Muslim. Murád Bakhsh and Shujá' were careless and self-indulgent.

The rivalry of the brothers broke out into open conflict in 1657 (1067), when Sháh-Jahán, who was residing at Dehlí, was attacked by strangury.‡ Dárá immediately took upon himself the office of Regent, and intercepted all communications with his brothers in the outlying provinces. When the news of the Emperor's illness at length became known, general confusion ensued, and

<sup>\*</sup> Itinerario of F. Sebastian Manrique, Religioso Eremita de S. Agustin, 374 (Roma, 1649).

<sup>†</sup> They have all been translated into English. See The Voyages and Travels of J. Albert de Mandelsle, 1638-40, in Adam Olearius's Voyages and Travels of the Ambassadors sent by Frederick, Duke of Holstein, to the great Duke of Muscovy and the King of Persia, transl. J. Davies, 1662. Tavernier's Sic Voyages have recently been re-translated by V. Ball, 1889, and Bernier has been excellently edited by Mr. Archibald Constable, 1891. Manucci's observations were edited and unfortunately garbled by Père François Catrou (1705) and translated into English in 1709.

<sup>‡</sup> Kháfi Khán, Muntakhah-al-lubáb, ED. vii. 214-19.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
R 15-		985	As 86: year 9 AE; mint obliterated.
17			I.O.C. A. 95, Wt. 17
			EDEN. R. '95, Wt. 10
			PRINSEP. A. '9, Wt. 12
18,		986	As 86: year 9 A 7; mint in rev. margin obscure.
19			EDEN. AR '95, Wt. 17
į			Pr. IV. A. '95, Wt. 12
20		"	As 105: year 9 A ?; margins obliterated.
			STEUART. R. 9, Wt. 17
21		987	As 105: year 9 AV; mint obliterated.
			GRANT. R. 0, Wt. 1
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			•

rebellion, long pent up, burst forth. Prince Murád Bakhsh ("Desire-attained") declared himself King in Gujarát, and struck coins in his own name.\* Shujá' did the like in Bengal, and advanced upon Agrah.+ Aurangzib was watching events from his camp in the Deccan. Dárá and his invalid father moved from Dehlí to Agrah to meet these dangers; an army under Jai Singh, the Rájá of Ambar, defeated Shujá', who, after some further resistance, fled to Burmah and disappeared (1660); and another army under another Hindú, Mahárájá Jaswant Singh, was sent against Murád, who was joined early in 1658 by his brother Aurangzib, for his own ends, but nominally with the intention of supporting Murád's claim to the throne. A decisive battle was fought at Dharmátpúr, near Ujjain, in April, and the two brothers routed the imperial forces. A second victory near Agrah and the flight of Dárá opened the way to the royal city. Sháh-Jahán, though somewhat recovered from his illness, was made a prisoner, June, 1658 (1068), and remained in captivity at Agrah till his death eight vears later, in 1666 (Rajab, 1076). Murád Bakhsh was rudely undeceived by his astute brother, and sent to a dungeon at Dehlí, where he was eventually murdered (1662). Dárá was caught later, paraded in ignominy through the streets of Sháhjahánábád, and executed in his prison (1659).‡

Aurangzíb's road to the throne was now clear. He pretended at first to be acting as his father's deputy; but the farce could not long be kept up, and in May 1659 (1069) he was proclaimed Emperor with the style of Muhayyí-ad-dín Aurangzíb 'Álangír ("Preserver of the Faith, Throne-adorner, World-grasper"). Born

<sup>#</sup> Kháfí Khán, ED. vii. 221-46, 266, 275.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
AR 122, 123 sq.	Lahore	986	SQUARE ISSUE.  Obv.  A line of all y
			Rev. علد الله تعالے ملکه ۱۹۸۳ مالکه ۱۹۸۳ محمد اکبر پادشاه محمد اکبر پادشاه محمد اکبر پادشاه محمد اکبر پادشاه محمد الله السدیسن غازی محمد الله السدیسن غازی محمد الله السدیسن غازی محمد الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
124 eq.	Fath- púr	"	فتحپور دار الـــــــلط[نة] As 122: but PL, IV. THOMAS. R '8, Wt. 174
125, 125a, 126 8q.	"	987	As 124: but 9 ^   MARSDEN. R75, Wt. 175  PRINSEP. R75, Wt. 175  1.0.C. R75, Wt. 175
127 sq.	Ahmad ábád	,,	As 122: butاوال احبدا ; and ٩٨٧ Obv. ornamented with branches. PL. IV. GRANT. B '2, Wt. 174

in A.H. 1028, he was forty years of age at his accession. His mother's strict Muslim teaching, derived from her aunt Núr-Jahán, bore fruit in the son. Aurangzib was a fanatical Muslim, and a man of strongly marked character, with all the courage of his opinions, and one whose prejudices make themselves felt. Jahángír and Sháh-Jahán had not been at the pains to bring any original ideas to bear upon their government. They had no gift of initiative, but were content to take Akbar's empire as they found it, and let things go on as usual. Provided that Jahángír had his bottle and Sháh-Jahán his stately Peacock Throne and all that it implied, they were content to let well alone. But for the soundness of Akbar's polity, and the wisdom of a series of able ministers, the empire might hardly have survived two such easy-going monarchs.

In Aurangzib the people soon found that they had to deal with a very different sort of ruler. Not only was he a man with an idea, but he possessed the business capacity and attention to details which enabled him to carry his idea into practice. To him the Moghal empire was not so much a possession to be skilfully managed with the wisdom of this world, as a trust from God to be watched over, as a province of Islam. His wars in the Deccan, which occupied much of his energy throughout his long reign, were not so much prompted by ambition or the spirit of aggrandisement, as inspired by the zeal of a propagandist eager to bring pagan provinces within the pale of a Muhammadan empire. In every department of government the puritanical and bigoted Musalman revealed himself. He began by abolishing the heretical solar year and Persian months of Akbar, and restoring not only the Hijrah reckoning (which Jahángír had reinstated), but the lunar system for the

No.	Mint.	Year.	
AR 128 sq.	Urdú	9 87	Obv. Area, within quatrefoil,
			لا اله الا
			محسمه
			At corners, عمر رعثمان على
			اردو, Rev., within square, فرب
			جلال الدين   محمد اكبر   پادشاه   غازى ۱۸۰ Margin, ۹۸۷ بادشاه   عازى ۱۲۰ محمد اكبر   پادشاه   عازى ۱۲۰ محمد ا
129, 130 sq.	Lahore	,,	As 122: year ٩٨٧; mint, وار السلطنة لا GRANT. R ·8, Wt. 175
131 sq.	Patnah	,,	As 122: year on obv. ٩٨٧; last line of rev., ضرب پتنة PL. IV. I.O.C. At 8, Wt. 176
132 sq. ½		,,	As 122: year 9 AV; mint obliterated. PL. IV. I.O.C. B. 66, Wt. 88
133 sq.	Lahore	988	As 122: (letters form diamond instead of square on obv.);  year 9 ^^
134, 185 sq.	Fath- púr	,,	As 122: year ٩٨٨; lowest line of rev.,  ضرب دار السلط[نة] فتحدور  BURNES. E. 75, Wt. 178  THOMAS. E. 8, Wt. 178

regnal years and the Arab names of the months.\* The significant New Year's festival, or Nauróz, celebrated at the vernal equinox, was strictly prohibited. The worldly luxury of Sháh-Jahán's court was exchanged for au austerity worthy of a Wahhabí tent, and the Emperor himself not only practised extreme asceticism, but followed the Prophet's precept in plying a trade for his own support. He embroidered skull-caps, and, like a literary bootmaker of our own day, he doubtless achieved a succès d'estime. He disliked the ostentation of the daily levecs, when crowds came to stare at the Emperor as he sat in his belvedere of state; and in abolishing the custom, which was as reassuring as a Court Circular, he materially diminished his personal influence over the people. He stirred up religious jealousies, by taxing Muslim traders less than Hindús, and exasperated the latter, who formed the large majority of his subjects, by demolishing hundreds of their temples and throwing down their idols. He infuriated the Rájputs by attempting to circumcise the Rájá of Marwar's sons and make Muslims of them. He crowned his oppression of the Hindús by reimposing the poll-tax, a duty on heresy, which had never been levied since Akbar abolished it. For such measures as these he was finally mobbed in the streets, but the stern old biget trampled down the crowds by a charge of his war-elephants. Such a policy in the land of the Hindús was madness, and led surely to the loosing of those ties which Akbar had striven to knit. could it be consistently carried out, as Aurangzib confessed by his own acts. He had himself married two Hindú wives, and he wedded his son Mu'azzam (afterwards the Emperor Bahádur) to a Hindú princess, as his forefathers had done before him, and thereby promoted

<sup>\*</sup> Kháfí Khán, ED, vii. 241.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
AR 136 sq.		988	As 122: year 9 AA; mint obliterated.  MARSDEN. AR '8, Wt. 171
137 sq.	Lahore	989	As 122: year 9 A 9; mint partly obliterated.  PRINSEP. A: 8, Wt. 173
138, 139 sq.	Fath- púr	,,	As 134: year 9 ^ 9  I.O.C. R. 95, Wt. 176  MARSDEN. R. 75, Wt. 171
140 sq.		990	As 122: obv. margin (if any) cut off; mint obliterated;
141 sq.		992	As 122: year 997; mint obliterated.
142 sq.	_	993	As 122: year 991"; mint obliterated.  MARSDEN. B7, Wt. 175
143 sq.		994	As 122: year 9912; mint obliterated.  BURNES. B. 7, Wt. 174
144, 145 sq.	-	995	As 122: year 998; mint nearly obliterated (probably Lahore).
146	_	997	As 122: year 99v; mint obliterated.
147	_	n	GOVT. INDIA. B. 7, WL 177  As 122: year 99v; mint obliterated.
sq. 1		"	I.O.C. B. 55, Wt. 66

a mixture of blood which had conduced in a high degree to the improvement of their race; he employed Hindús, like Jaswant Singh and Jai Singh and others, in positions of high trust, and graciously adopted a condescending attitude towards the English of Bombay and Calcutta.

By his strenuous advocacy of Muhammadanism he alienated the Hindús and paved the way for later disaffection. By his continual aggression and interference in the Deccan he brought the Moghul empire into contact with forces which it could neither assimilate nor subdue, and thus really weakened while he seemed to extend his realm. He stirred up the Maráthas, whom he never overcame, but léft as a disastrous heritage to his successors. By his ineradicable habit of mistrust and suspicion he disheartened his ministers, and alienated his sons, one at least of whom, Mu'azzam, was inclined to be dutiful to the point of excess. Of his five sons, the eldest, Muhammad (sometimes called Mahmud) threw in his lot with Shuja', and died in prison (1677). The second, of a Hindú mother, was Mu'azzam, who succeeded him: he, too, was imprisoned for some time by his father on groundless suspicion. The third and fourth, A'zam and Akbar, were children of a Persian lady. Once at least A'zam was on the verge of rebellion, and Akbar in 1682 openly espoused the cause of the insurgent Rájputs, assumed the attributes of sovereignty, and was driven into exile and died in Persia about 1706. The youngest, Kám Bakhsh, whose mother was a Hindú, became insubordinate in the Deccan and was put under arrest, only to fall later on in a rebellion against his brother.

In the midst of such troubles, but brave, resolute, and resourceful to the last, Aurangzib 'Álamgir died, March 1707 (28 Zú-l-ka'dah 1118),\* at the age of

<sup>\*</sup> Kháfi Khán, ED. vii. 386.

No.	Mint.	Year.	
Æ 148, 149		998	As 122: year 9 AA; mint obliterated.
sq.			PRINSEP. R. 7, Wt. 174
150		999	As 122: year 999; mint obliterated.
<b>8</b> (].			.A. ·7, Wt. 176
151-	Urdú-	1000	ضرب اردو ظفر قرین , mint ; الف As 122 : year
155	Zafar-		PL. IV. R .75, Wt. 178
sq.	karin		EDEN. AL-8
		1 1	I.O.C. 28. •7 GOVT. INDIA. 28. •8
			(Imitation.) A. 8, Wt. 175
			(aminomy and by Nov 110
156-	,,		"
159	"	"	I.O.C. At .55, Wt. 88
8q. ½			THOMAS. At .5, Wt. 82
			(Mint obliterated.) PRINSEP. R55, Wt. 83
			EDEN. At . 5, Wt. 89
160		_	,, no year
sq.	"		EDEN. B. 7, Wt. 175
			and A
161 sq.	Fath- púr	-	,, mint, فتحپور EDEN. A8, Wt. 178
			11 1744.3
162		-	,, rev. partly obliterated.
sq.			RIVETT-CARNAC. B. 85, Wt. 180
			For square silver coins of Akbar struck in Kashmir, see
			Catulogue of Muhammadan States, nos. 221, 222.

almost ninety. "The instant which has been passed in power," he wrote, "has left only sorrow behind it. I have not been the guardian and protector of the empire." With all his marvellous vitality and power of work, he had failed to achieve success, and had placed his empire on the verge of a slope down which it slid irresistibly to dissolution. His narrow and suspicious nature could not inspire enthusiasm or devotion. "The period." Mr. Keene says,\* "is dull and depressing; barren of great ideas, great transactions, and great men. With an abundance of energy and many talents and even virtues. the Emperor was one of those singular human beings who combine a hot head with a cold heart, and, having the courage and ambition to achieve power, lack the unscrupulousness by which alone—in such conditions as his—power can be permanently supported and exercised. To this day his name retains its hold in the memory of Indian Muslims as that of the greatest of their rulers; and writers nearer the time can hardly find words to express their admiration of him who unquestionably prepared the ruin of his dynasty. His misfortunes were those of a bold, narrow-minded, suspicious, and centralising egotist. As his father said of him, in terms that he himself records, 'Aurangzib excelled both in action and in counsel and was well fitted to undertake the burden of affairs; but he was full of subtle suspicion, and never likely to find any one whom he could trust."

Yet when this last of the truly Great Moghuls died in 1707 there was little to indicate that the wide empire which he had ruled for half a century was destined to crumble in hardly more than the same period before the inroads of savage mountaineers and the steady encroach-

<sup>\*</sup> Op. cit. 220: See his character in ED. vii. 157 ff.

No.	Mint.	Year: Month		Rev.
				(SOLAR) YEARS.*
A7 168		32	Within double square, with	
		[908]	wavy border,	۳۲ السه
			الله	جل جلاله
			اڪبر	PL. V. A ·8, Wt. 187
164	Agrah	42	Within dotted circle,	Within dotted circle,
1		Bah- man [1005]	الله	بهمن اله
			اكــــبـــر	۱۴۲ اڪره
			جل جلاله	<u> </u>
				PL. V. N ·5, Wt. 42
165	,,	44 Ardi-	,,	Within dotted circle,
		bihist [1007]		بہسـت
				اردی الهع عاع
				عام ضرب اڪره
				PL. V. I.O.C. N 9, Wt. 197
			Emperor in the year 992 of the 15th day of Rabí' II. of the year 9 being the time of the entering of and the Iláhí years are compose the names of the ancient Persian	i i
			Farwardín Mards Ardibihist Shahr	id (Amardád) Azur iyar Dai
			Khúrdád Mihr Tír Abán	Bahman Isfandarmiz,
			In giving the corresponding Hi	jrah year to any Iláhí year in this which the Iláhi year began (i.e.,

ment of European traders. All the old provinces of Hindústán remained in undisturbed tranquillity. His money bears witness to the extent of his dominions. We find his name on coins issued at nearly forty different mints:\* Kábul and Kashmír; Lahore and Multán in the Panjáb; Bhakkar on the Indus; Tattah further south in Sind: Júnágarh in Káthiáwár; Ahmadábád, Súrat, and Cambay in Gujarát; Ajmír in Rájputána; Sháhjahánábád, Sirhind, and Barailí in the súbah or province of Dehlí; Akbarábád (Agrah), Nárnól, Etáwah, in the province of Biána; Lucknow in Oudh; Zafarábád in the Alláhábád súbah; Akbarnagar and Patnah in Bihár; Makhsúsábád (i.e. Murshidábád), Jahángírnagar (Dhákká), and Islámábád (Chittagong), in Bengal. South of the Vindhya mountains, the testimony of the currency to the Emperor's sway is equally positive. We have coins bearing his name from the mints of Burhanpur in Khandésh, from Ahmadnagar and Aurangábád in Berár; further south, from Sholapur, Golkondah, Bijapur, and Haidarábád; and even from Masulipatan and Chinapatan (Madras), far down on the Coromandel coast. All India, save the very apex of the Deccan triangle, owned the authority of Aurangzib.

In Akbar's reign, India had been originally divided into twelve súbahs or provinces: Agrah, Alláhábád, Oudh, Bihár, Bengal, Dehlí, Lahore, Multán, Ajmír, Málwah, Gujarát, Kábul (with Kashmír); to which were added at a later date Khandésh, Berár, and Ahmadnagar. In Aurangzíb's time there were twenty provinces: Gondwána, Aurangábád, Bíjápúr, Haidarábád, and Bídar were added in the Deccan. The mode of government in these provinces has been ably described by Bernier in a

<sup>\*</sup> In the British Museum and in the list published by Mr. C. J. Redgers in the Proceedings of the Asiatic Society of Bengal for 1883.

No.	Mint.	Year : Month	Obv.	Rev.
AV 166	Asír	45 Isfan- dár- miz [1008]	Hawk to right. Ornaments in field,	الله اکــبـــر ا <sup>د</sup> کا اسفندارمز الهے ضرب اسیبر ضرب اسیبر ۲۲.۷. PAYNE KNIGHT. N·8,Wt. 183
167	Agrah	49 Far- war- din [1012]	As 164.	فرورديـن الم ۴۹ اكــره ســـــن ضـر
168	"	49 Amar- dád [1012]	"	PL. V. CUNNINGHAM. N·75, Wt. 168  امرداد الــــــــــ  ضر ٩٩ اڪره  (Lozenge shaped.) MARSDEN.  PL. V. N·85 × 5, Wt. 168
169	"	49 Azur [1012]	است ای <u>سن زر م</u> شاه اکبر ابرو مسلسر مهر ضرب اکره	ست انـــور زيورا مـــهــر اســهـانرا تا زمين والم اذر ۱۹
170	"	50 Amar- dád [1018]	As 164: within octagram.	Within octagram, as 168, but g.  PL. V. MARSDEN. N '9, Wt. 167

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letter to the French minister Colbert.\* The system of military feofs continued much as in Akbar's time, and many of these territorial lords were Hindús; they received high salaries, sometimes paid in land, in return for which they maintained a body of retainers, well armed and mounted for the service of the Emperor. The provinces, districts, and cities had their governors, and the administration by all accounts appears to have been fairly good for an oriental system: Manouchi indeed thought it "little inferior to that of other nations," though murder and robbery were undoubtedly far from infrequent crimes.

The history of the Moghul empire after the death of Aurangzib is a chronicle of weakness in the sovereigns and disintegration in the realm. Seventeen princes exercised the royal prerogative of coinage between 1707 and 1857 (some of whom, however, were usurpers or unsuccessful claimants for the throne), and not one of these displayed the capacity of a ruler. Aurangzib's eldest surviving son, Mu'azzam ("Very Mighty"), who had been given the title of Sháh-'Álam or "Lord of the World," was governor of Kábul at the time of his father's death, and in his absence, and in default of evidence of the late Emperor's having named a successor, the next brother, A'zam ("Mightiest") Shah, assumed the functions of royalty and struck coins, 1707 (1118), + supported by Asad Khán and his son Zú-l-Fikár, who led what may be called the Persian faction, as opposed to that of the Afgháns and Turks, in the internal politics of Hindústán. Meanwhile Mu'azzam, accompanied by his sons, came down from Kabul, and, joined by the able governor of the Panjáb, Mun'im Khán, occupied Dehlí and Agrah.

<sup>\*</sup> Bernier's Travels (Constable's Oriental Misc. i.), 200 ff.

<sup>+</sup> See Coins, Nos. 847-851.

No.	Mint.	Year: Month	Obv.	Rev.
N 171	Lahore	50 Amar- d&1 [1013]	As 164: within dotted circle.	Within dotted circle,  امرداد السه ضرب ۱ لاهور PL. V. 1.O.C. № 7, Wt. 168
172 1/2	_	50 Far-war-din [1013]	carrying a sheaf of arrows and a stretched bow; fol- lowed by (2) a woman, who draws back her long veil	Within dotted circle,
173	Agrah	50 Khúr dád [1013	to tigue.	الله اكـــبـــر ۱ <mark>۶ خوداد الهع</mark> ضرب اكره ضرب اكره ۲۳ ۷. <i>YRAMES</i> . <i>N</i> <sup>-8</sup> , Wt 182
174	"	,,	As 169:	As 169: but, 8 • خورداد ounning HAM. # 1.0, Wt. 167
175	,,	51 [101		نور علے بر ان زر نام شه نور سر ان زر نام شه نور سر اکره ضر اکره ضر اکره ۲۲.۷. СИМИМЯНАМ. М-8,W6.16
170	s		الله - اكبر	جل جلاله Pr. V. I.O.C. M 75, Wt. 11

Then, with the magnanimity which was his best characteristic, the gentle prince offered to share the empire with his brother. A'zam would not listen to terms, however, and the brothers fought on the plains near Agrah, where A'zam was slain and his army defeated, June, 1707 (18 Rabí' I. 1119).\* Asad and Zú-l-Fikár were treated with the new emperor's habitual clemency, and the former was reinstated as prime minister. Mu'azzam then ascended the throne under the title of Sháh-'Álam Bahádur (" Valiant") Sháh. Ho was then a man of sixty-four; naturally of a conciliatory and merciful disposition, the blood he drew from his Hindú mother made him benignant to his Indian subjects, and should have recommended him to his kinsmen, the refractory Rájputs. His philosophical studies indeed laid him open to the charge of being too much of a Hindú for the approbation of honest Muslims. Nevertheless, the seeds of disaffection sown by the exclusive policy of Aurangzib bore fruit, and in spite of the new Emperor's concessions, and especially his prudent consent to rescind the hated faith-tax on non-Muslims, the Rájputs continued to nurse their awakened suspicions. Another race, the Játs, a tribe of brigands, nominally Muslims, who had their centre about Bhurtpúr, also became troublesome at this time. A new and dangerous power, that of the Sikhs, sprang up in the Panjáb, sacked Sirhind and Saháranpúr, and in spite of repulses succeeded in harrying the country up to the gates of Lahore. Finally, the Maráthas were waxing stronger and more outrageous every year. The Deccan was the weakest point in the empire from the beginning of the reign. Hardly had Bahádur appointed his youngest brother, Kum Bakhsh ("Wish-fulfiller"), viceroy of Bíjápúr and Haidarábád, when that infatuated

<sup>•</sup> For this period see Kháfí Khán, ED. vii. 387-533.

No.	Mint.	Year: Month	Obv.	Rev.
Æ				VER.
177	Peshá- war(?)	28 [991]	الله اكبر جل جلاله	مهر اله ۲۸ پشلور (sic) سب ضر
178	Ahmad- ábád	30 [993] Dai	<b>"</b>	PL.VI. CUNNINGHAM. R:85,Wt.174 [د]ی الــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				Pr. VI. I.O.O. 28. 85, Wt. 175
179 sq.	"	yy Mar- dad	n	مرداد Same, but مرداد 42. 7, Wt. 175
180 sq.		32 [995]	الله اكبر	۲۳ الــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
181 sq.		33 [996]	n	,, but مامم, ,
182, 183, 184 sq. ½	_	34 [997]	"	,, but pre GOVT. OF INDIA. B. '65, Wt. 176 EDEN. B. '7, Wt. 175 Pt.VI. CUNNINGHAM. B. '6, Wt. 87
185 sq.		35 Ardi- bihist [998]	As 177.	۳¶ السبح بہست اردی £7, W6 174

prince rebelled and committed such atrocities that the Emperor was compelled to attack him. Zú-l-Fikár engaged and defeated the rebel king (who was striking coins in full assumption of sovereignty)\* near Haidarábád, and Kám Bakhsh died of his wounds (1708, A.H. 1120).

In the midst of this confusion, and surrounded by portents of coming disruption, Bahádur died, 1712 (1124). He left four sons, who immediately entered with the zest of their race upon the struggle for the crown. The eldest, 'Azim-ash-Shan ("Strong of heart"), first assumed the sceptre, but Zú-l-Fikár, the prime minister, opposed and routed him, and the prince was drowned in his flight. The successful general next defeated and slew two other brothers, Khujistah Akhtár Jahán-Sháh and Rafí'-ash-Shan, and placed the surviving of the four sons of Bahádur on the throne with the title of Jahándán ("World-owner"). The new Emperor was an irre-'deemable poltroon and an abandoned debauchee. He divided his time between a dancing-girl and low taverns, whence he was brought home in a cart, and on one occasion by inadvertence left there outside his own palace to cool till the morning. "Night and day," says Kháfí, "were devoted to the lusts of this vile world. It was a fine time for dancers and singers and all the tribe of actors. There seemed to be a likelihood that the Kázís would turn tosspots and the Muftis become tipplers." + Such profligacy speedily aroused the contempt of his subjects, and two ambitious brothers. Abdallah and Husain, the chiefs of the Sayyids of Bárha, who held the posts of governors of the provinces of Allahabad and Bihar, and belonged to the Persian sect of the Shi'ah, selected a new candidate for the Peacock Throne.

<sup>•</sup> See Coins, Nos. 852, 853.

<sup>†</sup> Kháfí Khán, ED. vii. 482-3.

-	35 Amar- dád [998]	As 177.	الــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
Lahore	36 Abán [999]	11	ابان الهج ۱۳۱ لاهور ضرب ۱.O.C. AR 55, Wt. 88
"	36 Bah- man [999]	"	Same: but ہے]جن CUNNINGHAM. AR '4, Wt. 43
Tattah	36 [99 <b>9</b> ]	ν	السم تتسه A: 4, Wt. 44
	37 [1000]	As 180.	As 180: but ~~ 1.0.C. AR -55, Wt. 87
Ahmad- ábád	37	As 122.	محمد اكبر پادش[اه جـــلال الــديــــن ضـــرب احـمدابــاد Pr. VI. Æ 75, Wt. 17
,,	38 [1001]	<b>9</b> ) -	,, but ►^^ Æ ·75, Wt. 17
,,,	,, Bah- man [1001]	As 177.	بهمن الهم ۲۳۸ احمدایا[د ضرب
	Tattah  Ahmad ábád	Lahore 36 Abán [999]  36 Bah- man [999]  Tattah 36 [999]  37 [1000]  Ahmad- 37 ábád 37 [1000]	Lahore Abán [999]  ,, 36 Bahman [999]  Tattah 36 [999]  — 37 [1000]  As 180.  Ahmad-37 As 122.  ,, 38 [1001]  ,, 38 [1001]  ,, 38 [1001]

This was FARRUKH-SIYAR (" Happy-natured"), son of the late 'Azim-ash-Shan, and formerly governor of Bengal under Bahadur.\* The conspirators were successful; the imperial troops were defeated; the slaughtered body of Jahándár was placed on an elephant, and Zú-l-Fikár's corpsetied to its tail in a mock funeral procession (January, 1713, A.H. 1124). Farrukh-siyar was almost as effeminate as his predecessor, but his ministers and generals were men of pith. They were able to make head against the Rájputs, who gave a daughter of the Rájá of Jodhpúr in marriage to the Emperor, whilst the Sikhs were seriously discomfited and their Guru or prophet was put to death with horrible barbarity. An English embassy from Calcutta was in 1715 received with courtesy at Dehlí, and, after considerable delay, obtained certain concessions which, however, they owed mainly to the diplomatic skill evinced by their surgeon Hamilton in operating upon a tumour which hindered the consummation of the Emperor's marriage with the Rajput princess.

An estrangement had by this time grown up between Farrukh-siyar and the two Sayyids, and Husain, who had been appointed Viceroy of the Deccan, having made a humiliating peace with the Maráthas, marched upon Dehlí, assisted by a contingent of these marauders, who for the first time enjoyed the delight of exercising their predatory propensities in the capital of the Moghul empire. No opposition was attempted; Farrukh-siyar hid himself among his women, whence he was dragged forth, thrown into prison (February 1719, Rabí' II.

<sup>\*</sup> Kháfí Khán states that, on hearing of the death of Bahádur, Farrukh-siyar struck coins in the name of 'Azím-ash-Shán, and, after the latter's death, in his own name. No coins, however, have hitherto been published with the name of 'Azím-ash-Shán; but the mohr No. 890, struck at Murshidábad, with the regual year 1, may have been issued prior to Jahándár's death. Farrukh-siyar ignored Jahándár's eleven months' reign, and reckoned his own from his father's death. ED. vii. 439, 478, note.

No.	Mint.	Year: Month	Obv.	Rev.
/R 194 sq.	Lahore	38 Tír	As 177.	تيسر الهج
2.1.		[1001]		۳۸ لاهور
				ضرب
				PL. VI. CUNNINGHAM. R.7, Wt.176
195	,,	38 Far-	"	Same: but فروردين
sq.		war- din [1001]		CUNNINGHAM. R7, Wt. 176
196	,,	38	,,	بہست
9. 1		Ardi- bihist [1001]		اردى اله
		[1001]		۳۸ لاهو[ر
				PL. VI. THOMAS. R. 45, Wt. 45
197	Burhán-	38	"	دى ماه اله
	púr	Dai [1001]		۳۸ بیرهان پیور
	-			(Ringed.) PL. VI. PLAYFAIR. R. 8
				(Kinged.) PL. VI. PLAIFAIR. At C
198	Lahore	39	. "	اذر السهدى ۳۹ ضرب لاهور
		[10∪2]		ضَّرَب لاهور
				PLAYFAIR. R. 9, Wt. 174
199	Tattah*	40	,,	خورداد اله
sq.		Khúr- dad	,	۴۰ تته
		[1003]		ضرب
				PL. VI. PANJ. ARCH. SURV. Æ. 6, Wt. 178
			* This mint closely resem	ables Patnah, but has one upright stroke
		1	less: Tattah is and Patr	ıah سر,

1131), and after some months executed. The same year witnessed the remarkable spectacle of four princes successively assuming the crown. Two of these were set up in rapid sequence by the Sayyid brothers: they were both sons of the late prince Rafi'-ash-Shan, the son of Bahádur, and were styled RAFÍ'-AD-DARAJÁT ("Summit of Degree") and RAFT'-AD-DAULAH ("Summit State") Sháh-Jahán II. The first died in four months, and the second followed him to the grave after holding the nominal sceptre from May to September (20 Rejeb to 11 Zú-l-Ka'dah, 1131). Meanwhile, another claimant appeared in the person of Nikusiyar ("Excellent in disposition") a son of Akbar, the rebel son of Aurangzib, but he was soon disposed of, though not before he had exercised the coveted privilege of issuing his own money.\* The empire had fallen into confusion; the contumacy of rájás was condoned with the governorship of provinces; and most of the western part of Hindústán became almost independent in the hands of Hindús, while the Maráthas did what they pleased in the Deccan.

In the midst of this anarchy Muhammad Sháh ascended the throne (Sept., 1719, 11 Zú-l-ka'dah, 1131).† He was a son of Khujistah Akhtar and grandson of Bahádur, and consequently first cousin to the three preceding puppetkings. He appears to have been only sixteen years of age when he became Emperor, and at first he was forced to acquiesce in the tyranny of the Sayyid brothers; but the Turkish party, headed by Chin Kulich Khán, soon put an end to the domination of these Persian dictators. Their armies were defeated; Sayyid Husain was treacherously murdered, while his brother 'Abdallah, after

<sup>•</sup> See Coin No. 953, and Kháfi Khán, ED. vii. 480-2.

<sup>+</sup> Kháfi Khán, ED. vii. 485.

No.	Mint.	Year ; Month	Obv.	Rev.
AR 200	Tattah	40 Bah- man [1003]	As 177.	ن السبح. ۱۳۰ تشه ضسرب نصسرب I.O.C. AR '6, Wt. 175
201 sq. ½		,,,	" beneath, … فرب د	الــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
202 sq. <sup>1</sup>	_	40	"	PL. VI. I.O.C. AR 35, Wt. 21
203	Ahmad- ábád	41 Khúr- dád [1004]	"	خ]ورداد الــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
204	Lahore	41 Isfan- dár- mis [1004]	"	اسفندار[مز] الم ا <sup>ع</sup> لاهــور ضرب PL.VI. CUNNINGHAM. R. <sup>-</sup> 9,Wt.176
205 sq. ½	_	41	As 180.	As 180: but  c

setting up Ibráhím, a brother of Rafí'-ad-daulah, on the throne in 1720, which he occupied for only a month (9 Zú-l-Hijjah, 1132, to 12 Muharram, 1133), died in captivity in 1723. Chin Kalich Khán, henceforth to be known as Ásaf Jáh Nizám-al-Mulk, became viceroy of the Deccan, and prime minister, but soon departed south to administer the important province which is still ruled by one of his descendants. He was, perhaps, the only really great and powerful man of the reign. His government of the Deccan, though always hampered by the exactions of the Maráthas, was generous and enlightened; he was a patron of poor scholars, and an author himself; and he improved his dominions by building public works, bridges, canals, and mosques. He died in the plenitude of power in June, 1748, at the age of over a hundred years. The struggle for the throne once over, Muhammad Sháh gave himself up to the selfindulgence which had become the birthright of Moghul Emperors, and left his kingdom to be overrun by the Maráthas, and to be broken up into numerous petty principalities, more or less independent, from which most of the present native states of India trace their origin.

The Emperor was aroused from his lethargy by an overwhelming catastrophe. Nádir Sháh, the usurping sovereign of Persia, in response apparently to an invitation from the Persian party in Hindústán, suddenly seized Kandahár and Kábul in 1737, and, after laying waste the Panjáb, entered Lahore. The Moghul army advanced to repel him, but was defeated after an obstinate battle near Karnól. Negotiations for peace were already in progress when Muhammad cut them short by surrendering himself in Nádir's camp. The two armies fraternized and entered Dehlí together on 19 March; 1738 (Zú-l-Hijjah, 1151).

<sup>•</sup> See Coins, Nos. 954-7; Kháfí Khán, ED. vii. 509.

No.	Mint.	Year : Month	Obv.	Rev.
AR 206	Ahmad- ábád	42 Khur. dád [1005]	As 177.	خورداد اله ۲۲ احیدایاد ضرب
207	,,	42 Tír [1005]	"	# .85, Wt. 177 تير but CUNNINGHAM. # .86, Wt. 176
208 1/2	,,	42 Abán [1005]	"	,, but ابان EDEN. AR ·7, Wt. 88
209	Patnah	42 Shah- riwar [1005]	,,	شهريور الهم ۲ <sup>۵</sup> ۱ پتنه ضرب ۲۱. W. A. 85, Wt. 175
210 sq.	,,	42 [1006]	"	السم الدي پتنه ه ۱۶. Wt. 176
211 12	Lahore	42 Tir [1006]		تيسر البم ا <sup>2</sup> لاهور (GRANT. B. '66, Wt. 97
212	1	42 Bah- man [1005]	<b>n</b>	بہمن الع ۱ <sup>۵</sup> ۲ لاهور
-				ضرب CUNNINGHAM. B. 9, Wt. 176

Here a passing brawl led to a tumult, and Nádir ordered the streets to be swept with grape-shot. An indiscriminate massacre of the inhabitants ensued for nine hours, during which 120,000 people are said to have been slaughtered. In May the Persians marched out of Dehlí,\* taking with them a Moghul princess and a treaty by which they obtained all territories west of the Indus, and leaving the Moghul empire quaking and tottering after this unprecedented shock.

Ten years later Ahmad Khán the Durrání, founder of the modern Afghan dynasty, attempted to emulate Nádir's example by invading the Panjáb and occupying Lahore (1748). He was beaten off, for the time, by the Moghuls; but such invasions are a true index to the decay of the empire. Muhammad Sháh died of grief, feeble and passive to the end (April, 1748, 27 Rabi' II. 1161). He is the last of the Moghuls who enjoyed even the semblance of power, and has been called "the seal of the house of Bábar," for "after his demise everything went to wreck."

His son and successor Ahmad Shah occupied the throne for fourteen years: but they were all "labour and sorrow." The history of the reign is made up of the continual jealousies and intrigues and open conflicts of the rival Persian and Turkish factions, who fought in the streets of Dehlí; the turbulence of the Jats and of the Rohilas, or Afgháns of Rohilkhand, an added element of anarchy; quarrels between Rájput rájás; incursions of the Maráthas, who, led by chiefs of the Holkar and

<sup>\*</sup> See Nádir's coins, struck at Sháhjahánábád in 1152, Bhakar 1158, and Pesháwar, in the Catalogue of the Coins of the Sháhs of Persia in the British Museum, by R. S. Poole, 80, 82; and others struck at Lahore 1151, and in Siud (but the reading is doubtful), published by C. J. Rodgers in Numismatic Chronicle III. ii. 3:9-26. See also ED. viii. 76. + Siyar-al-Mutaükhirín.

No.	Mint.	Year : Month	Obv.	Rev.
AR 213 sq.	Dehli?	42 Tír [1005]	As 177: beneath <b>دهلی</b> ?	الــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
014		42	As 180.	As 180: but 1° !
$\frac{214}{\text{sq.} \frac{1}{2}}$	_	42 [1005]		1.0,C. R :55, Wt. 88
215 ½	Patnab	43 Khúr- dàd [1006]	j	خورداد الهم س <sup>جم</sup> پـتـنـه ضرب
216	**	43 Bah- man [1006]	n	PL. VI. AR '65, Wt. 88  Same: but بهمن  CUNNINGIIAM. AR '85, Wt. 175
217 sq. ½		43 [1005]	As 180.	As 180: but 127" 1.0.C. R. 16, Wt. 88
218 sq. ½		43 Shah riwar [1006]	As 177.	الــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
219	Ahmad- ábád	44 Amar dád [1007]		امرداد البع عام احبداباد
				ضرب MARSDEN. Æ 1:05, Wt. 180

Sindhia lineage—names soon to become famous in the annals of British rule in India-overran Guiarát and Rájputána; and unwelcome visits from Ahmad Sháh Durráni, who again invaded the Panjáb, and only left it when the Moghuls consented to hold Multán and Lahore as tributary provinces of the Afghán kingdom.\* The result of these various disturbing elements was that, while almost all India still professed fealty to the Moghul sovereign and impressed his name upon the local coinage, very little of the original empire really remained under his direct control, except the districts bordering upon the capital. "Gujarát was overrun by the Maráthas; Málwah and Rájputána had ceased to pay tribute or to acknowledge an imperial viceroy, the former being annexed to the Deccan, the latter held in sovereignty by its own rajás. The Jats were independent in the country south of Agrah, and the Bangash Patháns of Farrukhábád were equally so in the central Duáb. Oudh and Alláhábád were practically a kingdom in the hands of Safdar Jang [son of the Nizám]; the eastern Súbahs (Bihár, Bengal, and Orissa) were similarly subject to the dynasty of Iláhwirdi; the Panjáb was tributary to the Afghán state of Kandahár; the Maráthas were supreme elsewhere, save where the Nizám kept them at arm's length."+

At Debli itself the power was in the hands of Gházíad-dín, a nephew of Safdar Jang, whose youth (he was but sixteen when he was made Amír-al-Umará, or premier noble) was no measure of his audacity and ambition. Dissatisfied with the inefficiency of Ahmad, he deposed and blinded him; then, assuming the office of vazír, he set up a man of fifty-five, the exemplary son of the

<sup>\*</sup> Ample numismatic evidence exists of the presence of the Durránís in the Indus provinces. See C. J. Rodgers in Journal of the Asiatic Sec. of Bengal, 1885; and M. Longworth Dames in Num. Ohron. III. viii. 825-68 (1888).

<sup>†</sup> Keene, op. of. 289.

No.	Mint.	Year. Month.	Obv.	Rev.
AR 220	Patnah	44 Shah- riwar [1007]	As 177.	شهريور الهم ۱ <sup>۲۱۵</sup> پتنه ضوب شوب At '95, Wt. 175
221 12	Kábul	44 Abán [1007]	"	ابان السم ضر كابل ۱ <sup>۲</sup> ۴ ب PL. VI. <i>GRANT</i> . Æ '75, Wt. 87
222	Lahore	44 Ardi- bihist [1007]	"	بــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
223	"	44 Shah- riwar [1007]		شهریور but ,, STEUART. R '85, Wt. 174
224 1/2	,,	44. Abán [1007]	<b>)</b>	,, but ابان GRANT. AR -65, Wt. 86
225 1	,,	44 Adhur [1007]	<b>39</b>	اڈر but اڈر Æ :65, Wt. 89
226 1	Kábul	45 Dai [1008]		دی السیم خبر گابل ۴۵ پ پ

scandalous Jahándár, with the title of 'Alamofa II. (June, 1754, 11 Sha'bán, 1167).\* Whatever respect the new Emperor received in his diminished dominions was due less to his own undeniable amiability and piety than to the wisdom and courage of two men, Najíb-ad-daulah, the Afghán ruler of "the fifty-two Pargánas" or region about Saháranpúr, who presently became vazir of the empire and its chief defender against the Maráthas; and Shujá'-ad-daulah, who had succeeded his father Safdar Jang as Nawab of Oudh in October, 1754, and who joined Najib in his efforts to withstand the domination of the southern invaders. was not easy, however, to make even a show of imperial government in those evil times of Moghul history; and when Ahmad Durrání again came down from Kandahár and appeared at Dehlí in 1757, Najíb and Ghází showed their discretion in making an ally of a foe who was less to be dreaded than the Maráthas, inasmuch as he went off when he had got the plunder he came for, whereas the tribesmen of Holkar and Sindhia showed every disposition to stay. Having sucked Dehlí dry and drained the surrounding country as far as possible, the Durrání departed to Afghánistán in November, 1757, taking with him a few Moghul princesses for his family, and leaving Najib as Amir-al-Umará to protect the Emperor against the encroachments of the ambitious and unscrupulous Ghází. The latter accepted the challenge and made war upon Najib, and meanwhile had the harmless old Emperor brutally and treacherously murdered, November, 1759 (1173). 'Alamgir II. had sat on his tottering throne for five miserable years.

The vazir Gházi-ad-dín then set up a new puppet, a grandson of Kám Bakhsh, under the name of Sháh-

<sup>•</sup> Taríkh-i 'Álamgir Sáni, ED. viii. 141.

No.	Mint.	Year: Month.		Obv.	Rev.
AR 227	Lahore	45 Dai [1008]	As 177.		<u>دی الــــہ</u> ۴۵ لاهو[ر ضرب
228 sq. <del>1</del>	,,	45 Bah- man [1008]	"	partly obliterated.	R 7, WL 88 ب]همن[اله]ح ۴۵ لاه[ور ضرب
229	Ahmad- ábád	46 Tír [1009]	<b>"</b>		## CUNNINGHAM, A 35, Wt. 19 تيو المح تيو المح ا احمداباد ضرب
230	Patnah	46 Adhur [1009]	"		A ·85. Wt. 176 الار الـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
231 1/2	Kábul	46 Dai [1000]	<b>)</b> )		CUNNINGHAM. A. 0, Wt. 178 دی الــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
232	Lahore	46 Khúr- dád [1000]	"		GRANT. B 7, Wt. 87  خسورداد ا[له]ع  الآثا الاهــــو[ر
	-		~	*	

Jahán II. (it should have been III., since Rafí'-ad-daulah was the second who used the title), and the administration at Dehlí was carried on in his name for a few months.\* The rightful heir, however, was the son of the late Emperor, 'Alí Gaur, infelicitously styled Sháh-'Álam ("Lord of the Universe"), and he was at once recognized as emperor by the country at large and by its powerful neighbour, Ahmad the Durrání. This alarming protector was now again in Hindústán, and, after driving away Ghází-ad-dín and his mimic king, he inflicted a memorable and crushing defeat upon the Maráthas in January, 1761, upon the historical field of Pánípat: after which he returned to Afghánistán, leaving Najíb and Shujá' to make the best of their new Emperor.

When the news came of his father's murder, Shah-'Alam was in Bihar, bent upon establishing his claim to the viceroyalty of the eastern Súbahs, where he thought he had a better chance of enjoying the pleasures of power than in the distracted capital of his ancestors. He soon found, however, that he was out in his reckoning. Since the battle of Plassey in 1757, Bengal (with Bihar and Orissa) had been under the authority of a Nawab, under British control. The new Emperor, however, did not at once realize the full meaning of the situation. He invaded Bengal, only to be twice repulsed by the Nawáb and the English (1760-1). Aided by Shujá'-ad-daulah, he resumed the attack in 1764, and was utterly routed 23rd October, by Munro at Baksar (Buxar) near the confluence of the Karamnasa and the Ganges. + Next day he came into the British camp, and from that date (if not earlier) the Moghul empire became practically a thing of the past. By firmans of 12th August, 1765, a treaty

Bee Coine Nos. 1086-1093.

<sup>+</sup> BD. viii, 216 ff.

			•	
N	o. Mint.	Year: Month	Obv.	Rev.
A 23	3 Lahore	46 Adhur [1009]	As 177.	اذر الــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
23	4 ,,	46 Dai [1009]	"	PL. VI. GRANT. R · 5, Wt. 44  حی الیم  ۴۲ لاهو [ر  ضرب  6TEUART. R · 65, Wt. 88
238	5 Ahmad- ábád	47 Bah- man [1010]	"	بهمن الم احمداباد ضرب R 8, Wt. 175
236	1 " 1	- 1	" within square en- closed in ornamented diamond border.	Within octagon enclosed in ornamented border,  مهر السن
237 1	Kábul [	47 dhur 1010]	As 177.	اذر السمح ضر ڪابل ۱ <sup>۵۷</sup> پ پ <i>GRANT. B. 7</i> , WL <b>80</b>

signed at Alláhábád on the 16th, and articles of agreement dated three days later, the East India Company was granted the Diwani or financial administration of Bengal, Bihár, and Orissa, in consideration of the Emperor's being allowed to retain the province of Alláhábád and the district of Korah, and being given a yearly subsidy by the Company, wherewith to maintain his dignity. In other words, the English annexed the three eastern provinces, and Shah-'Alam, whilst nominally Emperor of India, became really a pensioner of the British Crown. He kept a sorry court for some years at Alláhábád, with an English resident to look after him, and then in 1771 returned to Dehli, exchanging, as events proved, the protection of the British for the tyranny of the Maráthas. He enjoyed, however, a brief interval of prosperity, almost of power, during the able administration of Mírzá Najaf; but the gleam of sunshine was followed by darkness. Shah-'Alam was barbarously blinded by Ghulam Kadir in 1788, and a new puppet, Bidár-Bakht ("Of wakeful fortune"), son of Ahmad, was set up.\* Immediately afterwards the Maráthas entered into possession, avenged the crime, and deposed the usurper, but kept the unfortunate Emperor completely under control. Thus he remained till Lord Lake's victory in 1803 freed him and Hindústán from the southern pestilence.

From the Treaty of Alláhábád in 1765 onwards the history of India has little to do with the Great Moghul: it is the history of the struggle of many adventurers of various nations for the fragments of a broken empire, t and the record of the final triumph of the English. As

He sat on the abased throne from Shawwal, 1202, to Jumada II,
 1206 (1788). See Coins Nos. 1206-9.

<sup>†</sup> Mr. Keene's Fall of the Mughal Empire (1887) gives a detailed and account of this period.

No.	Mint.	Year: Month.	Obv.	Rev.
AR 238	Lahore	47 Khúr- dád [1010]	As 177, border as 236.	خورداد البع ۱۳۷ لاهـــور ضرب
239	,,,	47	As 177.	Octagon and border as on 236.  PL. VI. GRANT. R. '8, Wt. 171
1/2		Abán [1010]		الاه[ور ضرب I.O.C. R6, Wt. 87
240	,,	47 Dai [1010]		,, but cs, Wt. 87
241	Burhán- púr	48 Mihr [1011]	))	مهر ماه الهم ۴۸ برهان پور
				ضرب PL.VI. CUNNINGHAM. Æ:75,Wt.177
242	Lahore	48 Amar- déd [1011]	,, border as 236.	اموداد السه ۴۸ لاهسور ضرب
			ļ	Border as 236.  CUNNINGHAM. R. 8, Wt. 175
243	,,	48 Abán [1011]		,, but ابان Pl. VI. <i>CUNNINGHAM. B.</i> 65,WL66

such it need not be detailed in this place: such parts of it as are necessary to the numismatist will be found discussed in § 9, below. Here it is only necessary to add that Sháh-'Álam died in 1806 (1221), and was succeeded in his position of imperial pensioner of the British Crown by his son, Muhammad Akbar II.; who in turn was followed in 1837 (1253) by his son, Bahádur II., whose participation in the Indian Mutiny led to his banishment in 1857 to Rangoon, where this last of the Moghul Emperors died in 1862.

The task of England has been to undo the disastrons work of Aurangzíb. "It was by the alienation of the native races that the Moghul Empire perished: it is by the incorporation of those races into a loyal and united people that the British rule will endure." But whilst endeavouring to restore Akbar's empire by Akbar's policy of wise conciliation, we have to remember that neither empire nor policy could have existed without the strong dominant ascendancy of Akbar himself; nor can the Empress of India's domination in her eastern Empire dispense with a strong and absolute British authority, supreme and paramount over all.

<sup>\*</sup> Sir William Wilson Hunter, The Ruin of Aurangzeb, XIXth Century, May, 1887.

No.	Mint.	Year : Month.	Oby.	Rev.
AR 244	Lahore	48 Abán [1011]	As 177, without border.	As 243, but without border.  GRANT. R. 55, Wt. 87
244a	,,	"	As 177, border as 236.	As 243; border as 236.  STUBBS. A: 55, Wt. 86
245 1/2	Kábul	49 Abán [1012]	"	اب <u>ان الح</u> كابل ٢٩ ب
246 1/2	,,	[4]9 Dai [1012]	,,	CUNNINGHAM. R 7, Wt. 86 دی الیم ضر کابل
247	Lahore	49 Ardi- bihist [1012]	" borde <b>r as 2</b> 36.	ب <i>GRANT. R ·7</i> , Wt. 86 به به ب
248 1		49 Abán (1012]		Border as 236. CUNNINGHAM. A: 75, Wt. 175 ", ", but ابان THOMAS A: 65, Wt. 88
249 sq.		49 Far- war- din 1013]	" without border.	فروردی(sio) ا[له]ع ۱۹ پـــة ضر . شر . «MRSDEM. # %, We. 174

## § 2. THE CABINET OF MOGICUL COINS.

THE series of coins of the Moghul Emperors of Hindústán in the British Museum has long been celebrated, and the important additions of the last ten years have placed it at the head of all similar collections. The nucleus of this unrivalled cabinet was the rich bequest of William Marsden in 1834. This was notably augmented by the purchase in 1847 and 1850 of coins collected by the doyen of Indian numismatists, Prinsep, and his worthy disciple, Edward Thomas, and by the acquisition in 1853 of the valuable Eden cabinet. Within the last decade the coins originally preserved at the India House and Office were transferred to the British Museum (1882); the fine collection of Mr. A. Grant was added in 1885; and the splendid Arabic and Persian cabinet of Gen. Sir Alexander Cunningham was purchased in 1888; while the Government of India, the Bengal Asiatic Society, the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, and the Archaeological Survey of the Panjáb, have largely contributed towards filling up the gaps in the National series. These are the chief constituents in the collection; but a number of officers, civilians, and travellers in India have continually brought a few rare specimens to the Museum, and many names well known to others than numismatists may be recognised among these collectors; such as Professor H. H. Wilson, Col. Guthrie, Col. Tobin Bush, Major Hay, Sir Bartle Frere, Mr. James Gibbs, Mr. James Burgess, Mr. Da Cunha, &c.; whilst among the early benefactors of the collection, though in small numbers, may be mentioned Miss Sarah Sophia Banks (1818), the Rev. Clayton Mordaunt Cracherode (1799). Mr. R. Payne Knight (1824), and his Majesty King

No.	Mint.	Year: Month.	Ob <b>v</b> .	Rev.
AR 250	Agrah	50 Amar- dád [1013]	As 177, octagonal border, with quatrefoils outside.	امرداد الهم و اكسره شود
· <b>2</b> 51	Lahore	50 Far- war- din [1013]	" border as 236	ضرب Border as obv.  PL. VI. A 1.0, Wt. 176
		[1013]		ضرب Border as 236. <i>GRANT</i> . Æ '8, Wt. 174
252 sq.	-		الله اكبر	جـــل جــلالـه CUNNINGHAM. A: '75, Wt. 175

George III., who contributed four specimens. As a considerable interest attaches to many of the collectors whose cabinets have combined to form the series described in the present volume, it has been judged useful to affix their names to their coins, except in cases where there were but one or two specimens presented or purchased. Coins acquired in the ordinary market have as a rule no name attached to them in the Catalogue.

The relative strength of the various component elements of the Moghul series may be summarized as follows. Excluding the East India Company's coinage, the series consists of about 1250 coins. Of these the following collections contributed nearly 1000:—

		•						•			173
											147
		•									132
											101
						•					65
							•				57
								•			58
of	Ind	lia								•	34
ico	log	ic	ıl S	Sur	ve,	y				•	30
ic	Soc	eiet	t <b>y</b>				•				28
	Kn	igl	ıt,	G	ibl	bs,	F	lay	yfa	ir,	
and	1 B	on	nbe	y .	As	iat	ic	So	cie	ty	
o 2	0 c	ac	h)								97
/ils	on,	B	anl	cof	E	ngl	lan	d (	Col	l.,	
e,	Βı	ısh	1,	St	ub	bs,	,	Pe	are	e,	
ea1	nes	,	C	ur	:to	n,	]	Bu	rne	в,	
)е	Bo	de,	G	utl	ırie	e <b>, ]</b>	Da.	Cu	ınlı	a,	
Ш	l. (t	ınc	ler	10	) e	ach	)				74
	of and 2 vilse, ean	of Inc acolog ic Soc Kn and B o 20 c Vilson, e, Bu eames	of India acologics ic Societ Knigl and Bon o 20 cac lilson, Ba e, Bush eames,	of India . acological Sic Society Knight, and Bombe 20 cach) Vilson, Bank e, Bush, eames, Co	of India. acological Suric Society Knight, Gand Bombay 20 cach) Vilson, Bank of e, Bush, Steames, Cure	of India acological Surve ic Society Knight, Gibland Bombay As o 20 cach) . Vilson, Bank of E. e. Bush, Stubeames, Curcto be Bode, Guthrid	of India . acological Survey ic Society . Knight, Gibbs, and Bombay Asiat o 20 each) . Vilson, Bank of Engle, Bush, Stubbs, eames, Curcton, De Bode, Guthrie, J	of India	of India	of India	of India

A bout two-thirds of the Moghul coinage, as represented in the British Museum, falls under the third, fourth, fifth and sixth Emperors, Akbar, Jahángír, Sháh-Jahán, and

No.	Mint.	Year: Month.	Obv.	Rov.
Æ			III.—GUJARÁ	T FABRIC.
252a		992	Within dotted square,	بادشاه
1/2			لا اله الا الله	اڪبر غازي
				James 2
			رستول البلية	مين جلال الدين جلال الدين
				PL. VII. GRANT. AR :05, Wt. 83
2526		997	"	,, but 99V
1/2				PL. VII. AR '6, Wt. 83
			LATE IM	ITATIONS.
2526		1215	,,	" but IIIB over جلال
1/2				Pr. VII. R. 6, Wt. 87
				8
252d				,, but _
1/2		"	"	,, but MARSDEN. R '6, Wt. 87
				MANOPEN. No 0, Wt. 67
				æ
252 e	_	,,	"	, but _
2				GRANT. R. 6, Wt. 82
252f	-	_	**	,, but within dotted square;
1/2			••	no ; یادشاه of د over ه
				numerals over جلال
				GRANT. R. 6, Wt. 82
252 <i>g</i>			,,	" × over
1	1.0		"	"
1				MARSDEN. R. '6, Wt. 87

Aurangzib, whose reigns cover rather more than half the interval between the accession of Bábar in 1525 (A.H. 932) and the death of Sháh-'Álam in 1806 (1221). The actual numbers of gold, silver, and copper coins of these four Emperors are as follows:—

	N	A	Æ	Total
Akbar	<b>75</b>	168	39	282
Jahángír	83	161	1	245
Sháh-Jahán	<b>50</b>	123	_	173
Aurangzib	24	125		149
Total	232	577	40	849

In this table, the very large proportion of gold to silver (more than one-half in the reign of Jahángír, and 4 on the whole number) and the extraordinary scarcity of copper will be observed. The latter subject will call for discussion later (§ 8).

The coins of the two Emperors preceding Akbar, Bábar and Humáyún, which are attributable to their Indian government, are very few, and partake of the character of the currency of Transoxiana, the province whence Bábar advanced to rule in India. Some Transoxine issues of Bábar are described in the Catalogue of Oriental Coins, Vol. vii, p. 163, and Additions part ii, p. 163, and in the Catalogue of Persian Coins, pp. xxv and 210. The Kashmír issues of Humáyún and Akbar are noticed in the Catalogue of Indian Coins, Muhammadan States, p. 80.

Of the seventeen Emperors and pretenders who struck coins between the death of Aurangzib and the accession of Sháh-'Álam, only Muhammad Sháh appears to have issued a large currency (N 20. R 63 = 83); Farrukh-siyar is represented by 47 coins; and the others by numbers ranging from 1 to 29. Sháh-'Álam's coinage, numerous as it is, as will be explained further on (§ 9), cannot be regarded as his personal coinage in the same sense as that of Akbar.

No.	Mint.	Year: Month	Obv.	Rev.
AR 252h			Λs 252a.	As 252a; no • or ×
253 sq.		_	Within dotted square, الله اكبر	جلاله مجل ٥ ٢.o.c. AR '4, Wt. 4
254- 254 <i>b</i>	Allah- ábád		اله اباد ســــــکه ق جـهان شـــــر بغرب و	PL. VII. EDEN. At '9, Wt. 17  R '9, Wt. 17

#### § 3. MINT CITIES.

THE range of mints embraced in the rich series of coins from Akbar to Aurangzib furnishes a faithful chart of the growth and extent of the Moghul Empire. In the following list the later Emperors are included, though they add little to the data. Bábar and Humáyún's mints are represented only by Lahore in the British Museum collection.

AKBAR. Agrah, Lahore, Dehlí, Ahmadábád, 963—1014
Burhánpúr, Patnah, Tattah, Kábul, (1556—1605)
Multán, Alláhábád, Nárnól, Gwálior, Sárangpúr, Jaunpúr, Sirhind, Udaipúr, Fathpúr, Urdú-Zafar-Karín, Urdú, Asír, Sítápúr, Dógám, Malpúr, Bairátah.

Jahángía. Agrah, Lahore, Dehlí, Ahmadábád, 1014—37 Burhánpúr, Patnah, Súrat, Tattah, (1605—27) Kábul, Ajmír, Jahángírnagar [Dhákká], Akbarnagar, Kashmír, Kandahár

Dáwar Bakhsh. Lahore.

1037

(1627-8)

Sháh-Jahán. Agrah and Akbarábád, Lahore, Dehlí 1037—68 and Sháhjahánábád, Ahmadábád, (1628—58) Burhánpúr, Patnah, Súrat, Tattah, Kábul, Multán, Alláhábád, Jahángírnagar [Dhákká], Akbarnagar, Kashmír, Kandahár, Júnahgarh, Daulatábád, Bhakar.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Obv.	Rev.
Æ			IV. CO A. WITH HI	PPER. JRAH YEARS.
255	Nárnól	963	نارنول	1
			فلوس	شصت
			ضــرب	نہصد
				9 4 2
				PL. VII. PANJ. ARCH. SURV. Æ 19
256	"	965	"	, but 97€ Æ-æ.
257		966	لا اله الا الله الله سـول	صد ش. ۹۲۹ نړ ب <u>ا</u> ر سنه
			منجيد و	ضرب  PL. VII. PANJ. ARCH, SURV. Æ 🛊
258	Lahore	97 <i>x</i>	لاهور ضرب س فلو فلو	هفــتا[د نهصد[و فی تاریخ PL. VII. THEOBALD. Æ 18
25 <b>9</b>	Nárnól	980	As 255.	هشتا[د نهصد ۹۸۰ فی س
260	-	,	,, mint obscure.	24

Sháh Shujá'. Akbarábád [i.e. Agrah]. 1068-70 (1656-60)

Murád Bakhsh. Ahmadábád, Cambay, Súrat. 1068 (1658)

AURANGZÍB. 1069—1118 (1659—1707) Akbarábád [Agrah], Lahore, Sháhjahánábád[Dehlí], Burhánpúr, Patnah, Súrat, Tattah, Kábul, Ajmír, Multán, Nárnól, Júnahgarh, Cambay, Etáwah, Khujistah-bunyád, and Aurangábád, Golkendah, Masulipatan, Ahmadnagar, Bíjápúr, Chínápatan [Madras], Nasratábád, Baraílí, Lucknow, 'Álamgírpúr, Zafarpúr, Zafarábád.

A'zam.
1118-19
(1707)

Ahmadábád, Burhánpúr, Khujistahbunyád [Aurangábád.]

Kám Bakhsh. Bíjápúr, Haidarábád. 1119-20 (1708)

BAHÁDUR. 1119—23 (1707—12) Akbarábád [Agrah], Lahore, Sháhjahánábád [Dehlí], Burhánpúr, 'Azímábád [Patnah], Súrat, Ajmír, Pesháwar, Khujístah-bunyád [Aurangábád], Sholápúr, Ujjain.

JAHÁNDÁR. Akbarábád [Agrah], Sháhjahánábád 1124 [Dehlí], Súrat, Khujistah-bunyád (1712) [Aurangábád].

No.	Mint.	Year.	Obv.	Rev.
Æ 261	Ahmad- ábád	982	اهــهـدابا[د دار السلطـنـه  ضـرب فـلوس	 مسشتا نسی نہصد فسی نہصد و ۱۸۲
262	Nárnól	982	Ав 255.	PL. VII. HAY, Æ '85  " PANJ. ARCH. SURF. Æ '8
268	Dógám	983	[ال]سلام (؟) د]ار (؟) فـل]وس د]وڪام ضرب	۰۰۰ ۱۰۰۰ ۱۰۰۰ ۱۹۸۳ ۱۹۸۳ ۱۹۸۳
264	Málpúr	985	ة]لموس مــالډور ضرب	پنج هشتار نهصد [۹]^8 PL. VIL <i>PANJ. AROH, SURY. A</i>
265	-	987	 د[ار] السلط[نه فلوس فلوب	 هشتاد ۷۸۰ و نیصد فے

FARBUKH-SIYAR Akbarábád [Agrah], Lahore, Sháh1124—31 jahánábád [Dehlí], Burhánpúr,
(1713—19) Patnah and Azímábád, Súrat,
Multán, Gwálior, Etáwah, Bíjápúr,
Chínápatan [Madras], Barailí, Arkát,
Katak, A'zamnagar, Imtiyázgarh,
Gútí, Gangpúr, Murshidábád.

Rafí'-AD-Daraját. Akbarábád [Agrah], Lahore, Sháh-1131 jahanábád [Dehlí], Patnah, Mu'az-(1719) zamábád.

RAFÍ'-AD-DAULAH. Akbarábád [Agrah], Lahore, Sháh1131 jahánábád [Dehlí], 'Azímábád
(1719) [Patnah], Súrat, Khujistah-bunyád
[Aurangábád], Barailí, Murshidábád.

Niku-siyar. Súrat. 1131 (1719)

Ibráhím. Sháhjahánábád [Dehlí]. 1132 (1720)

Muhammad. Akbarábád [Agrah], Lahore, Sháhja1131—61 hánábád [Dehlí], 'Azímábád [Pat1719—48) hánábád [Dehlí], 'Azímábád [Pat1719—48) hánábád [Dehlí], 'Azímábád [Pat1719—48) hánábád, Kúrah, AkbarnagarOudh, Kashmír, Etáwah, Khujistahbunyád [Aurangábád], Barailí,
Murshidábád, Kúrá, Ajáyúr, Islámábád [Chittagong], Benáres, Sháhábád, Siwáï-Jaipúr, Imtiyázgarh,
Farrukhábád.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Ob▼.	Rev.
Æ 266	Fathpúr	987	فـلـوس فـتـــــپور	 هشتاد
			دا	۹۸۷ نهصد PL. VII. <i>MARSDEN. Æ</i> 9
267	_	987	 السلطنه فـــــلـــوس ضرب	هفت هشتاد و ۹۸۷ نهصد و MARSDEN. Æ '85
268	Fathpúr	988	ف]لموس ف]تحــــــور دا[ر]۱۱	۹۸۸ نهصت منس . HAY. Æ 18
269	Ahmad- ábád	98x	احبداباد فلـــوس ضرب	 هشـــتاد ن]هصد و سنه
270	Jaun- púr	98x	دا]ر الخلا[فه جونسپو[ر ف]مسلسوس	PANJ. ARCH BURY. A : 65

Анмар. 1161—7 (1748—54)	Akbarábád [Agrah], Sháhjahánábád [Dehlí], 'Azímábád [Patnah], Murshidábád, Benáres, Ahmadnagar-Farrukhábád, Murádábád.
'Álamgír II. 1167—78 (1754—60)	Akbarábád [Agrah], Lahore, Sháh- jahánábád [Dehlí], Murshidábád, Ahmadnagar-Farrukhábád, Imti- yázgarh, Indrapúr [Indore].
Sháh-Jahán III. , 1173 (1760-1)	Sháhjahánábád [Dehlí], Ahmadábád, Ahmadnagar-Farrukhábád, Indra- púr [Indore], Islámábád [Chitta- gong].
Sнан-'Ålam. 1173—1221 (1761—1806)	Akbarábád [Agrah], Sháhjahánábád [Dehlí], Ahmadábád, 'Azímábád [Patnah], Súrat, Murshidábád, Ahmadnagar-Farrukhábád, Etáwah, Benáres, Bahádurpatan, Dilshádábád, Jahángírnagar [Dhákká], Srínagar, Lucknow, Najíbábád.
Bídár-Bakht. 1202-3 (1788)	Sháhjahánábád [Dehlí], Ahmadábád.
Минаммар Акван II. 1221—53 (1806—37)	Sháhjahánábád [Dehlí].
Banádur II. 1253—75 (1837—57)	Sháhjahánábád [Dehlí].

A glance at the accompanying map of India will immediately show the wide range of territory embraced

No.	Mint.	Year.	Obv.	Rev.
Æ 271	Dogám	994	دار السلام؟ ف]لمسوس دو]كام	چهار نـــ]ـود و ن]بصد و سنه PANJ. AROH. SURF. : Æ-85
272	Gwálior	9xx	دار الخلافه ر حـفــا ۵ كوالي ضرب	نه <u>صد</u> فی تاریخ PL. VII. <i>PANJ. ARCH, SURV.</i> <b>2.9</b>
273	Urdú- Zafar- Karín	1000	فرین ظـفـر اردو	ضرب الـف فلوس PL. VII. THEOBALD. Æ ·85
-				•

li

by these mint-cities. In Akbar's time they spread from Kábul and Tattah on the west to Patnah on the east, and from Lahore in the north to Udaipúr in Rájputána, and Asírgarh in Khandésh. In the reign of Aurangzíb we find a large addition of Deccan mints, due to this Emperor's wars in the south. Under the pretender Kám Bakhsh, Haidarábád occurs for the first time; Arkát and Gútí appear under Farrukh-siyar, as well as the new fiscal capital of Bengal, Murshidábád, afterwards familiar on the coins of the East India Company.

The first appearance of many of these mints possesses an historical importance. The occurrence of the mint Ahmadábád on a gold mohr of 980 evidently marks the conquest of Gujarát, of which this city was the capital, in 980 (1572). Still more notable is the mohr no. 63. ضرب محمداباد عرف اديبور مفتوحة It bears the unique formula "Struck at Muhammadábád commonly called Udaipúr, conquered," with the date 984, which corresponds to the reduction of that frequently insurgent Rájput city by Akbar in 1577. The first rupee of Burhánpúr (no 197), issued in the month Dai of 38 Iláhí (1593), records the invasion of the provinces of Khandésh and Berár in 1001. The mohr of Asír (no. 166), again, with the curious device of a falcon, and the Iláhí year 45, clearly commemorates Akbar's later conquest of the fortress of Asirgarh, the strong place of Khandésh, and the discovery of immense treasure there, in the summer of 1600. Akbar's new palace of Fathpur, or "Victory-town," which he founded at Sikri, 27 miles south-west of Agrah in 976-9 (1569-71), is represented in his coinage only from 986 to 989, and thenceforth disappears from the series. Mr. Rodgers, however, has described a Zodiacal mohr (Capricornus) of Jahángír's, bearing this mint and the 14th year of his reign, and 1028 A.H. The mint Urdu.

<sup>\*</sup> Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, Ivii. 26.

No.	Mint.	Year: Month.	Obv.	Rev.
Æ 273a	Alláh- ábád	31 Mihr [994]	B. WITH IL الهاباد مسهسر	ÁHÍ YEARS. سـنـه ا۳اله
274	Kábul	82 [998]	ڪـــابل فـــلــوس	PL. VII. PANJ. ARCH. BURV. A: 88
274a	"	33 [996]	**	" but rr GRANT. Æ 78
275	Lahore	36 Dai [999]	لاهـور فلوس	۲۳ الح دی Pr. VII. Æ '8
276	Nárnól?	36 [999]	الله اكـــبــر جل جلاله	المئع ۳۱ نارنول (؟) ضرب EDEN. Æ 7
277	Multán	37 Dai [1000]	ملتان فلوس ضرب	۳۷ البح دی HAY. Æ 8
278	Gwálior	38 Shah- riwar [1001]	ڪوالي فسلسوس ضرب	۳۸ الب شهرور PANJ. AECH. BURY. Æ '8

or Urdú-Zafar-Karín ("Camp linked to Victory"), is supposed to indicate the striking of coins during Akbar's victorious progresses, in the north probably, on his way to his summer resort in the happy valley of Kashmír. is possible, however, that the name Urdú-Zafar-Karín may possess some mystical import. All the coins bearing this mint, if such it be, present, in the place of the usual ciphers indicating the date, the single word الف, 1000. This is the only instance in the whole series (except in recording the first regnal year) of the use of an Arabic numeral in the place of ciphers, and it has a certain significance in view of the following circumstances recorded by the historian Badáóní. As early as 990 Akbar had convinced himself that the Muhammadan religion was destined to last exactly 1000 years from the Hijrah and no more. It was believed that the second advent would be inaugurated by the coming of the Mahdí, and Akbar appears to have encouraged the expectation. He ordered the "Era of the Thousand" to be engraved on the coins, and commanded a Shiya'i divine to write a Turikh-i Alfi or "History of the Millennium" (A.H. 1-1000), and confided the completion of it to Badáóní himself. The work appeared in the year 1000 A.H. (1592); and in the same year Akbar called-in all the old coins of his predecessors and melted them down.\* There may be some connexion between this "Era of a Thousand" and the year الفي 1000 on the coins; and it may not be unreasonable to suggest that these millennium pieces with the word is are the product of the melting down of older issues recorded to have taken place in the year 1000 of the Hijrah. If this be a correct surmise, the name Urdú-Zafar-Karín may bear some such signification, in the mystical phraseology of the Shi'ah, as "Camp of the approaching triumph of the Faith."

<sup>\*</sup> Badáóni, ED. v. 534, 542.

	1	T.,	1	
No.	Mint.	Year: Month	Obv.	Rev.
Æ 279	Lahore	39 Far- war- din [1002]	لاهـور فلوس ضرب	۳۹ الهے فروردین HAY. Æ '9
279a	,,	43 Tír [1008]	"	<sup>سما الهم</sup> تير £ ٠55
280	Bairá- tah	44. Amar- dád [1007]	تنکه اکبر شاهے ضرب بیراته	البح البح المحادد (Tanka.) PLAYFAIR. Æ 1.2
281	,,	,,	"	", but month l ele (Tanka.) Æ 1.3
281a	,,	"	"	,, امرداد (Tanka.) HAY. Æ ۹
282	Dehlí	42-4 Dai	فلو[س دهـلی ضرب	ا الهے ماہ دی PL. VII. <i>PANJ. ARCH. 8URV</i> . Æ 45
283	Agrah	46 Abán [1009]	اڪبر شاھ دو تانڪ	ابان الهم ۱۳۹ اکره ضرب ۲۱. VII. (Two tankas.) EDEN. & '65
284	22.	47 Ardi- bihist [1010]	"	اردی الب ۲۲ ا <b>ک</b> رو هرب
		1	10.13	(Two tankes,) PANJ, ARCH. SURF. Z '8

Abu-l-Fazl's account of Akbar's mints in the Ain-i-Akbari is very imperfect. He states that at the beginning of the reign gold was struck in many parts of the empire; but at the time he wrote, only at four places, the seat of government [Fathpur], Bengál [i.e. Dhákká], Ahmadábád, and Kábul. Silver was also coined there, and likewise at ten other towns:-Iláhábás, Agrah, Ujjain, Súrat, Dehlí, Patnah, Kashmír, Lahore, Multán, and Tándah. Copper, however, he says, proceeded from twenty mints: -- Ajmír, Oudh, Atak, Alwar, Badáón, Benáres, Bhakar, Bahrah, Patnah, Jaunpur, Jalandar, Hardwar, Hisár Fírózah, Kálpi, Gwálior, Górakhpúr, Kalánwar, Lucknow, Mandú, Nágór, Sirhind, Siálkót, Sironj, Saháranpúr, Sárangpúr, Sambal, Kanauj, Rantambhór.\* A comparison with the coins will at once show the inaccuracy of these statements.

Few of Akbar's mints present difficulties in identification. The mohr no. 31 is ascribed to Sárangpúr, but it must be admitted that there is no trace of the J in the mint, which reads merely سارندور It may be urged, however, that as this city, the capital of Málwah, was annexed by Akbar in 969, according to the Tabakát-i Akbari, the appearance of a solitary gold piece with its name in 972 (the date of this coin) was in character with Akbar's proceedings at Udaipúr and Asírgarh. All three are in the nature of commemorative medals, and we do not meet with these mints again in the series. The name سلور on no. 177 has been read بشاور Peshawar, but with little confidence; Mr. Rodgers, + however, suggests سيتايور Sitápúr, and the diacritical points favour his interpretation. Mr. Rodgers and Mr. Olivert have read the mint روكانه as روكان, Dóganw:

<sup>\*</sup> See § 8 below.

<sup>+</sup> Journ. As. Soc. Bengal, lii. 97.

No.	Mint.	Year: Month	Obv.	Rev.
Æ 285	Agrah	47 Tír [1010]	اكبر شاهم ياك تانكم	تير المح ۱ <sup>2</sup> ۷ اكره ضرب ضرب (One tanka.) Æ:55
286	,,	47 Abán [1010]	اڪبر شاهي دو تانڪ	,, but ابان (Two tankas.) GRANT. Æ 18
287	,,	4x	In centre, within orna- mented border, ضرب اکرہ Margin obliterated.	اد کی ایک کا در
287a	,,	50 Shah- riwar [1013]	<u>اڪبر شاھي</u> دو تانک	شهرور الم ظ۰ ضرب اکره (Two tunkas.) EDEN. Æ ·7
2876		Khúr- dád	ت]نکه اکبر شاهے شانزدهم حص[ت	المج خورداد (Tanka.) EDEN. Æ ·5
				·

but, while it is most probably the same name, there can be no question that the last letter on the copper coins nos. 263, 271, is not i. Several places called Deogaon are mentioned in Abu-l-Fazl's list of Todar Mal's rentroll. Málpúr in Gujarát, and Bairátah, which Gen. Sir Alex. Cunningham supposes to be Vairáta, in Rájputána, noted for copper mines, are among the rarer mints which occur only among Akbar's copper currency. The mint Tattah has frequently been confused with Patnah: the distinction is explained in a footnote to p. 37.

Among Jahángír's mints we find evidence of this Emperor's well-known predilection for the cool valleys of Kashmír and Afghánistán as refuges from the summer heats of the Indian plains. Kashmir, Kandahar, and Kábul occur frequently upon his coins; and at first sight one is tempted to identify Jahángírnagar with Jahángírpúr, a familiar hunting-ground of the Emperor on the way from Lahore to Kashmir, especially as it first occurs at a time when he was frequently in that neighbourhood: but a comparison of the style of the engraving on the coins of this mint with that of the contemporary coins of Patnah, another mint of the Eastern Súbahs, leaves little doubt that Prof. Dowson \* is right in identifying Jahángírnagar with Dhákká (originally Bengálah).† Jahángír not only celebrated his own name in the christening of the city of Jahángírnagar: he also named Akbarnagar (Ráimahall) after his father. So Sháh-Jahán called the new suburb he added to Dehlí in 1648 (1058) Sháhjahánábád, and renamed Agrah Akbarábád. In later times we meet with other eponymous mints, as Murádábád (so named after Murád Bakhsh), Aurangábád and 'Álamgírpúr (after Aurangzib 'Álamgír).

<sup>.</sup> ED. vii. 241.

<sup>†</sup> Cunningham, Arch. Survey, xv. 127.

# IV.-NÚR-AD-DÍN JAHÁNGÍR.

A.H. 1014 - 1037 = A.D. 1605 - 1627.

1	Vo.	Mint.	Year Month	Regnal	
	4R 88	Ahmad- ábád	Far- war- din	2	I.—AS GOVERNOR, WITH NAME SALÍM.  SILVER.  Obv.  مالك البلكي[پ
					اهمداباد سلیم سلیم شاه سلطان ا]گسبسر شاه فروردین
28			Khur-	2	Pr. VIII. CUNNINGHAM. R. 75, Wt. 176  Obv. as 288.
20			dád		Rev. as 288 : but خورداد
		·		1	GIBBS. 28. 76, W. 1mc

A'zamnagar (after A'zam), Mu'azzamábád (after Mu'azzam, Bahádur's original name), Farrukhábád (after Farrukh-siyar), and 'Azímábád (Patnah, after 'Azímash-Shán). In like manner Murshidábád (formerly Makhsúsábád) records the name of Mír Ja'far Khán, the Diwan or revenue officer and afterwards Nawab Názim or military governor of Bengal (1704-1725), who received the title of Murshid Kuli Khán; while Najíbábád was the capital of the famous Rohila chief Najíb-ad-daulah, of the time of Sháh-'Álam. In still more recent days we meet with such combinations as Abbottábád. Some of these new names for old cities are difficult to identify: e.g. 'Alamgirpur and Zafarpur, in the time of Aurangzib; Mu'azzamábád in that of Rafi'-ad-daraját, and Bahádurpatan in that of Sháh-'Álam. permitted to regard such terms as -púr, -nagar, -garh, -patan, and -ábád, as interchangeable (which is doubtful), 'Alamgírpúr may stand for 'Alamgírnagar in Bengal, Zafarpúr for Zafarábád, in the province of Alláhábád (N.W.P.), or for Zafarnagar noar Burhánpúr, and Bahádurpatan for Bahádurgarh, which is frequently mentioned in the wars of the time of Shah-'Alam. Mu'azzamábád, however, cannot be explained by any such hypothesis; and Nasratábád, in Aurangzíb's reign, may represent any newly conquered city, or may be the modern Násirábád. Dilshádábád, again, "City of heart's content," is a species of pet-name.

No.	Mint.	Year: Month.	Regnal		
N					IIAS EMPEROR.  GOLD. IWITHOUT PORTRAITS, &c.
290	Agrah	1015	_	Obv.	مهر وماه نـــــك ساحت نورا بر <u>روى زرران</u> ضر <sup>ر<u>ان</u>ا اکره</sup>
				Rev	شــاه ابن اكبر پـاد نـــكـــيـــر نور الدين جها شــاه عـــاه
291	Lahore	1015	1	Obv.	الله لا اله الا مـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				Rev.	غـــازے جہانکیر پادشاہ نصور السدیــن انسور السدیــن السدیــن السدیــن PL. VIII. CUNNINGHAM. N '9, Wt. 302

by the remote situation of Júnágarh, a fortress in Káthiáwár, renowned for its formidable strength, but taken by Akbar after three months' siego in 999 (early in 1591) and annexed to the empire.\* It is true that Júnágarh is generally spelt with an alif (جونا كره, "Old Fort"), but it may nevertheless have been originally derived from the name Júnah, جونه, which belonged to Muhammad ibn Taghlak, and afterwards have been corrupted to suit the meaning of "Old Fort." Júnágarh was an important stronghold, the chief place in the district of Súrat in Káthiáwár (not to be confounded with the greater Súrat further to the south-east). Sir Thomas Roe+ refers to it as the capital of "Soret," and Mandelslo mentions it under the name of "Jangar" as the chief city of that district. It is still a separate native state and has had a Nawab of its own for the last century and a half. Akbar found here and at the greater Súrat (which he took in 980) some guns and mortars abandoned by the Ottoman Sultán Sulaimán the Great, after his fruitless attack on Diu in 1538. Sháh-Jahán's reign may be noted an indication of the southward expansion of the empire in the occurrence of of the mint Daulatábád (the ancient Deogír) on coins of 1039 &c., the date of this Emperor's first campaign in the Deccan.

<sup>\*</sup> Tabakát-i Akbarí, ED. v. 461, 466.

<sup>†</sup> Journal, Pinkerton, viii. 55.

1	7	+	1-	
No.	Mint.	Year ; Month	Regual Year,	
AV 292	Lahore	1015	1	برنك مهبر وهاهنع زررا ساخـت نــوراع
				لاهور ضــر <sup>ا ۱</sup> ۱۰۱ رو
				شاه ابن اکبر پاد نــــــــــر
				نور الدين جها شــاه
				اسنه ا Pt. VIII. CUNNINGHAM. N 9, Wt. 202
29 <b>3</b> sq.	,,	,,	,,	As 292: but arrangement of obv. inscription slightly varied, and wited on rev.
				CUNNINGHAM. N '85, Wt. 201
294 sq.	,,	1016	3	As 293 : but ۱ . ۱ ٦, and ~ above اكبر
				Pt. VIII. BUSH. N '0, Wt. 201
295	Agrah	1017	4	اگ د کیتے
				اڪـــره خـــرو شــــــــر
			.	سکمه زد در ۱۰۱۰ Rev. as 292: arrangement varied, year of reign at
				left side ;e
				Pr. VIII. CUNNINGHAM. N 10, Wt. 211
294	., ,,	1018	5	As 295: but   .   A and year of reign 8  STUBBS. N 10, Wt. 211

was changed to Iláhábád by Sháh-Jahán. The latter form, however, as well as Iláhábás, occurs on coins of Akbar himself.

The rival princes Shujá' and Murád Bakhsh divided the empire, before the triumph of Aurangzíb: Shujá's advance from Bengal is marked by his issuing coins at Akbarábád (Agrah); while Murád struck at the old and future capitals of Gujarát, Ahmadábád and Súrat, and also at Cambay. It should be noticed that in this, the earliest, occurrence of the mint Cambay, the name is spelt correctly correctly Khanbáyat or Khanbáit (pronounced Khambáit). It is stated in the Túzak-i Jahángírí or "Momoirs of Jahángir" that Khambáit is derived from Khamb, a pillar; whence Khambáwatí and Khambáit.\* On later coins the name is spelt ————, without the h.

Aurangzíb's coinage exhibits several mints unused by his predecessors, chiefly situated in the Deccan, where, as has been seen, he waged continual war. The chief mint is Aurangábád (also called on coins and in Kháfí Khan's history, Khujistah-bunyád, or "Auspicious Structure,") named after himself, and henceforward the capital of the Moghul power in the Deccan,—a dignity previously enjoyed by Burhánpúr. Other Deccan mints now appearing for the first time are Golkondah,† Ahmadnagar, Bíjápúr, Chínápatan (the old name for Madras), and Masulipatan (Machhlipatan). In Hindústán we find

<sup>\*</sup>ED. vi. 354. It should be added that no coins are known corresponding to the "gold and silver tankas" described in the Memoirs as having been struck at Cambay in A.H. 1027, regnal year 12, "ten and twenty times heavier than the current gold mohr and rupee," and with the remarkable legend (on the silver), "After the conquest of the Deccan he came from Mándú to Gujarát." Jahángír claims them as "an invention of my own," and calls them "Jahangírí tankas," adding that all previous tankas were of copper.

<sup>†</sup> The coin No. 726 is erroneously printed Calcutta: it should of course be Golkondah.

No.	Mint.	Year; Month.	Regnal Year.	
N 297	Agrah	1020 Mihr	6	Obv., within scalloped border,  ممهر السه
	9			ا ڪـــــره ضــــرب
				Rev., within octagonal border, اکبر شاه نکیر شاه جـــها نور الدین
				Pt. VIII. CUNNINGHAM. N '98, Wt. 168
298	"	1021 Mihr	7	As 297: but eightfoil borders, and beneath obv., المناه المناف ا
299	,,	1021 Dai	,,	Obv., within double dotted border, ماه دی اله ضرب اکره ۱۰۲۱
				شـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				Rev. as 297, but leaf border.  GRANT. N '9, Wt. 107
<b>3</b> 00	"	1022 Ardi- bihist	"	Obv., within double dotted border, <u>ضرب اکره الع</u>
*	,			۸ بسهست ۱۰۲۰ مساه اردی
				Rev. as 297, but double dotted border. PL. VIII. CUNKINGHAM. N '95, Wt. 168

as new mints Lucknow, Barailí, Zafarábád, and the unidentified names already referred to:—Zafarpúr, 'Álamgírpúr, and Nasratábád.

Of the later Emperors and aspirants to the throne, A'zam and Kám Bakhsh struck coins only in the Dekhan, the latter adding Haidarábád to the list of Moghul mints; Bahádur struck at Sholápúr in the Deccan (ceded to Aurangzíb in 1668 by 'Alí 'Ádil Sháh of Bíjápúr), and Ujjain in Málwah; and re-named Patnah 'Azímábád, after his son 'Azim-ash-Shan. In Farrukh-siyar's currency Arkát, A'zamnagar, and Murshidábád appear for the first time; and a diminutive gold coinage, resembling that of southern India, forms a new feature; it issued from Imtiyázgarh ("Distinction-Fort," Aurangzíb's new name for Adoni, which I at first read Imtivaz Karrah), Gútí, Gangpúr (in Chutiá Nágpúr), and another mint which is illegible. A similar issue, also from Imtiyázgarh, occurs in the coinage of Muhammad Shah and of 'Alamgir II. Two new mints appear with the name of Rafi'-addaraját: Mu'azzamábád (unidentified) and Kúrá, which is probably not the Kúrá near Sironj, but the city spelt variously کوره and گوره, in the Duáb, and generally written Korah in the maps. Muhammad Sháh repeats the rare mints Kúrá and Imtivázgarh, and adds Benáres, Akbarnagar-Oudh, Farrukhábád, Siwáï-Jaipúr (founded in his day by Siwái-Jai-Singh), Islámábád (the new name given to Chátgáon, or Chittagong, on its conquest in 1076), Sháhábád (an ancient city in the province of Oudh, with the addition on the coin of the word اجايور, and Ajáyúr, افتوج thus pointed, possibly Ajáyapúr, the old name of Bakror.\* Murádábád, though by no means a new creation, first appears in this series on a coin of Ahmad Shah; and Indrapur (the old name of Indore •) on the issues of 'Alamgir II. In Shah-'Alam's

Cunningham, Arch. Survey, i. 18.

No.	Mint.	Year : Month	Regnal Year.	,
A 301	Agrah	1024 Ardi- bihist	10	As 300: but
				<b>MARSDEN.</b> N '85, Wt. 108
302	Ajmír	1025	-	دین پناه اه <u>دین پناه</u> اه
				در اجمیر
				ُ زد بـرز ایـن
				نکیر ابن اکبر پادشاه Rev.
	,			
	'			نــــور الديــــن شاه
				PL. VIII. CUNNING HAM. N '75, Wt. 168
303	Agrah	1025 Abán	11	ماه ابان الهع
				ضرب اڪـره 
				<del>د'' نـــه</del> ۱۰۲۶
	١			Rev. as 297.
				N -75, Wt. 165
304	,,	1026 Mihr	12	Obv., within double dotted border,
		JIIDF		ماه مهر الهع
	,			ضرب اکرہ ۱۲ س <u>ن</u> ه
				Der as 1907 , but handon of date
1	ţ			Rev. as 297: but border of dots.  N. P. Wi. 166

time the new mints of Bahádur-patan and Najíbábád (already referred to), Srínagar and Dilshádábád, appear for the first time.

Several of the principal mints are generally, but not invariably, provided with honorific prefixes. Thus Lahore is styled Dár-as-Saltanah, "Seat of Empire;" Dehlí, Dár-al-Khiláfah, "Seat of the Caliphate;" Bijápúr, Dár-az-Zafar, "Seat of Victory;" Ajmír, Dár-al-Khair, "Seat of Weal;" Kábul, Dár-al-Mulk, "Seat of Royalty;" Agrah, Mustakarr-al-Khiláfah "Resting place of the Khalifate;" Multán, Dár-al-Amán, "Seat of Safety." A list of these is given in Index II A. Mr. Rodgers\* mentions Bandar-al-Mubárak, "the Blessed Port," as a prefix of Súrat (so termed because it was the Báb-al-hájj, or starting point of the Indian pilgrimage to Mekka), and Baldat-al-Fákhirah, "the Resplendent Town," as a prefix of Burhánpúr: neither of these occurs in the British Museum collection.

Abu-l-Fazl's Ain-i Akbari contains some sections on Akbar's mints and their management, and the simple processes of assaying and coining; and the late Mr. Blochmann's translation reproduces some native drawings of the various operations in use in Akbar's time. The chief officer of the mint was the dárógah,† under whom were the sairafi or sarráf (assayer), the foreman, clerk, bullion-buyer, treasurer, weigher, melter, and plate-maker or flan-cutter (zarráb), and sikkachi or puncher. The best engraver of dies was 'Alí Ahmad, of Dehlí.‡

<sup>•</sup> Proceedings As. Soc. Bengal, Jan. 1883.

<sup>†</sup> Or 'darugha, in Mongol de likhans of Persia: see my Catalogue of Oriental Coins, vol. vi. p. lxvi. &c. Sir William Hedges, in 1682-4, speaks of the "droga" of the mint (Diary, ed. Yule, i. 129, Hakluyt Society).

† Afa, transl. H. Blochmann, i. 18-22 (1873).

No.	Mint.	Year ; Month.	Regnal year.		
<b>A</b> 305	Agrah	1028	14	Obv.	بجہان بــــــت
					نشان زپنج نسو تـــاهــت پنج مهر یش باد روان ســـکـــه ایــن ۱۴
				Rev.	از شجهانکیر بسود دور زمان
					اوســـــت در اکــره زنـام فــــشـــان زر نور ۱۰۲۸ زر نور ۱۰۲۸ PL. IX. (Five mohre.) I.O.C. AV 1'45, Wt. 843
306	Ahmad- ábád	1028	"	Obv.	بـشـرق وغـرب ۱۱ <sup>۳</sup> خاده سنه جلوس سنه
				Rev.	مهر احبیدایاد الیمی تاجیان عمال عمالکیر شاه اکبر شاه
					باشد روان باد Pr. VIII. MARSDEN. A -86, Wt. 100
307	"	1029	15	As 806 : 1	ent   .   9 and   8  PRINSEP. N '85, WL 188

According to Lieut. Moor,\* who wrote in 1794, the method of coining in Bombay was extremely primitive. and doubtless had remained unchanged for centuries: "the metal is brought to the mint in bars the size of the little finger, where are a number of persons seated on the ground provided with scales and weights, a hammer, and an instrument between a chissel and a punch: before each man's birth is fixed a stone by way of anvil. The bars are cut into pieces, by guess, and if, on weighing, any deficiency is found, a little particle is punched into the intended rupee; if too heavy, a piece is cut off, and so on until the exact quantity remains. These pieces are then taken to a second person, whose whole apparatus consists of a hammer and a stone anvil. and he batters them into something of a round shape, about seven eighths of an inch diameter, and one eighth thick: when they are ready for the impression. The die is composed of two pieces, one inserted firmly into the ground; the other, about eight inches long, is held in the right hand of the operator, who, squatting on his heels ... fills his left hand with the intended coins, which he with inconceivable quickness slips upon the fixed die with his thumb and middle finger, with his fore finger as dexterously removing them when his assistant, a second man with a mall, has given it the impression, which he does as rapidly as he can raise and strike with the mall on the die held in the right hand of the coiner. . . . The rupee is then sent to the Treasury, ready for currency, as no milling or any farther process is considered necessary."

Narrative of the operations of Captain Little's Detachment, etc.,
 499, 500.

No.	Mint.	Year: Month.	Regraal vear.		
<i>N</i> 308	Jahán- gírna- gar	[1033-4] Isfan- dár- miz	19	Obv.	س]فندار[مز] الم ماه ۱ جهانکیرنکر ۱۹ ضرب
				Rev. as 297.	Pt. VIII. I.O.C. N '6, Wt. 16
309	Patuah	1035 Bah- man	20	Obv.	ماه بههن الهم ۲۰ پتنسه ضرب
				Rev. as 297.	GRANT. N . 65, Wt. 16
310	Lahore	1036	22	Obv.	سكمه لاهبور ب بساد ابسررو مسيمهنست مسيمهنست
				Rev.	شاه اکبر نور نسکسیسر زنام شاه جها ۱۳۱
311	Burbán- púr	Abán	_	Obv.	Fr. VIII. A -85, Wt. 16  ابان المح  برهانپور  اسب
				Rev. as 297.	PL. VIII. PRINSEP. N *65, Wt. 16

### § 4. ERAS, REGNAL YEARS, AND PERSIAN MONTHS.

THE era exclusively employed by all the Moghul Emperors, with the exception of Akbar, is the Muhammadan Hijrah. Akbar also made use of this reckoning up to the 28th (solar) year of his reign, beginning 11 March, o.s., 1583, A.H. 991,\* when he instituted his Iláhí or "divine" epoch, composed of solar years, and dating from the vernal equinox of the first year of his reign (1556). The British Museum possesses one rupee of the 28th year of this epoch; and from this time to the end of the reign the Iláhí years were employed to the almost total exclusion + of the Muhammadan reckoning. with the use of the Iláhí epoch, the custom of recording the month of issue was introduced upon the currency. The months thus employed were those of the ancient Persian Kalendar, consisting of twelve solar months: Farwardín, Ardíbihist, Khúrdád, Tír, Mardád, Shahriwar, Mihr, Abán, Azur, Dai, Bahman and Isfandármiz.

The following table of Akbar's Iláhí years, from the 28th, when the new reckoning was introduced, will be found useful. It is taken from Sir Henry Elliot's table in the History of India as told by its own Historians, vol. iv., p. 246.

Abu-1-Faxl, in the Ain, places the date of inauguration of the Iláhi era at A.H. 992. The discrepancy between this statement and the positive evidence of the rupes no. 177, which bears the regnal year 28, beginning 28 Safar, or March 10, 991, may be reconciled by supposing the change of reckoning to have taken place near the end of the solar year, which would bring it into the new Hijrah year 992, and A.D. 1584.

<sup>†</sup> See, however, pp. 20, 30-1, and 47.

No.	Mint.	Year.	tognal Foar.	
N 312		1020	6	II.—With Portrait of Jahángír.  Obv. Bust of Jahángír, to left, radiate, wearing turban with egret (jikkah), and brocaded dress, and holding the Book in his hand: at left ما اكبر شاه اكبر شاه اكبر شاه اكبر شاه اكبر شاه ا
				at right, سنه ۳ جلوس Rev. Lion to left, surmounted by setting sun:  1.r.  beneath, سنه هجرى PL. IX. MARSDEN. N '9, Wt. 168
313		,,	,,	Same: but lion to right.  PL. IX. MARSDEN. N '9, Wt. 168
314	-	"	"	Same: but holding fruit in left hand in front of mouth, and resting right hand on left forearm; lion to right.  PL. IX. PAYNE KNIGHT. N '85, Wt. 168
315, 316		"	,,	Same: but holding goblet in right hand in front of eyes, and the Book in left; شش instead of ٦; lion to right.  PL. IX. PAYNE KNIGHT. N '85, Wt. 169 (Ringed.) MARSDEN. N '85
317		1021	7	Obv. Jahángír, nimbate, seated cross-legged on throne, head to left, and goblet in right hand.  Rev., within ornamented eightfoil,  الكير شاه اكبر شاه اكبر شاه اكبر شاه الكيد الدين الماد الما

## AKBAR'S ILÁHÍ YEARS

### from the 28th to the 50th

#### WITH THE CORRESPONDING HIJRAH AND CHRISTIAN YEARS.

29  ,, 992 ( 8 Rabí' I.) 1584  80  ,, 993 (19  ,, ) 1585  31  ,, 994 (29  ,, ) 1586  82  ,, 995 (11  ,, II.) 1587  83  ,, 996 (22  ,, ) 1588  34  ,, 997 ( 4 Jumádá I.) 1589  35  ,, 998 (14  ,, ) 1590  36  ,, 999 (24  ,, ) 1591  37  ,, 1000 ( 5  ,, II.) 1592  38  ,, 1001 (17  ,, ) 1593  39  ,, 1002 (28  ,, ) 1594  40  ,, 1003 ( 9 Rajab) 1595  41  ,, 1004 (20  ,, ) 1596  42  ,, 1005 ( 2 Sha'bán) 1597  43  ,, 1006 (13  ,, ) 1598  44  ,, 1007 (23  ,, ) 1599	ILÁHÍ	A.H.	A.D.
30  ,, 993 (19  ,, ) 1585 31  ,, 994 (29  ,, ) 1586 32  ,, 995 (11  ,, II.) 1587 33  ,, 996 (22  ,, ) 1588 34  ,, 997 ( 4 Jumádá I.) 1589 35  ,, 998 (14  ,, ) 1590 36  ,, 999 (24  ,, ) 1591 37  ,, 1000 ( 5  ,, II.) 1592 38  ,, 1001 (17  ,, ) 1593 39  ,, 1002 (28  ,, ) 1594 40  ,, 1003 ( 9 Rajab) 1595 41  ,, 1004 (20  ,, ) 1596 42  ,, 1005 ( 2 Sha'bán) 1597 43  ,, 1006 (13  ,, ) 1598 44  ,, 1007 (23  ,, ) 1599	28 began	n 991 (28 Safar)	1583 (11 March,*o.s.)
31  ,, 994 (29  ,, ) 1586 32  ,, 995 (11  ,, II.) 1587 33  ,, 996 (22  ,, ) 1588 34  ,, 997 ( 4 Jumádá I.) 1589 35  ,, 998 (14  ,, ) 1590 36  ,, 999 (24  ,, ) 1591 37  ,, 1000 ( 5   ,, II.) 1592 38  ,, 1001 (17  ,, ) 1593 39  ,, 1002 (28  ,, ) 1594 40  ,, 1003 ( 9 Rajab)  1595 41  ,, 1004 (20  ,, ) 1596 42  ,, 1005 ( 2 Sha'bán)  1597 43  ,, 1006 (13  ,, ) 1598 44  ,, 1007 (23  ,, ) 1599	29 "	992 ( 8 Rabí' I.)	1584
32  ,, 995 (11  ,, II.) 1587 33  ,, 996 (22  ,, ) 1588 34  ,, 997 ( 4 Jumádá I.) 1589 35  ,, 998 (14  ,, ) 1590 36  ,, 999 (24  ,, ) 1591 37  ,, 1000 ( 5  ,, II.) 1592 38  ,, 1001 (17  ,, ) 1593 39  ,, 1002 (28  ,, ) 1594 40  ,, 1003 ( 9 Rajab) 1595 41  ,, 1004 (20  ,, ) 1596 42  ,, 1005 ( 2 Sha'bán) 1597 43  ,, 1006 (13  ,, ) 1598 44  ,, 1007 (23  ,, ) 1599	<b>3</b> 0 ,,	993 (19 " )	1585
83 ,, 996 (22 ,, ) 1588 34 ,, 997 ( 4 Jumádá I.) 1589 35 ,, 998 (14 ,, ) 1590 36 ,, 999 (24 ,, ) 1591 37 ,, 1000 ( 5 ,, II.) 1592 38 ,, 1001 (17 ,, ) 1593 39 ,, 1002 (28 ,, ) 1594 40 ,, 1003 ( 9 Rajab) 1595 41 ,, 1004 (20 ,, ) 1596 42 ,, 1005 ( 2 Sha'bán) 1597 43 ,, 1006 (13 ,, ) 1598 44 ,, 1007 (23 ,, ) 1599	31 "	994 (29 ,, )	<b>1586</b>
34 ,, 997 ( 4 Jumádá I.) 1589 35 ,, 998 (14 ,, ) 1590 36 ,, 999 (24 ,, ) 1591 37 ,, 1000 ( 5 ,, II.) 1592 38 ,, 1001 (17 ,, ) 1593 39 ,, 1002 (28 ,, ) 1594 40 ,, 1003 ( 9 Rajab) 1595 41 ,, 1004 (20 ,, ) 1596 42 ,, 1005 ( 2 Sha'bán) 1597 43 ,, 1006 (13 ,, ) 1598 44 ,, 1007 (23 ,, ) 1599	32 "	995 (11 " II.)	1587
35 ,, 998 (14 ,, ) 1590 36 ,, 999 (24 ,, ) 1591 37 ,, 1000 ( 5 ,, II.) 1592 38 ,, 1001 (17 ,, ) 1593 39 ,, 1002 (28 ,, ) 1594 40 ,, 1003 ( 9 Rajab) 1595 41 ,, 1004 (20 ,, ) 1596 42 ,, 1005 ( 2 Sha'bán) 1597 43 ,, 1006 (13 ,, ) 1598 44 ,, 1007 (23 ,, ) 1599	33 "	996 (22 ,, )	1588
36 , 999 (24 ,, ) 1591 37 , 1000 (5 ,, II.) 1592 38 , 1001 (17 ,, ) 1593 39 , 1002 (28 ,, ) 1594 40 , 1003 (9 Rajab) 1595 41 ,, 1004 (20 ,, ) 1596 42 ,, 1005 (2 Sha'bán) 1597 43 ,, 1006 (13 ,, ) 1598 44 ,, 1007 (23 ,, ) 1599	34 "	997 ( 4 Jumádá I.)	1589
37 ,, 1000 ( 5 ,, II.) 1592 38 ,, 1001 (17 ,, ) 1593 39 ,, 1002 (28 ,, ) 1594 40 ,, 1003 ( 9 Rajab) 1595 41 ,, 1004 (20 ,, ) 1596 42 ,, 1005 ( 2 Sha'bán) 1597 43 ,, 1006 (13 ,, ) 1598 44 ,, 1007 (23 ,, ) 1599	35 ,,	998 (14 ,, )	1590
38  ,, 1001 (17  ,, ) 1593 39  ,, 1002 (28  ,, ) 1594 40  ,, 1003 ( 9 Rajab)	36 "	999 (24 ,, )	1591
39  ,, 1002 (28  ,, ) 1594 40  ,, 1003 ( 9 Rajab)	37 "	1000 ( 5 " II.)	1592
40 ,, 1003 ( 9 Rajab) 1595 41 ,, 1004 (20 ,, ) 1596 42 ,, 1005 ( 2 Sha'bán) 1597 43 ,, 1006 (13 ,, ) 1598 44 ,, 1007 (23 ,, ) 1599	38 "	1001 (17 ,, )	1593
41 ,, 1004 (20 ,, ) 1596 42 ,, 1005 ( 2 Sha'bán) 1597 43 ,, 1006 (13 ,, ) 1598 44 ,, 1007 (23 ,, ) 1599	39 "	1002 (28 ,, )	1594
42 , 1005 ( 2 Sha'bán) 1597 43 , 1006 (13 ,, ) 1598 44 , 1007 (23 ,, ) 1599	40 "	1003 ( 9 Rajab)	1595
48 ,, 1006 (13 ,, ) 1598 44 ,, 1007 (23 ,, ) 1599	41 "	1004 (20 ,, )	1596
44 ,, 1007 (23 ,, ) 1599	42 "	1005 ( 2 Sha'bán)	1597
	43 "	1006 (13 ,, )	1598
	44 ,,	1007 (23 ,, )	1599
45 , 1008 ( 4 Ramazán) 1600	45 ,,	1008 ( 4 Ramazán)	1600
46 ,, 1009 (15 ,, ) 1601	46 "	1009 (15 ,, )	1601
<b>47</b> ,, 1010 (26 ,, ) 1602	47 ,,	1010 (26 ,, )	1602
48 ,, 1011 ( 6 Shawwal) 1603		1011 ( 6 Shawwal)	1603
49 ,, 1012 (17 ,, ) 1604	40		
50 ,, 1013 (28 ,, ) 1605	48 ,,		1604

<sup>\*</sup> Beginning of course at subset on the 10th, as the Muhammadan day begins at night.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
N 318	Ajmír	1023	8	Obv. Jehángír, nimbate, scated cross-legged on throne, head to left, and goblet in right hand.
				بروی سکه زر داد چندین روز نو زینت شبیه شاه
				نور الدين جهانكير ابن اكبر شاه
	- 1			Rev. In centre, lion to right surmounted by sun.
				Beneath,   . T F
				زد بزر این سکه در اجمیر شاه دین پناه شاه Around,
				نور الدين جهانكير ابن اكبر پادشاه
				PL. IX. PAYNE KNIGHT. N '75, Wt. 169
319,	,,	,,	9	Obv. as 318, but
320, 321				قضا بر سکه زر کرد تصویر . At right
				شبيه حضرت شاه جهانكير
				حروف جهانكير والله اكبر
				عين اجهير يا 9 Sun ع
				ا مصرب
				ניפנ ונל בי שבי היי הייוהיי
				PL. IX. I.O.C. N '8, Wt. 168 BIRD. N '8, Wt. 168
				MARSDEN. N '8, Wt. 166
		1		

When Jahángír succeeded his father, he abolished the Iláhí era, and reverted to that of the Hijrah, even specifying the word Hijri on some coins. But, whilst reverting to the lunar reckoning for the years counted from the Hijrah, or ordinary "date" of his coins, he still employed the solar year and Persian months in stating the year of his reign on the coinage, though without any pretence of establishing a new epoch, but simply as our own Acts of Parliament are dated by the Queen's regnal years. This singular juxtaposition of lunar and solar years on the currency has not, I believe, been noticed by numismatists; but the use of the Persian names of months would by itself suggest the employment of a solar reckoning, and the statement of Kháfi Khán the historian and the evidence of the coins themselves place the matter beyond a doubt. It will be found that as the lunar years are about ten days shorter than solar, and therefore advance more rapidly, so on the coins the Hijrah years overtake and finally overlap the regnal years. Thus the regnal year 22 appears on the coins in conjunction with the Hijrah years 1036 and 1037, i.e. it began in 1036 and ended in 1037; whereas, had the regnal reckoning been lunar, 1036-7 would have corresponded to parts of the regnal year 23 (beginning Ramazán 1036). Besides retaining Akbar's solar reckoning for regnal years, Jahángír preserved the special term Iláhí in connexion with the regnal year, using it in the same manner as julús-a term which he also occasionally employed. Thus he inscribed his coins with ضرب اكره 1 ماه مهر الهي, and also with The custom of recording the julus or regnal year was preserved by all succeeding Emperors and pretenders; but the solar years and Persian months were banished from the coinage and the exchequer by Aurangzib, who was, as has been seen,

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	Zodiacal sign.	
A 322	$oldsymbol{\Lambda}$ grah	1028	14	Aries	III.—With Zodiacal Signs.  Obv. Ram skipping, to left, surmounted by sun: beneath,
					اک بر اکر شاہ از جہانگیر شاہ از جہانگیر شاہ یاف سے یا بھی تاہم یاف سے یالی اسے یاف سے یالی بھی بھی بھی بھی بھی بھی بھی بھی بھی بھ
323	"	1030	16	,,	As 322, but no inscription on obv.; and   • \( \tilde{\pi} \) and   1 on rev.  PL. X. MARSDEN. N 8, Wt. 168
324 325 326	,	1028	3 14	Taurus	Obv. Humped bull, standing, to left, surrounded by solar rays.  Rev.  الشاه الشاه المسائليو الم

a zealous Muhammadan, and thenceforward the lunar reckoning was strictly adhered to, together with the Arabian months, though these are never named on the coins. It should be observed that discrepancies between the Hijrah year and the regnal year are not infrequent. Sometimes this is due to the employment of an old die; sometimes it is caused by the carelessness of the mint-The use of the solar reckoning for the regnal years, and the lunar for the Hijrah date, during Jahángír's and Sháh-Jahán's reigns, when the two were constantly shifting their relative positions, may reasonably have caused some confusion. The Hijrah and regnal dates are always expressed in figures, not words; except the first year of the reign, which is usually written ...., and the year 1000, الف:\* and excepting also the Hijrah years on Akbar's copper coins, which are expressed in Persian numerals (نبصد وهشتاد وهفت, &c.).

<sup>\*</sup> On a probable mystical interpretation of this numeral, in connexion with the anticipated end of the world at the thousandth year of the Hijrah, see above, lii.

	+				
Zodiacal sigu.	Zodiacal sign.	Кокли усаг.	Year.	Mint.	No.
Taurus Obv. as 324: but bull to right.	Taurus	16	1030	Agrah	A 327, 328
Rev. as 322: but years   . ~ . and					
As 327: but years   . Frand   A  PAYNE KNIGHT. N . 85, Wt. 168	,,	18	1032	,,	329
Gemini Obv. Two naked male figures embracing, surrounded by solar rays.	Gemini	15	1029	,,	830
Rev. as 322, but 1.79 and 18					
PAYNE KNIGHT. N '8, Wt. 168					
As 330: but twins smaller, differently posed, and brandishing one a mace, the other a pair of weights (?); on reverse,     and	"	16	1031	,,	331
PL. X. 1.0.C. N '8, Wt. 168					
,, As 330: but 1 • FT and 1 ^	,,	18	1032	,,	332
PL. X. GEORGE III. R. W . 8, Wt. 164					
" As 330: but 1. TT and 19	,,	19	1033	,,	333
MARSDEN. N '8, Wt. 169					•
Cancer Obv. Crab, erect, surmounted by sun; five stars in field, and six on back of crab; beneath, 10	Cancer	15	1029	,,	<b>33</b> 3a <b>3</b> 33b
Rev. as 322: but 1 • ٢٩	11				
PL. X. PAYNE ENIGHT N '8, Wt. 168  MARSDEN. N '8, Wt. 168					11

# § 5. INSORIPTIONS, TITLES, WEIGHT, &c.

THE earliest coins of the Moghal Emperors naturally followed the design and style, and adopted the broad thin shape, of the coins of the Transoxine Tunúrís from whom Bábar sprang. He and his sen Humáyún placed the Kalimak, or profession of faith in God and his Prophet in the obverse area, and surrounded it with a marginal inscription containing the names and virtues of the first Four Khalifs. On the reverse were arranged, partly in the margin, partly in the area, the name, surname (lakah), and titles of the Emperor, which began with the usual Transoxine style of السلطان الإعظم الخاقان "the mightiest Sultan, the honourable Khakan," Zahír-ad-dín Muhammad Bábar, or Abu-l-Muzaffar Muhammad Humáyán, and ended with the most general of all Moghul titles, Pádisháh Gházi, "Victorious King," خلد الله تعالى ملكه, together with the benedictory formula, خلد الله تعالى ملكه or part of it. Humáyún on one coin introduced, وسلطانه the innovation of سيد السلاطين, "Lord of Sultans," into his title; and on another he used, once only, the Koranic verse برزق الله من يشاء بغير حساب, "God rewards whom He wills without reckoning" (Kor. ii. 208).

Akbar for a short time followed the example of his predecessors and adopted the Transoxine style of coin, and the same elaborate titles; but already, by the influence of Todar Mal, Arabic was being superseded by Persian in the imperial bureaux and among the engravers of seals and coins;\* and by this time Akbar had

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal	Zodiacal sign.	
A <sup>7</sup> 3330	Agrah	1030	16	Cancer	As 333a: but nothing beneath obv. and no pellets on back of crab; on rev., years
					ا شاہ above اکبر ; ۱۰۳۰ and ۱۹; شاہ above اکبر . (Rude work.*)
334	"	1028	14	Leo	Obv. Lion passant to right, surrounded by المالك ا
					Rev. as 322: but   • 「^ PL. X. MARSDEN. N '85, Wt. 104
					P.L. A. MARSDEN, P 60, W. 104
335	"	1029	15	"	As 334: but مسنه and [۱] ۰ ۲۹ <i>CUNNING HAM. N</i> .75, Wt. 164
336	,,	1031	17	"	As 334: but inscription on obv. effaced, and
į					I • F I and I V on rev.  PAYNE KNIGHT. N '8, Wt. 168
337	"	1031	17	,,	As 334: but lion to left, no inscription on obv.;
					* Three of these Zodiacal mohrs exhibit very rude workmanship, 333c, 339 and 346a; all these are of the year 1030, and 16 of reign, and all arrange the top of reverse instead of

realized the wisdom of conforming to the traditional preference of his Indian subjects for thick dumpy coins, instead of the broad thin pieces of the Khalifs and their successors. Accordingly, we see him abandoning the Transoxine forms; first the Khákán disappeared, then the Sultán, and finally there remained only the title Pádisháh Ghází, which continued in vogue to the end of the Moghul empire. The Kalimah and Khalifs' names, however, still retained their place in the obverse area and margin, and the benediction, دل or رضي الله عنهم الله بهم, was sometimes appended. At the same time he adopted the thicker form which continued henceforward to be characteristic of the Moghul currency. The coins of Akbar and of his successors, Jahángír and Sháh-Jahán, are splendid specimens of the moneyer's art. They may be compared advantageously in respect of execution and uniformity of standard with any contemporary European money, and far excel any other Oriental coinage. The inscriptions are boldly yet gracefully drawn in the rohani (and sometimes the ta'lik) character. and the borders and other ornaments are simple and artistic. The engraving was entrusted to men of reputation in their art, and the difference in their styles may be detected in the issues of the various mints, where a traditional character of writing evidently prevailed. is easy to distinguish the issues of Kashmir from those of Lahore at a glance, and similarly those of Lahore from the coinage of Patnah, or from that of Burhánpúr, &c. The differences may be clearly traced in the Plates.

Akbar was troubled with a perpetual restless yearning after innovation, in small matters as well as great; and among the useless changes he devised (besides many exceedingly valuable reforms) was an alteration of the shape of the money. Coins had hitherto been usually round, which was a sufficient reason for their being now

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal	Zodiacal sign.	
<b>N</b> 338	Agrah	1028	14	Virgo	Obv. Winged woman, standing, back forwards, face to left, surrounded by solar rays, ear of corn in right hand, left arm الله raised: at left, سنه
					Rev. as 322 : but   • ٢^
339	**	1030	16	,,	Obv. Woman squatting, with long braid of hair hanging down her back; bud in right hand; solar rays on each side.
	i				Rev. as 322: but ۱۰۳۰ and ۱۲; and شاه above کبر
					(Rude work.) PL. X. CRACHERODE. N '8, Wt. 168
340	,,	1031	16	,,	Obv. Woman with pitcher on head supported by one hand, numerous dots in field, border of solar rays.
					Rev. as 322; but   •   and   7  Pt. X. PAYNE KNIGHT. N 35, Wt. 167
341	,,	1033	19	,,	As 339: but   • • and   9
342	,,	1028	14	Libra	Obv. Scales and weights, with solar rays round beam.
					Rev. as 324.

made square. Round coins were obviously the more convenient, but the square shape had the merits of eccentricity and originality, though unfortunately the form was not absolutely novel, seeing that it had already been employed by the kings of Kashmir and Málwah. Akbar first tried the experiment of an oblong coin with scolloped ends (see nos. 50, 51, and compare the lozenge-shaped coin, no. 168), known as mihrábí, because it resembled the arch of a prayer-niche; but in 986 he began to strike square coins in gold at Fathpur, his new capital, and in silver at Fathpur, Lahore, and other mints. The squareshape was not long retained for his gold currency, but in silver it lasted, together with the round, until the end of the reign. After Akbar square coins were seldom used; but Jahángír struck a few, and there are four square mohrs of Sháh-Jahán in the British Museum. On Akbar's square coins the long tail of the &c., in the names or epithets of the Four Khalifs, is turned to account to form a sort of border between the margin and the area, which contains the Kalimah; at the same time the reverse margin is abolished, and the simple Pádisháh Ghází takes the place of the longer titles of the earlier coins.

# JAHANGIR.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	Zodiacal sign.	
N 343	Agrah	1030	16	Libra	Obv. as 342: Rev. as 322, but   • [ • and   7]
344	,,	1032	18	,,	As 343: but   • FT and   A  MARSDEN. N -85, Wt. 109
345	"	1033	19	,,	As 343: but   . TT and   9  CUNNINGHAM. N '8, Wt. 169
346	,,	1030	_	Scorpio	
346a	,,	,,	[1]6	,,	PL. X. PAYNE KNIGHT. N 8, Wt. 100  As 346: but solar rays on back only, scorpion varied; and on rev., عناه الكبر above مثار الله المالية (Rude work.)  PL. X. MARSDEN. N 8, Wt. 164
347	,,	1032	17	<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	As 346: but   • FT and   V  GEORGE III. R. N -8, Wt. 105
348	,,	1031	16	Sagit- tarius	Obv. Centaur with stretched bow, aiming back- wards, surrounded by solar rays.  Rev. as 322: but   • ~   and
349	<b>37</b>	1032	17	"	PL. X. MARSDEN. A '8, Wt. 108  As 348: but   •   and   WARSDEN. A '8, Wt. 167

not appear upon the Iláhí currency; but it has been pointed out that the least not only means "God is most great," but also may be interpreted "Akbar is God;" and the suggestion has been made that the Emperor played upon the double meaning. If he did so, the levity was wholly out of keeping with his character and conduct in all other respects. This coinage endured till the end of the reign, but was never imitated by Akbar's successors.\*

With Jahangir's coinage (after the rupees, nos. 288-9, which appear to have been struck during his governorship of Gujarát, and on which he is styled Salim Sháh Sultán and Málik al-Mulk), a new phase in inscriptions begins. The Iláhí formula is abandoned, and the Muhammadan Kalimah rarely appears;† and their place is filled by a doggrel Persian rhyme which is dignified by the name of distich or couplet (in Arabic bait). The use of Persian distichs was begun on a coin of the time of Akbar, t but Jahangir employed them on the majority of his coins, and the Court poets were busily engaged in manipulating suitable verses. A list of these jingles is given in Index VI. Their meaning is generally nothing more than a cuphuistic mode of expressing the fact that the Emperor caused the coin to be struck; the radiance of the sun and the gold, or the have been been an experienced and the same a

<sup>\*</sup> A curious little group of coins is described on pp. 47, 48, under the heading "Gujarát Fabric." They have all the appearance of the later Kachh coins, and some present the name of Akbar with the date 1215—in this respect also agreeing with the Gujarát habit of imitating old coins and inserting modern dates. See Catalogue of Indian Coins, Muhammadan States, 1x.

<sup>†</sup> In the British Museum Collection it occurs only on a single mohr and ten rupees of the first two or three years of the reign.

<sup>‡</sup> See the three specimens, Nos. 254, 254a, 254b. Mr. Rodgers, who describes dated specimens of this piece (Iláhí 44, 45), remarks that it is said to have been issued by Prince Salím (Jahángír) when in rebellion against his father Akbar; but does not cite his authority for the statement (Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, Ivii, 1888).

No.	Mint.	Year.	negnal	Zodiacal sign.	
A 350	Agrah	1028	14	Capri- cornus	Obv. Mythical monster, with forepart of goat and tail of fish, surrounded by solar rays.
351	,,	1029	14	,,	Rev. as 324.  PL. X. LADY FRERE. N '85, Wt. 165  Obv. as 350.  Rev. as 322: but 1 • 7 9 and 11°  CUNNINGHAM. N '75, Wt. 168
352	,,	1030		,,	As 351 : but   • 6 • • 1.0.C. A ·8, Wt. 167
353	,,	1031	16	11	As 351: but 1.71 and 17 Pr. X. CUNNINGHAM. N. 85, Wt. 168
354	,,	1032	17	"	As 351: but   • ~ ~ and   • \ MARSDEN. N -8, Wt. 108
355	,,	1031	16	Aqua- rius	Obv. Man with pitcher on right shoulder, surrounded by solar rays.
				ď	Rev. as 322: but   • ~   and   ¶ PL. X. MARSDEN. N '95, Wt. 167
356	,,	1082	18	,,	Obv. Man seated, with pitcher over shoulder, whence pours a stream of water.
					Rev. as 322: but 1 • FT and 1 ^ PL. X. (Bade work.) MARSDEN. N 85, Wt. 166

TITLES. lxix

moon and the silver, supplying felicitous references to the glory of his Majesty's epoch. The florid inflation of the distichs, however, finds no counterpart in the enumeration of the Emperor's titles:  $P\acute{a}dish\acute{a}h$   $Gh\acute{a}z\acute{a}$  is all he styles himself, and often plain  $Sh\acute{a}h$  suffices. When he joins his queen's name on the coins, she is described as  $N\acute{u}r$ -Jah\acute{a}n  $P\acute{a}dish\acute{a}h$   $B\acute{e}yam$ .

Indeed the titles assumed by the Moghul Emperors from Jahángír onwards are singularly devoid of oriental bombast. They seldom used their proper name (as Salim, Khurram),\* but employed the name assumed on (or before) coming to the throne, as Jahángír, Sháh-Jahán, together with the orthodox name Muhammad. To this they added their lakab or surname, as Núr-ad-dín, Shiháb-ad-dín; and sometimes a patronymic, as Abu-l-Muzaffar, Abu-l-Fath. Finally came the sovereign title, Pádisháh Ghází, used by all the Emperors, except Farrukh-siyar, who preferred to style himself بادشاه بحر و بر "Monarch of sea and land," and Rafi'-addaraját, who claimed to be " شهنشاه بحر و بر Sháh of Sháhs of sea and land." Sháh-Jahán added a horoscopic title, Sáhib Kirán Sání, "Second Lord of [auspicious] Conjunction"-his ancestor Timur being the first; and the same style was adopted by Shujá' and Muhammad. Murád Bakhsh, who had the patronymic Abu-l-Muzaffar. and the unique lakab Muzawwaj-ad-din, "Wedded to the Faith," (?) assumed the title of سكندر ثاني, "The Second Alexander." Aurangzib was given to ostentatious humility, and beyond his throne-name 'Alamgir,

Sháh-Jahán's first Lahore rupee is an exception to this rule: here he is styled Abu-l-Muzaffar Násir-ad-dín Muhammad Sháh-Jahán Khurram, though afterwards his lakab is always Shihab-ad-dín, and his proper name, Khurram, never recurs. This coin may have been struck on the occasion of his first proclamation as Emperor, which took place at Lahore, 2 Jumádá I., 1037; and the style may have been altered when he ascended the throne at Agrah a fortnight later.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal	Zodiacal sign.	
N 357	Ahmad- ábád	)	_	Aqua- rius	Obv. Water-bottle, surrounded by solar rays.
					الدشاه Rev.
					اڪـــبـــر نـور الدين جهانکير ابـن
					شـــــاه
					جـنا نـك ١٠٨؟
					ا <del>حــهــدابــــا</del> د
	*				سکه زد در Pt. X. N ·8, Wt. 167
358	Agrah	1028	13	Pisces	Obv. Two fish, heads to tails, surrounded by solar rays.
					Rev. as 322: but   •   ^ and     "
					Pr. X. A '85, Wt. 104
359	,,	1031	17	,,	As 358: but   .     and
					I.O.C. N '8, WL 168
360	,,	1033	18	"	As 358: but   . FT and   A
					<b>HARSDEN.</b> N '8, Wt. 168
					Striffens on a second construction of the se
					•

generally called himself plain Sháh, rarely Pádisháh or Pádisháh Ghází, and only twice or thrice engraved his lakab, &c., in the form Muhayyí-ad-dín Muhammad Bahádur. A'zam Sháh had a title of his own, Pádisháh Mamálik, "King of Realms." Jahándár was Padisháh Jahán and Sáhib Kirán. Niku-siyar was Pádisháhi zamán Sháh bi-lutfi-lláh Muhammad, "Monarch of the Age, King by the grace of God." Ahmad used the epithet Bahádur, and 'Álamgír II. was styled Abu-l-'Adl 'Azíz-ad-dín, "Father of justice, Honoured of the Faith;" while Sháh-'Álam invented a new formula, including the title عامى دين اله مصد شاه عالي پادشاه "Defender of the divine Faith." &c.

One of Jahangir's inscriptions contains an anagram: :- زرور ازل در عدد شد برابر حروف جهانگیر والله اکبر

"The letters of Jahángír and Alláhu Akbar
Are equal in value from the beginning of time."

This is explained by the fact that the letters = (3),  $\circ$  (5),  $\circ$  (10),  $\circ$  (50),  $\circ$  (200), of , and  $\circ$  (200), of , and those of  $\circ$  (10),  $\circ$  (10),  $\circ$  (30, 30),  $\circ$  (5),  $\circ$  (1),  $\circ$  (20),  $\circ$  (20), when added together, respectively make up the sum of 289.

The general arrangement of the inscriptions after Jahángír is very regular. Persian distichs become rare, and the Kalimah, with the mint and month,\* occupies the obverse, and the imperial titles the reverse of Sháh-Jahán's money, sometimes entirely in the area, sometimes divided between area and margin; while the Hijrah date and regnal year are variously distributed between the obverse and reverse: on some coins the Four Khalifs and their virtues, followed by the mint, surround the Kalimah. The inscriptions on the Nisárs (see § 7) are more elementary. The usurpers Murád and Shujá' imitated Sháh-Jahán's arrange-

The names of months rarely occur after A.H. 1041.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	Zodiacal sign.	ŧ
AR. 361-363	Ahmad- ábád	1027	13	Aries	SILVER.  I.—WITH ZODIACAL SIGNS.  Obv. Ram as 322, but المناه ال
364, 365	,,	<b>,,</b> .	,,	Taurus	Obv. Forepart of bull to right, issuing from clouds, under sun; beneath, سنه جلوس
	,				Rev. as 361.  PL. XI. EDEN. 228, Wt. 175  NARSDEN. 228, Wt. 174
366	Agrah	1029	15	"	Obv. Humped bull, standing to left, as 324, surrounded by rays.
					Rev. as 322, but years   .   9 and   9 [Similar to mohr (as 324), but struck in silver.]

which has been rendered: †

Through all the world he struck his sun-like coin of golden ore, Sháh Aurangzib (throne-ornament) of earth the conqueror.

Marginal inscriptions were abolished (save on a few examples), and never reappear in the series.

The julús formula سنه جلوس ميهنت مانوس and the mint continue to occupy the obverse to the end of the series. The reverse inscription of all the succeeding Emperors from Bahádur to Muhammad Akbar II. consists of the name and titles of the sovereign, preceded by the word مرسكه, or "Auspicious money;" except in the case of Jahándár, Farrukh-siyar, and Rafí'-ad-daraját, and some of Sháh-'Álam's coins, when Persian formulas were again employed. One Emperor alone, the devout 'Álamgír II., restored for a single year the Muhammadan Kalimah and the Four Khalifs with their virtues, which had been in disuse since Sháh-Jahán's reign.

The names of the coins of the Moghul Emperors appear

Kháfi Khán, ED. vii. 241.

<sup>†</sup> R. S. Poole, Cat. Coins of the Shahs of Persia, lxxxiv.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	Zodiacal sign.	
AR 367	Agrah	1033	19	Gemini	Obv. Twins as gold 330, rev. as 322; but    and   ? . (A mohr struck in silver).  At 185. Wt. 172
368, 369	Ahmad ábád	1027	13	,,	Obv. Twins embracing, seated, surrounded by solar rays (different design from gold); beneath, اسنه
					Rev. as 361.  (Year obscure.) MARSDEN. At .75, Wt. 171  PL. XI. At .8, Wt. 177
370, 371	,,	,,	,,	Cancer	Obv. Crab, surmounted by sun, as 333a; but no stars on back of crab. Beneath, السنة
					Rev. اکبر شاه های اکبر شاه و اکبر شاه و اکبر شاه و اکبر شاه و اکبر الحد الحد الحد الحد الحد الحد الحد الحد
372 373	·1 ··	,,	,,	Leo	Obv. Lion passant to left, stars on body; behind, sun, as 337; beneath, with the behind, sun, as 337; beneath, with the behind, sun, as 370.
					Rev. as 370.  MARSDEN. R. 86, Wt. 174  PAYNE ENIGHT. R. 85, Wt. 170

to have been numerous, if Abu-l-Fazl's account \* of Akbar's coinage may be taken as typical of the whole series. The general term for a gold coin is muhr, commonly called mohur (a "seal" or "impression"); for a silver coin, rupee (or more accurately rupih), and for the copper coin dam. But in Akbar's time the different varieties and subdivisions had separate names. Abu-l-Fazl's list of these names ought to be of great value to the numismatist, but, in fact, it forms but another instance of the incapacity of oriental (and for that matter most European) historians to describe accurately or systematically the coins which passed under their own eyes. Al-Makrizi's well-known treatise is a case in point. It is the best account we have of Arabic numismatics by an Arabic writer, but it is far from being what it might easily have been made, had the author made an adequate study of his subject. Abu-l-Fazl gives a long list of names, without supplying the necessary means of identifying the coins to which they belong. Many of the types he describes do not appear to have been preserved in any collection, whilst many existing coins are not described. His list may be conveniently arranged as follows. All are round coins, unless otherwise described.

## ARBAR'S COINAGE.

GOLD.

Sihansah, or 100 mohr piece. (Maksúd's work.)

Obv. Kalimah. Margin, الله يرزق من يشاء بغير حساب (Kor. ii. 208).

Rev. Margin, السلطان الإعظم النعاقان المعظم النعاقان التعظم الله ملكه وسلطانه

<sup>\*</sup> Ain-i Akbari, Blochmann's trans., i. 31 ff. Compare E. Thomas, Chronicles of the Pathan Kings of Delhi, 418 ff.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Kegnal	Zodiacal sign.	
AR 874	Ahmad- ábád	1027	_	Scorpio	Scorpion, no sun.
					Rev. as 370.  Pt. XI. MARSDEN. R. 98. Wt. 168
<b>37</b> 5	Agrah	1029	14	Capri- cornus	Mythical goat, as 351.  (A mohr struck in silver.)  THOMAS. R 8, Wt. 178

100 mohr piece (improved by 'Ali Ahmad).

Obv. افضل دینار ینفق الرجل دینار ینفق علی اصحاب فی الله فی سبیل الله

Rev. السلطان العالى الخليفة المتعالى خلد الله تعالى ملكه وسلطانه وابد عدله واحسانه

A third variety was engraved with two Persian rubá'is of Fáizí.

Rahas, or 50 mohr piece, was inscribed with a rubá'í of Fáizí.

Atmah, both round and square, had also a rubá'í.

Binsat, or 20 mohr piece, both round and square.

Chugal, or double mohr, square.

Round La'l-i Jalálí, or double mohr in weight and value; inscr. يا معين, and يا معين.

Of single mohrs there were eight :-

## (1) Round:

Aftábí, worth 12 rupees: على obv. الله اكبر جل جلاله; الله اكبر جل جلاله; الله المنافئة الكبر على الله الله الكبر على الله الكبر على الله الكبر على الله الكبر على الله الله الكبر على الله الله الكبر على الله الله الكبر على الله الكبر على الكبر على الله الكبر ع

'Adlgutkah, worth 9 rupees: با معين, and باله اكبر. Mohr, worth 9 rupees: with Kalimah.

## (2) Square:

Square La'l-i Jalálí, worth 10 rupees : obv.الله اكبر; rev. جل جلاله.

Mu'ini, worth 10 rupees: inscr. يا معين; also round, worth, 9 rupees.

# (3) [Other shapes, not so stated]:

Mihrábí, worth 9 rupees.

Chahárgóshah, worth 12 rupees (Thomas says 30).

Of half-mohrs, three :-

 $Gird = \frac{1}{2}$  Iláhí, same inscriptions.

Dhan = 1 La'l-i Jalálí.

Salimi = 1 'Adlgutkah.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	Zodiacal sign.	
AV 376	Agrah	1028		Cancer	IMITATIONS OF ZODIACAL ISSUES.  GOLD.  Obv. Crab surrounded by rays; no inscription.  Rev. as 322: I.TA  PL. XI. MARSDEN. N. 85, Wt. 188
377, 377a	,,	1032	_	Leo	Obv. Lion, as 334; no inscription.
					Rev. as 322: but   •   PL. XI. MARSDEN. N . 85, Wt. 185 1.0.C. N . 85, Wt. 185
378	,,	1028	14	Virgo	ا Obv. Winged woman, as 339: but سنه
					Rev. as 322: but   ,
379	,,	1033	17	"	Obv. Winged woman dancing, holding flower in left hand.
					Rev. as 32 .   .     and

Of quarter-mohrs, three:-1 Salimí.  $Rabi' = \frac{1}{4} Aftábí.$ Man = 1 Iláhí and Jalálí. Of other fractions:- $Panj = \frac{1}{5}$  Iláhí. Pandan = 1 La'l-i Jalálí: lily and wild rose on two sides.  $Sumni = \frac{1}{2}$  Iláhí: obv. الله اكبر; rev. جل جلاله.  $Kal\acute{a} = \frac{1}{16}$  Iláhí: wild rose on both sides.  $Zarah = \frac{1}{3\pi}$  Ilahi: SILVER. Rupee, round ) worth 40 dams: obv. الله اكبر جل Jalálah, square } جلاله ; rev. date.  $Darb = \frac{1}{2}$  Jalálah. Charn =  $\frac{1}{4}$  ,,  $Pand\dot{u} = \frac{1}{5}$  ,  $Asht = \frac{1}{N}$  ,  $Das\acute{a} = \frac{1}{10}$  ...

## COPPER.

Dám, originally called Paisah or Bahlólí: obv. mint; rev. date.

 $Adhélah = \frac{1}{2} dám.$ 

 $P\'{a}ulah = \frac{1}{4}$  ,

 $Kal\acute{a} = \frac{1}{16}$  ,,  $S\acute{u}k\acute{i} = \frac{1}{16}$  ,,

Damri = , ,,

Abu-1-Fazl adds that mohrs, rupees, and dáms form the usual commercial currency. He also mentions that in the 27th year of Akbar's reign four kinds of mohr were allowed to be current, viz. the La'l-i Jaláhí, which was quite pure, and worth 400 dáms; the mohr (360 dáms); the mohr reduced by wear (355 dáms), and the mohr much rubbed (350 dáms); also three kinds of rupees, viz. square, pure silver, worth 40 dáms; the old round Akbarsháhí (39 dáms), and worn specimens of both (38 dáms). These regulations for passing worn coin

			= 7		
No.	Mint.	Year.	Regna year.	Zodiacal sign.	
A7 380	Agrah	1028	12	Scorpio	Obv. Scorpion, as 346.
					Rev. as 322:   .   ^ and       PL. XI. PAYNE KNIGHT. W 8, Wt. 168
381	"	1033	17	Sagit- tarius	Obv. Centaur, as 348.
					Rev. as 322:   , ~ and     v (sic)  PL. XI. PAYNE KNIGHT. N 8, Wt. 169
382	,,	1031	16	Capri- cornus	Obv. Mythical goat, as 350.
					Rev. as 322:   , ~   and
883	,,	1028	13	Aqua-	Obv. Man seated, as 356.
					Rev. as 322: 1. [ A and ] [ PL. XI. N '8, WL 168
384	,,	,,	,,	Pisces	Obv. Two fish, as 358.
					Rev. as 322:   .   ^ and     PL. XI. W : 8, Wt. 168
AR					SILVER.
385	Ahmad ábád	- 1027	13	Leo	As 872.  PL. XI. THOMAS. B. 85, Wt. 176

were modified in the 29th and 36th years of the reign. It is clear that Abu-l-Fazl is writing of Akbar's later coinage, after the introduction of the Iláhí issues, and that he does not concern himself much with the earlier coins, which he refers to under the name of "the old round Akbarsháhí." In silver, he only mentions Ráhí rupees and jalálahs, though he refers to the older Kalimah coins in gold as mohrs. He is obviously wrong in attributing an issue of La'l-i Jalálís to the 27th year of the reign, for it was not till the 28th year that the Iláhí era and the formula Jalla Jalaluhu were introduced. Of Akbar's large coins (100, 50, 20, and 2 mohr pieces) not one is known in modern collections; but a five mohr piece is preserved in the British Museum (no. 23), which is not mentioned in Abu-l-Fazl's list. A few of the single mohrs may be identified. Nos. 50 and 51 are undoubtedly Mihrábís from their shape, resembling the arch of a niche for prayer, and the lozenge-shaped coin no. 168 may be a variety of this species. The Chahar qóshah, or "four-cornered," sounds very like the same thing. No coin of Akbar in the Museum bears the inscription (O Protector)\*; but it appears on some of Jahángír's issues. Of the Iláhí gold, no. 165 is an Aftábí, and 164 a Rabi' or quarter-Aftábí; but no. 163 has the inscriptions of the square La'l-i Jalálí, only it is round, It seems probable that Abu-l-Fazl, whilst describing a round La'l-i Jalálí, equal to two mohrs, omitted to mention that there was also a round La'l-i Jalálí single mohr. He also entirely ignores the singular square issue of Fathpur in 986, etc., and of Urdu-Zafar-Karin of 1000, though these have the peculiarities of a square form, and a heavier weight than the rest. The difference of value seems to have depended upon the purity, and

<sup>•</sup> One is described by Mr. Delmerick, with no mint, but year 981, in J.B.A.S. xlv.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	Zodiacal sign.	
Æ				٠	IMITATION HALF-RUPEES.  (Struck from dies similar to, and often identical with, those of the imitation gold mohrs.)
386	Agrah	1028	14	Aries	As 322.  PL. XI. EDEN. AR. 8, Wt. 89
387	,,	,,	,,	Taurus	As 324.  PL. XI. THOMAS. R. 8, Wt. 89
388, 389	, ,,	1029	15	Gemini	As 330, but   . 7 9 and   8  PL. XI. CRACHERODE. R. 8, Wt. 89  MARSDEN. R. 8, Wt. 89
890	,,	1031	17	Cancer	As 322: no inser. on obv., but eleven stars; and years   F   and   V on rev.  PL. XI. MARSDEN. R. 8, Wt. 89
391	» ,	1029	16	Leo	As 334: but   7 and   . 7 9 PL. XI. Æ 8, Wt. 89
892	3,	1033	s   _	. "	As 334: but no inser. on obv., and المرابع and
					(This is more ancient than the other half- rupees in this series.)

not upon the weight, and this cannot be tested without injuring the coins. Of the silver pieces mentioned by Abu-l-Fazl, it is easy to recognize the Rupee in (e.g.) no. 177, and the square Jalálah in 179 and 185, etc.; the Darb in 184, the Charn in 188, the Asht in 202, etc.; Of the copper, the Dáms and half Dáms (Adhélahs), are called fulús on their inscriptions, and tankahs and double tankahs occur.\*

In Jahángír's Memoirs + some names of his coins are recorded, but they only refer to phenomenal pieces. The Núr-i Sháhí was equal to 2000 tolahs, the Núr-i Jahán to 1000, the Núr-i daulat to 500, the Núr-mohr to 100. The tolah was substituted for the gold rupee (i.e. mohr). There were corresponding pieces in silver. The tolah was probably the heavier coin issued by Jahángír in the first five years of his reign.

The weight of the Moghul coinage, allowing for wear, is strikingly exact and uniform, as soon as the uncertainty of the earliest issues is passed. There are no gold coins of Bábar in the British Museum, but his silver pieces weighed from 69 to 73 grs., and were doubtless intended for dirhams of the Timúri standard, not rupees. Humáyún struck small gold pieces of 13 to 16 grs. and 8 grs. (1 and 1 of dinár), and silver of 37, 47, 68, 71, 72, 73, 110, 112, 113, and 180 grs., in which we may perhaps trace a transition from the Transoxine dirham to the full rupee weight of 180 grs. Akbar, with his habitual comprehension of the exigencies of the time, began at once with an Indian standard, and his weights of 170 grs. for the gold mohr, and 180 for the silver rupee, continued to be the accepted model, with few exceptions, throughout the rule of his dynasty. His gold coins (in the British Museum series) vary in weight from 166 to

<sup>\*</sup> See below, § 8.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	Zodiacal sign.	
393, 394	Agrah	1033	- 17	Virgo	Dancing girl, as 379.  PL. XI. MARSDEN. A. '8, Wt. 89 R. '8, Wt. 89
395	,,	1032	18	Libra	As 344.
396	"	1031	17	"	As 344: but   •   and   v (Struck in copper.)
397	"	1028	12	Scorpio	As 380.  PL. X1. CRACHERODE. 28. '8, Wt. 89
<b>39</b> 8	"	1033	17	Sagit- tarius	As 381.  PL. XI. CRACHERODE. R. 8, Wt. 89
399	. 33	<b>,,</b>	18	Capri- cornus	As 351: but   , "" and   ^ PL. XI. CRACHERODE. AR 8, Wt. 89
400	<b>"</b>	1028	13	Aqua- rius	As 383.
<b>4</b> 01	"	,,	"	Pisces	As 384.  PL. XI. MARSDEN. R. S. Wt. 89

169, and only a few worn coins drop to 164, 162, and one to 157. The square issue of Fathpur and Lahore 986-8, and Urdú-Zafar-Karín rise to a different standard of 186 to 187 grs., with sub-divisions of 93 and 46: but the object of this alteration is not known, nor is it referred to by the historians. In 992, the new Ilahi issue was introduced, with the weight at first of 187, and later of 168 (for 170). A few early gold coins weigh only 18 and 9 grs., like Humáyún's, and two of A.н. 988 weigh 15 grs. The silver coinage was clearly intended to weigh 180 grs., though most of the existing specimens are reduced a few grains by wear. The half rupee weighs from 86 to 89 grs.; the quarter from 42 to 44; and the eighth, from 19 to 21. Jahángír for the first five years of his reign, up to A.H. 1019, used a weight of 202, rising finally to 211 grs., for his gold coins. and 212, rising to 220, for his rupees (and 105-106 for the half-rupee): but after 1019, except in the case of four coins of Kandahár and Kashmír, he reverted to Akbar's standard, and his mohr weighs about 168, and his quarter-mohr 42, while his rupce weighs about 176 grs., and the half-rupee, 89. One five mohr piece of his is preserved, weighing 843 grs., which gives 1683 to the mohr. Sháh-Jahán, Aurangzíb, Bahádur, Muhammad, etc., follow the same standard; but a few of Farrukhsiyar's rupees, struck at Katak and Jahángírnagar, rise as high as 187 grs.

A curious variety of gold coin was issued by Farrukhsiyar, Muhammad, and 'Alamgir II., in addition to their ordinary mohrs. The coins of this type are very small, with a diameter of '4 to '5in. for the larger, weighing 51 to 53 grs., and of '3 or '35 for the smaller, weighing 22 grs. In the character of the engraving they resemble other small issues of Southern India, and two of their mints are in the Deccan, Intiyáz-garh and Gutí. The former

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal YOAT.		
					II.—WITHOUT ZODIACAL SIGNS.
AR 402	Agrah	1014	1	Obv.	نك مهر وماه
					ساحت نورا بر
1					<u>روی زرران</u> ے
					<u>روی زررانی</u> ۱۰۱۶ ضرب اکبره
				Rev.	شاه
					ابن اکبر پاد ن <u>ــــکــــيـــر</u>
					نسكسيسر
					نور الدين خها
					شهاه
					PL. XII. CUNNINGHAM. R. '85, Wt. 212
403			<b>\</b> ,,	Obv.	الله
700	"	"	"		لا اله الا
	1				منحسييل
		1	1		ومنول الله
					۱۰۱ <sup>۴</sup> ضرب اکره
				Rev.	<u>غاز</u> ے
					جهانكير پادثاه
					<del></del>
					نسور السدين سله
	1	-	-	7.	PL. XII. CUNNINGHAM. B. M. X.

lxxviii WEIGHT.

has always been read Karrah, وعن , the city in the Duáb, and the word beneath it has been interpreted as referring to the coin: "decoration of Karrah." There can be no doubt, however, that the two form a compound name Imtiyáz-garh, "Distinction Fort," or "Fort par excellence," which, according to Mr. C. J. Rodgers, was a name given by Aurangzíb to Adwání, the Adóní of the maps, a little north of Gútí. The close similarity of its style would lead one to look for the third mint, Gangpúr, in the same neighbourhood: but the district of Gangpúr is in Chutiá Nágpúr. Possibly it has some traditional connexion with the old Ganga dynasty of Talkad in Mysore; or it may relate to one of the sacred rivers of Southern India. Of its Deccan fabric there can be no doubt.

No.	Mint.	Year; Month.	Regnal year.	
AR 404	Akbar- nagar	1014	-	ا ، ا ا ا مارب ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا
405	Kábul	"	1	As 403: but ۱۰۱۱ <sup>۵</sup> عابل ۲۰۱۵ Pt. XII. <i>CUNNINGHAM</i> . 28: -7, Wt. 106
406	"	1015	"	As 405: but   •   8 , 275, Wt. 106
407	"	1015 Amar- dád	1	ضرب کابل ۱۰۱۴ ما As 403: but انور الدین ۱۰۱۵ سنه ا امرداد
				CUNNINGHAM. B. 75, Wt. 105
408	Agrah	1015	1	ا As 403: but   •   8 (still سنه )  CUNNINGHAM. B8, Wt. 211
409	,	,,	2	As 402: but   .   8 and   GRANT. 22 '85, Wt. 211
410	Akbar- nagar	,,	1	ا . ا شاه , regnal year , ضرب اكبرنكر As 402: but ضرب اكبرنكر و RANT. & .85, WL 213
411	Ahmad- ábád	. "	2	As 408: but احبدابار ۱۰۱۵; and ۲ on rev. ضرب Pr. XII. GRANT. R. S. WE 213
413	Akbar- nagar	"	-	ا ۱ ا مرب اگبرنکر As 402: but ضرب اگبرنکر, no regnal year.

#### § 6. IMAGES AND ZODIACAL SIGNS.

THE Moghul Emperors, with the exception of Aurangzib 'Alamgir and his name-sake 'Alamgir II., were far from strict in their observance of the laws of the Korán. As has been seen, they were commonly addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors; they married unbelieving wives, instead of making them merely concubine slaves in accordance with the orthodox custom of Islam, and their encouragement of the fine arts was free from the trammels of Koranic Puritanism. were fond of pictures and sculpture, and paid no regard to the divine ordinance which prohibited the representation of living beings in art. They even delighted to adorn their palaces with paintings and statues portraying scenes which belong to the sacred traditions of Christianity, and images of the Blessed Virgin and portraits of St. John Baptist contributed to the decoration of their Court. The same disregard of orthodox prejudices may be occasionally observed on their coinage. So long, indeed, as the Muslim profession of faith occupied its rightful place on Akbar's coins, no profane image desecrated the formula: but after the Emperor had discovered the errors of Islam and had founded his own "Divine Religion," the objection to the representation of living things on the coins was no longer in force. Yet Akbar used images very sparingly. A falcon is depicted on the first and only coin of Asir (No. 166), possibly in allusion to the conquering swoop of the besiegers. On No. 173, a duck appears on a coin of Agrah. Another gold coin, without the name of the mint, bears a curious representation of a crowned archer, with stretched bow and sheaf of arrows, followed by a

No.	Mint.	Year : Month.	Regnal year.	
Л 413	Patnah	1015 lsfan- dár- mis	2	ا ۱۰ ا ۵ As 403: but ضرب بتنه and ۲ PL. XII. CUNNINGHAM. R '85, Wt. 212
414	Lahore	1015	1	برنك مهر وماهنے زر را ساخت نورا م ضرب لاهور ۱۰۱۵ رو
				Rev. as 402: but   win beneath win beneath PL. XII. GRANT. AR '95, Wt. 208
415 sq.	,,	,,	2	برنك مهر وماه ن ساخث نورا بع ۱۰۱۵ لاهـــور رو زر را ضرب
				Rev. as 402: but l'over اكبر PL. XII. GRANT. AR 79, WL 208
416 sq.	"	23	2	As 403: but on obv. خرب ۱۰۱۹ لاهور است است است است است است المعنوى on rev. عازى next to عازى at top.
417	Ahmad ábád	- 101	6 2	CUNNINGHAM. B. '8, Wt. 210
41:	Akbar nagar			ا ، ا ، ا ، ا ، ا ، ا ، ا ، ا ، ا ، ا ،

woman, who draws back her long veil from her face. This may refer to the submission (in A.H. 1013, the date of this coin) of the King of Bíjápúr, which was accompanied by the gift of his daughter to be the bride of Prince Dániyál, Akbar's son.

Jahángír's use of images on the coinage was much more marked than his father's. In the sixth year of his reign (1020) he ventured upon the daring innovation of engraving his own portrait on some of his gold coins. He, is represented in bust with head turned to the left, and face wearing only a moustache; the shoulders are covered by a brocaded dress, and a turban adorned with the imperial jikkah or egret is on his head; his hand holds sometimes a book, sometimes fruit; and sometimes he holds a book in one hand and a goblet in the other. If, as is probable, the book is intended for the Korán, its combination with a wine-cup must have been regarded by orthodox Muslims as an outrage. In the following year (1021), and in 1023, Jahángír placed on some of his gold pieces his royal person seated cross-legged on a throne, with the inseparable goblet raised in his right hand, and with an aureole or nimbus round his head, which he probably derived from some Christian paintings, but which wears a singularly incongruous air in conjunction with the wine-cup and the Emperor's bacchanalian pose. On the reverse of most of these portrait coins is a lion surmounted by the sun, apparently setting behind it, or, in astrological language Sol in constellatione Leonis, the sun entering the sign Leo; but on some coins the sun appears without the lion. The presence of the sun has been explained as a reference to the fact that Jahángír was born on a Sunday; but it is more probable that the sun's image appears in virtue of the tendency towards solar worship which undoubtedly found encouragement under Akbar, and was never positively

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
AR 420 sq.	Lahore	1016	2	As 408: but ضرب لاهور; and in top line of rev. منه به عمل به عمل به عمله عمله به عمله عمله به عمله عمله به عمله عمله عمله عمله عمله به عمله عمله به ع
421, 422 sq.	"	,,	3	As 415: but   •   T on obv., and " over اكبر on rev.  **GRANT. R. **85, Wt. 200  **Res. Wt. 200
423	Agrah	1017	4	پــنــاه كيـتــ اكــره خــسرو شــــــــــــر سكه زد در ۱۰۱۷
				Rev. as 402, but differently divided; regnal year, 1 <sup>C</sup> CUNNINGHAM. B. 10, Wt. 216
434	Lahore	>>	5	دور تا فلك بود در باد روان بـدهـر 8
			1	ا کیر ۱۰۱۷ شاه ۱۰۱۷ س
				Pt. XII. GRAFT. IS 10, Wt. 210

repudiated by his successor. It is possible that the choice of the zodiacal sign Leo may be connected with the month (rather than the day) of the Emperor's birth, which was surrounded by mysterious omens and spiritual agencies, if we are to believe the historians.

It is not probable that these "bacchanalian coins," as they have been called, were intended for general circulation. They would have caused deep umbrage to any orthodox Sunnis into whose hands they fell, and even Shiya'is, with all their freedom from traditional prejudice, would hardly have relished these vinous representations. The portrait coins were doubtless in the nature of medals or presentation pieces, rather than money for circulation. The ordinary coinage without images continued to be struck simultaneously with the "bacchanalian" issues.

On the other hand, the well-known zodiacal coins of Jahángír were certainly intended to pass as ordinary money, and generally took the place of the common coinage of the Agra mint during the eight years of their issue (1027-34). Tavernier, who visited the court of Aurangzib in the middle of the seventeenth century, was the first to report the pretty legend that Núr-Jahán, the Emperor's gifted wife, begged her adoring husband to allow her twenty-four hours of supreme sovereignty, and, on obtaining his consent, immediately issued the celebrated zodiacal coins, having previously had the necessary bullion collected and the dies engraved with her own name and that of the Emperor. The story is refuted by the zodiacal coins themselves: they do not, as a rule. bear Núr-Jahán's name; and instead of being all of one date, and issued within twenty-four hours, they are spread over eight years.\* Jahángír's own account of the origin

Two sodiacal mohrs (not in the British Museum) present the name of Núr-Jahán as well as that of Jahángír, and bear the latest

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
AR 425	Ahmad- ábád	1 <b>01</b> 8	5	Obv
				از عنایا ابساد ا]حسسمسد
				سکه زد در ۱۰۱۸
				Rev. as 402: differently divided, regnal year &
426, 427	Agrah	,,	"	As 423: but   .   A and 8  CUNNINGHAM. B. 1-1, Wt. 215  PANJ. ARCH. SURV. B. 1-05, Wt. 230
428	Patnal	,,	,,	8 As 408: but on obv. ۱۰۱۸ ضرب پتنه and on rev. سنه ۸.۵.c. ه عرب پتنه ۲.۵.c. ه 85, WŁ 211
429	Lahore	,,	4	As 424: but   .   ^ on rev.; regnal year   con obv.
430 431		.,,	5	,, regnal year 9 on obv.  GRANT. R. 96, Wt. 217  PANJ. ARCH. SURV. R. 96, Wt. 220

of these pieces is doubtless correct and authentic. He says in his Memoirs,\* "Formerly it was customary to strike my name on one side of the coin, and that of the place, and the month, and the year of the reign, on the obverse. It now occurred to my mind that, instead of the name of the month, the figure of the sign of the zodiac corresponding to the particular month, should be stamped. For instance, in the month of Farwardín, the figure of a ram, in Ardibihist that of a bull, and so on; that is, in every month in which a coin might be struck, the figure of the constellation in which the sun might be at the time, should be impressed on one side of it. This was my own innovation: it had never been done before."

The British Museum possesses an unrivalled series of these zodiacal issues.† It includes a complete set of all the zodiacal signs in genuine mohrs, with several varieties of each sign, in all forty-three specimens: seven signs (fourteen coins) of the silver zodiacal rupees, in which a complete set of the signs is not known to exist: ten gold and one silver specimen of mediæval forgeries, and a complete series of the signs in modern imitation half-rupees. Some of the signs are rarer than others, and Aquarius is especially rare in both metals. The figures of the various signs, combined with the solar rays, as a rule agree with their traditional representation. The ram, humped bull, embracing twins, crab, lion, scales, scorpion, centaur, capricorn, and two fish present no special peculiarities. But Virgo appears in three different forms on the genuine mohrs; first as the

known date, 1034. One of these, of the sign Cancer, and mint Ajmír, was described by Mr. Gibbs in *Proceedings of the As. Soc. of Bengal*, 1883. The other, in the Bibliothèque Nationale, is engraved in Bonneville, and mentioned by Marsden, Num. Orient. 630.

Túsak-i Jahángírí, ED. vi. 857.

<sup>†</sup> It does not, however, possess any of the earliest year, 1027, nor of the latest, 1034.

No.	Mint.	Year:	Regnal year.	
AR 432 sq.	Agrah	Isfan- dár-	5	Obv., within highly ornamented borders.
		miz		رد ،ررر در اڪـــره را
				ایسن سکه
				در اسفندارمز
				8
				Rev., within borders as obv.,
				شاه
				نکیر اہن اکبر
				<b></b>
				زمان شاه
				شهنشاه
			·	1+15
				PL. XII. THOMAS. 32. '9, Wt. 220
433	Kash-	1019		ضرب كشمير As 402: but ١٠١٩
	mír			PL. XII. GRANT. R. 85, Wt. 210
434	Lahore	,,	5	As 424: but   .   9 and 8
				GRANT. R. '0, Wt. 220
435,	,,	,,	"	شهنشاه after امیر and لاهور As 432: but
436 sq.				CUNNINGHAM. B. '8, Wt. 219
]	1	1		PANJ. ARCH, SERV. 22. 95, Wt. 230

		V	ان ق	
No.	Mint.	Year: Month.	Regn	
AR 437, 438	Lahore	1019 Bah- man	5	زر لاهـورنالاهـور
				چون مه انور 8 در ماه بهمن ابن اکبر شاه Rev.
				ابن اكبر شاه دسكر نــــكـــيـــر نور الدين جها
				٥١
				بدور ۱۰۱۹
				Border of wreath on each side.
				EDEN. R 1.05, Wt. 216 Pt. XII. PANJ. ARCH. SURV. R 1.05, Wt. 220
4384	_	101	9 ,,	As 403: but mint obliterated, year ۱۹ regnal year  8  سنه  PANJ. ARCH. SURV. R. 8, Wt. 208
439 sq.		102 Abá	0 6	Obv., within cruciform borders, ابان اله
		9		اکبر شاه Rev., within circle, نکیر شاه
				نور الدين PL. XII. THOMAS. A. 46, Wt. 175

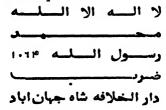
No.	Mint.	Year: Nonth.	Rognal year.	
Æ 440	Kanda- hár	1020	6	ا ۰ ۲۰ As 408: but ضرب قند ; and on rev. مرب قند PL. XIII. <i>GRANT. R</i> . 85, Wt. 211
441 sq.	Agrah	1021 Isfan- dár- miz	,,	Obv., within wavy border, منز ماه سفندار اليم ۱۰۲۱
				سفندار البي ب سنه ۲ ضرز اکسره ضرز اکسره دسنز ۱۹ Rev. as 439, within octagon.
442 sq.	"	1021 Ardi- bihist	7	Obv., within wavy border,  ب ب ب ماه اردی الهم ضرب اکره
				Rev. as 439.  PL. XIII. THOMAS. A. 8, Wt. 176
443	Patnah	1021 Shah- riwar		ماه شهریور الهج ۷ پتــنه ۱۰۲۱ ضرب
				Rev. as 489: differently divided.
444	Dehlí	1021 Mihr	. ,,	مساہ مسہر الہم ۱۰۲۱ × ضوب دہلی سنہ
		•		Rev. as 439.  PL. XIII. GORDON. 28 76, Wt. 174

No.	Mint.	Year:	rear.	
AR 445, 446	Kanda- húr	1021	7	ا ۱۰۲۱ As 414: but نور and V over نور and V over منور PL. XIII. PANJ. ARCH. SURV. At8, Wt. 200
447	Lahore	[,,] Far- war- dín	,,	ماه فروردین الیم لاهور ∨ ضرب
				Rev. as 439.  PL. XIII. R. 9, Wt. 175
448	,,	1021 Amar- dád	,,	As 447: but month امرداد EDEN. R. 0, Wt. 174
449	,,	1021 Isfan- dár- mis	<b>"</b>	As 447 : but month اسفندارمز PLAYFAIR. A: 85, Wt. 175
450	Kanda- hár	1022		ا ۱۰۲۲ As 402: but ضر[ب] قندهار; and ۸ over نور and ۸ over
451		1023 Ardi- bihist	1	مهست ماه اردی البع ضرب قندهار نسرب قندهار
				1. "
				Rev. as 439.  Pr. XIII. THOMAS. B. 9, Wt. 175

No.	Mint.	Year Month	Regnal year.	
∠R 452	Lahore	Dai	8	ماه دی البح ضرب لاهور ۸
				Rev. as 439.  **GRANT. IR '86, Wt. 175**
453	Agrah	1023 Khúr- dád	9	ماه خورداد اله ضرب اکسره ضرب اکسره هماه خورداد اله ضرب اکسره المستنه المستن المستنه المستنه المستن المستنه المستنه المستنه ال
				Rev. as 439.  THOMAS. A. 70, Wt. 177
454	Kanda- bár	1023 Tír	,,	As 451: but month تير and regnal year ٩ EDEN. R '83, Wt. 178
455	Lahore	Ardi bibist	,,	بہست ماہ آردی الہے ضرب لاہور ۹
				Rev. as 439.
				PL. XIII. GRANT. 22 '85, Wt. 176
456	"	Tír	,,	As 455: but month تيو GRANT. A. 85, Wt. 176
457	<b>,,</b>	Dal	10	As 455: but month Cs; regnal year   •  OUNNINGHAM. R. 75, Wt. 178

In connexion with occasional coins of this kind, mention should be made of certain abnormally large and heavy pieces, two of which, though not the largest, are found in the British Museum series. These are both five-mohr pieces, issued by Akbar at Agrah in A.H. 971 and by Jahángír at Agrah in 1028, and weigh respectively 838 and 843 grains. There are also preserved in the British Museum two casts of a gigantic 200-mohr piece of Sháh-Jahán,  $5\frac{\pi}{3}$  in. in diameter, with mint Sháh-jahán-ábád, and date 1064, regnal year 28. It is represented in full size in pl. xxxiii. The inscriptions are as follows:—

Obv. Area, within square,



Margin, in segments,

شد ایمان از صدق ابی بکر انور شد از عدل عمر اسلام قوی دست از شرم وحیای عثمان دین تازه شد وزعلم علی ولایت زیسور یافت

Rev. Area, within square,

پادشاہ غاز م قران ثانی شاہ جہان حسست شہاب الدین محبد صا

Margin, in segments,
سکه بر مهر دو صد مهری زد از لطف اله
ثانی صاحب قران شاه جهان دین پناه
روی زر بادا ز نقش سکه اش عالی فروز
تا شود از پرتو خورشید روشن روی ماه

No.	Mint.	Year: Month.	Regnal year.	·
AR 458, 459 sq.	Agrah	1025 Shah- riwar	11	Obv., within square border,  ماه شهریور الم  ضرب اکسره
				Rev. as 439, border as obv.  **CUNNINGHAM. R '75, Wt. 174  1.O.C. At '75, Wt. 176
460	Ajmír	1025	,,	جهان الجهان Obv. اجهان الجهان فسیسروز در کشست کشست
				اکبر شاه نکیر شاه بنگیر شاه بنگیر شاه بنگیر شاه بنگه بنگه بنگه بنگه بنگه بنگه بنگه بنگ
461	Ahmad ábád	- 1025 Abés	5	م]اه ابان اله مزيت باد مزيت باد اله الم
	,			Rev. نـور الديـن جــهـا ناکيـر ١٠٢٥ ۲۵. XIII. GRANT. R3, Wt. 175

A drawing of a similar 200-mohr piece, of the same mint and date, but with the inscriptions slightly varied in arrangement, and ولايت انور در علم على يافت instead of ولايت انور در علم على ولايت زيور يافت, was exhibited by Mr. J. Gibbs at a meeting of the Bengal Asiatic Society, and is engraved in the Proceedings of January, 1883. General Sir A. Cunningham states that the original coin was at Patnah some fifty to eighty years ago. According to Richardson, it weighed above 70 oz. (33,600 grs.), and had a diameter of 4 inches.\*

Mr. Gibbs also published a photograph of a 100-mohr piece of Aurangzib, struck at Sháhjahánábád, A.H. 1083, Y.R. 15, diameter 4 in., thickness ½ in., weight 35 oz. 4 dwt., or 16,880 grs., belonging to the Mahárájá Sindhia.† One like it was at Benáres 45 years ago, according to Sir A. Cunningham. A silver coin of Aurangzib's at Dresden, issued at Sháhjahánábád in the tenth year of his reign, has a diameter of 4.4 in., and a weight of 5.15 English lbs.‡

General Cunningham is of opinion that these large pieces were probably "Nazzarnána medals," given to the Emperor by nobles who paid their tribute in a single lump coin. § That such large pieces were not infrequently struck is shown by the inventory of Jahángír's treasure given by William Hawkins, in which we find these items: "Of another sort of Coyne, of a thousand rupias [i.e. 100 mohrs] a piece, there are twenty thousand pieces. Of another sort, of halfe the value, there are ten thousand pieces. Of another sort of Gold, of twenty Tolas a piece, there are thirty thousand pieces. Of

<sup>•</sup> It is referred to by Tavernier, and described by Richardson, Persian, Arabic, and English Dictionary, art. (ed. 1777); see Marsden, Num. Orient. 641; Thomas, Chronicles, 423.

<sup>†</sup> Proceedings Asiatic Soc. Bengal, March, 1885.

I Thomas, l.c.

<sup>§</sup> Proceedings of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, 1883.

Ī	l	Ī.,	[ . E		
No.	Mint.	Year Month.	Керт Уевт		
AR 462	Kash- mír	1025		Obv.	[بـــر]نــك شاخت انور
					ر <u>وی زر را نے</u>
				Rev. as 402.	ضرب ڪشهير ١٠٢٥
				166V. AS 402.	CUNNINGHAM. AR '85, Wt. 206
463	Lanore	,,	11	Obv.	همیشه ن
					باد ابرو ۱۰۲۵ ســـکـــه
					لاهـــور
				Rev.	زنام
					شـــــاه
					جهانکیر شاه
					ا <del>کـــبــر</del> ۱۱
					نـور سنـه
					PL. XIII. CUNNINGHAM. R. 85, Wt. 174
464 sq.	Agrah	1026 Dai	11	Obv.	ماه دی الم
aq.					ضرب اڪره اا
					1.17
		а		Rev. as 439.	
					THOMAS. R75, Wt. 175
465 sq.	,,	1026 Tír	12	As 464: but reg	nal year   ۴, month تيو EDEN. B. 75, Wt. 175
				į.	
466	Ahmad- ábád	1026 Asur	-	As 461: but mo	nth اذر and year   • ۲۹ and year   • ۲۹ ounningham

another sort of five Tolas, which is this King's stamp, of these there be fiftie thousand pieces." There were also, in silver, "of another sort of coin of Selim Sha this King, of an hundred Tolas a piece, forty thousand pieces,"\* &c. Aurangzib, as he grew old, displayed a notable talent for hoarding money. According to the Venetian physician Manouchi, he devised peculiar safeguards for his treasure. "He caused to be constructed under his palace at Dely two deep caves, supported by vast marble pillars. Piles of gold were stored in the one, and of silver in the other; and to render more difficult any attempt to convey away his treasure, he caused, of both metals, pieces to be made of so prodigious a size as to render them useless for the purpose of commerce," meaning currency. + Such, no doubt, are the pieces belonging to the Mahárájá Sindhia and the Dresden Cabinet. Doubtless, the reason that so few of these unwieldy coins have come down to us is that they were melted down into the current coin of commerce.

<sup>•</sup> The Hawkins Voyages (Hakluyt Society), 421-2.

<sup>+</sup> See Appendix iv. to Bernier's Travels, edited by Arch. Constable (Oriental Miscellany), 476.

No.	Mint.	Year:	Regust		
AR 467	Patnah	1026 Shah- riwar	12	Obv. لبع	ماه شهریور ۱ ۱۲ پـتـنه ۲۹ ضـرب
				-ر	شاه اكبر ش نــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
468	Tattah	1026 Khúr- dád	,,	4_	ماه خورداد اا ضرب تــــــــــ ۱۰۲۲ KIII. P.INJ. ARCH. SURV. R. 8, Wt. 176
469	Lahore	1026	,,	As 463: but   . 17 a	and
470, 471	Kan- dabár	"	"	Obv.	1 · 7 <sup>7</sup> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				Rev.	شاه ا آ ا آ شاه سنه شاه سنه تا تا تا تا تا تا تا تا تا تا

## § 8. COPPER COINAGE.

THE rarest of all Moghul coins are those of copper. The British Museum possesses seventeen specimens of the early local issues of the time of Bábar and Humáyún (pp. 262-4), thirty-nine copper coins of Akbar, one of Jahángír; but none of any other Emperor. The reason for this singular scarcity of copper is the general use of other substances for petty currency in India. Cowries formed the chief small change of Bengal, and bitter almonds of Bombay. Admiral John Splinter Stavorinus (1768-71) states that "copper coin is not seen in Bengal. For change they make use of the small sea-shells called cowries, eighty of which make a poni; and sixty, or sixtyfive ponis, according as there are few or many cowries in the country, make a rupee. They come from the Maldive Islands. The money-changers sit upon all the bazars with quantities of them, to furnish the lower orders with change, for the purchase of necessaries."\* The same authority says that at Súrat, "in the same way as cowries are made use of in Bengal, as the lowest medium of exchange, almonds, which are called badams, are employed for the purpose here."+ Linschoten remarked in 1584 that almonds were used for coins at Súrat, t and the observation is confirmed by Mandelslo (1638), who says that thirty-six almonds or eighty "kauret" shells went to the pice. We read of ten tons of cowries being ordered by "our Honourable Masters" to be shipped in 1753, and of a tribute of "12,000 kahuns of cowries" in 1803. This accounts

<sup>\*</sup> Voyages to the East Indies, 1798, i. 461-2. † Ibid. iii. 10.

<sup>†</sup> Voyage of John Huyghen van Linschoten to the East Indies, et A. C. Burnell and P. A. Tiele, i. 241 ff. (Hakluyt Society).

§ Voyages, 118.

No.	Mint.	Year: Month.	Regnal year.	
AR 472	Kanda- hár	1027	13	As 470: but   .   v and     P.   XIII. PRINSEP. R. 8, Wt. 174
173	Kábul	,, Shah- riwar	,,?	ماه شهرور البع ۱۲ (or ۳)
				Rev. پــادشــاه ۱۵
474 sq.	Agrah	1027 Abán	13	ماه ابان اله ضــرب اك.ره سـانه ۱۰۲۷
				Rev. as 439.  CUNNINGHAM, R 75, Wt. 174
475	Ahmad ábád	102	7, ,,	اله
				Rev. as 402: but dim PL. XIV. CUNNINGHAM. A 85, Wt. 176

for the absence of copper coins in the series of the later Emperors.

The copper currency of Akbar, however, was abundant, as Mr. C. J. Rodgers has shown in his valuable papers in the Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal \* and the Indian Antiquary.† Some obscurity exists as to the weights and denominations of these pieces. Abu-l-Fazl enumerates only the dam (or paisah), and its half, quarter, and eighth. But the word dám does not occur by itself on the coins. Instead, we find generally the vague term fulús فلوس, which means "money," the weight-denomination tankah تنكه, with its half إنيير تنكه, quarter چہارم حصه, eighth مشتر حصه, and sixteenth and the forms dú tánkí دو تانكي, or double túnkí, and what Mr. Rodgers reads as chú tánkí, عيو تانكي four tánkis; though the Hindústání form 🚓 for the Persian is somewhat unexpected. The muhr also occurs; and the damra دامري, and damri دامري. These terms require consideration.

The thirty-nine specimens in the British Museum may be classified as follows:—

1. Fulús: 307 to 325 grs. 1

Ahmadábád A.H. 982 (wt. 312), 98x (314). Dehlí, Iláhí 42-4 (37= $\frac{1}{4}$ ).

<sup>•</sup> zliz. (1880); liv. (1885). + 1890, July, 220-224.

<sup>†</sup> Mr. Rodgers, in Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal, Riz. 213-7, and Ind. Antiq., 1890, gives the following weights of fulfs and their fractions:—Alwar, A.H. 968 (303); Ahmadábád, A.H. 980 (314), 966 (318); Ajmír, 988 (313); Attak Benáres, Iláhí 37 (316); Burhánpár, Iláhí 48 (310); Chitór, A.H. 999 (314); Dehlí, A.H. 981 (311), Iláhí 38 (308); Fathpúr, A.H. 989 (319), 986 (78 = \frac{1}{4}); Gwálior, Iláhí 38 (315); Hisár Fírósah, A.H. 967 (320) 996 (314); Jaunpúr, 970 (307); Lahore, A.H. 987 (325), 970 (315), 976 (289), Iláhí 43 (295), 38 (39 = \frac{1}{4}); Lacknow, A.H. 989 (317); Málpúr, 985 (309); Multán, Iláhí 41 (312); Nárnál (7), A.H. 969 (37 = \frac{1}{4}); Urdú-Zafar-Karín, Iláhí 43 (315), do. These are all regular in weight, and in accord with the weights of fulfs in the British Museum.

No.	Mint.	Year Month	Regnal year.	
AR 176	Patnah		13	ماه ابان المح ضرب ۱۰۲۷ پتنه
				Rev. as 439.  **CUNNINGHAM. 28. '8, Wt. 17
477	Lahore	102	7 ,,	As 463: but [1.] IV and IF GORDON. At '85, Wt. 175
<b>47</b> 8	Ahmad ábúd	102	8 -	As 475: but   •   A and regnal year nearly obliterated  [[
479	Patnal	h 101 Khi dá	ir-	ماه خورداد البح Obv. الله ۱۰۲۸ ماه خورداد البح ضرب
				Rev. as 439.  PRINSEP. A. 05, Wt. 175
480	0 "		28 ar- id	امرداد Same as 479 : but month امرداد At 65, Wt. 176
48	1, Kanda 2 hár	a-  10	28	As 470: but   .   A and     GRANT. B. 85, WL 176  B. 8, WL 179
48	3 Ahma	id-10	)39	., As 475: but   .   9 and     2

Dógám, A.H. 983 (312), 994 (321).

Fathpúr, A.H. 987 (309), 988 (311).

Gwálior, A.H. 9xx (309).

, Iláhí 38 (316).

Jaunpúr, A.H. 98x (312).

**Kábul**, Iláhí 32, 33 (155 $=\frac{1}{2}$ ).

Lahore, A.H. 97x (310).

Iláhí 39 (312), 43 (78= $\frac{1}{4}$ ), 36 (40= $\frac{1}{8}$ ).

Málpúr, A.H. 985 (319).

Multán, Iláhí 37 (310).

Nárnól, A.H. 963 (325), 965 (317), 980 (311), 982 (312).
" Iláhí 36 (128).

Urdú-Zafar-Karín, A.H. 1000 (307).

Mint obliterated A.H. 966 (315), 980 (314), 987 (314, 318).

#### 2. TANKAH.\*

Bairátah, Iláhí 44 (634, 644, 316).

No Mint, Iláhí year obliterated (36: 16th حصت).

# 3. Tánkí (all Agrah).†

1 Tánkí, Iláhí 47 (58).

2 ,, 46 (116); 47 (120); 50 (122).

4 ,, ,, 47 (244).

### 4. Монв.

Iláhabás, Iláhí 31 (315).

#### 5. No DENOMINATION.

Agrah, Iláhí 4x (67).

<sup>•</sup> Mr. Rodgers (ubi supra) describes tankahs of 618, 620, 628, 625.5, and 626 grs., and of 327 and 315 grs.; half-tankahs (so specified in their inscriptions), of 317, 309, and 318 grs.; a quarter-tankah of 158 grs.; an eighth of 39.5 grs. (sic); and sixteenths of 37.5 and 38.5 grs., all so specified.

<sup>†</sup> Mr. Rodgers (ubi supre 'publishes a 1 tánkí piece of Lahore (? Iláhí 46 (59 grs.), and others of 59, 58.8 grs.; 2 tánkí pieces of Agrah of 108 and 109 grs.; 4 tánkí pieces of 237-244.5 grs., agreeing with the weights in the British Museum.

No.	Mint.	Year:	Regnal year.		
AR. 484	Ahmad- áoád	1029	15	<b>A</b> s 475 : but	.     and     8   CUNNINGHAM. R8, Wt. 174
485	Patnah	1029 Shah riwar	1 1	Obv.	ماه شهریسور الهم ۱۹ پتنسه ۱۰۲۹ ضرب
				Rev. as 439.	
486	Kanda- hár	1029	14	<b>As 470</b> : but	ا د ا ۱٫۰۲۹ and منه ۱٫۰.۲. AR 75, Wt. 171
487	,,	"	15	,,	ا 5 بينه ,, <i>GRANT. I</i> R ·8, Wt. 176 <sub>,</sub>
488	Lahore	,,	,,,,	Obv.	لاهـور ســـــکــــه
				).	بـ ر روی میــــــنت باد ۱۰۲۹
	1.			Rev.	نور اكبـر جه'نكير شاه
					شـــــاه زنــام ۱۵
					ا منه PL, XIV. 🙉 7, Wt. 176

According to the Ain-i Akbarí the dám or copper unit of Akbar weighed 1 toluh, 8 múshas, 7 ratis, or, at Mr. Thomas's estimate of the rati, 323.5 grs. It is therefore clear that the coins which are named fulús in their inscriptions, and weigh from 307 to 325 grs., are dáms, whilst the Kábul specimen of 153 grs. is an adhélah or half-dám; the Lahoro piece of 78 grs. a páulah or quarter-dám; and the two coins of 36 and 37 grs. dámrís or eighths of a dám. Mr. Rodgers has published a half-dám (a), specifically so named) of 148.7 grs., a dámrí of 40 grs., and a dámrá (presumably two dámrís, or 1 paúlah) of 76 grs. The mohr of Iláhábás (315 grs.) is also clearly a dám, and the word mohr is probably used, not as a denomination, but merely as meaning "stamp."

The term tankah appears to be used just as vaguely as fulús, both for dáms of 315 to 327 grs. and double dáms of 618 to 644 grs. Mr. Rodgers states that his weights prove that the tankah was equal to two dáms: but I do not draw the same inference. All his weights prove is that some tankahs weighed about 630 grs., and others about 320. He publishes a coin specifically named an eighth of a tankah, weighing nearly 40 grs., which brings the tankah to 320 grs., and also sixteenths of 38.5 grs., which would make it 616 grs.

The tánkí is quite distinct from the tankah. It weighs 58 or 59 grs., and its double weighs 108 to 122 grs.; while four-tánkí pieces weigh 237 to 244 grs. According to Mr. Rodgers the tánkí is a weight, not a coin, and he endeavours unsuccessfully to reconcile its weight (say 62 grs. when unworn) with the "jeweller's tank," which is stated in the Áin to be of 24 ratis (42 grs). A more probable hypothesis would be that, just as there were fifth parts (panj, pandan, pandú) of the mohr and rupee, so the dám had its fifth, called a tánkí. The weight, of 63 grs. or so, corresponds fairly well with

To.	Mint.	Year: Month.	Regnal year.	
AR. 89	Patnah	1030 Shah- riwar	1 1	ماه شهریور اله ۱۱ پتنه ۳۰ ۱۱ ضرب
				Rev. as 439.
<b>49</b> 0	Kanda- hár	1030	15	اه As 470: but ۱۰۳۰ and سنه As 470.
491	Lahore	,,	16	سکه لاهور م بساد ابسررو
				میسیت ۱۱ سنه
				شاه اکبر نور - Rev. ن <u>ــــکـــيـــر</u> زنام شاه جها
				PL. XIV. GRANT. R. 85, Wt. 174
49 49	2, Ahma 3 ábác	d- 103	31 1	6 As 475 : but   . [ ] and win GRANT. R. 85, Wt. 17 R. 85, Wt. 17
49	Laho	re ,	,	As 491: but   .   and with a cunning HAM. B. 85, Wt. 17
49	95 ,,		,,	17 As 491: but   .     and   and   THOMAS. R -85, Wt. 1

one-fifth of the dám of about 320 grs.; and the dú tánkí and chú tánkí pieces would correspond to ‡ths and ‡ths of the dám.

To sum up, allowing for wear, we have roughly—

The Dám (paisah, fulús, tanhah), about 320 grains.

- (adhélah, ním dám, nasfí), 160 grs.
- 1 ,, (paúlah, dámrá), 80 grs.
- 1 , (dámrí, hashtum hissah), 40 grs.

Tankah, large (double dam), 640 grs.

- ,, small (dám), 320 grs.
- 1 tankah, large (chuhár hissah), 160.
- 1 ,, small (hashtum hissah), 45.
- 16 , large (shánzdahum hissah), 40.

Tánkí, fifth of dim, 63.

Double tánki, 125.

Quadruple tánkí, 250.

Further investigation and the discovery of more specimens may confirm or modify these conclusions.

No.	Mint.	Year:	year.	
AR 496	Lahore	1032	17	ا ۷ As 491: but سنه and ۱۰۳۲ GRANT. At 85, Wt. 176
497	Patnah	1033 Infandár- miz	18	ماه اسفندارمز المح ۱۰۳۳ پتنه ۱۰۳۳ ضوب
				Rev. as 439.  PRINSEP. A. '75, Wt. 173
<b>49</b> 8	Súrat	1033	,,	م <sup>ا</sup> اه ۱ م ر ر Obv. ما اه ۱ م د ر ت ما
				Rev. ن]ور الدين جــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
499	Lahore	1033	,,	As 491: but سنه and ۱۰۳۳ (CUNNINGHAM, A. 8, Wt. 176
500	,,	1034	19	As 491: but wind   . M'C CUNNINGHAM. B 3, WA. 176

### § 9. COINAGE OF THE EAST INDIA COMPANY.

In the latter part of this volume will be found descriptions of various coins issued by the East India Company in imitation of the Moghul currency. According to the principle of classification adopted in the Department of Coins, all clearly European issues, by which are meant coins issued with European legends or images, struck in the colonies and British possessions abroad, are placed among what is termed the British Colonial Series; and accordingly the early issues of Elizabeth, the obviously English coins of the Bombay factory, and the Imperial currency instituted by the Company in 1835, with the head of the King or the Lion on the obverse, etc., are omitted from the present volume and included in the Colonial Series. But when the Company's coins bear the name of an Indian sovereign, and were intended to pass among the people as though they had been struck by that sovereign himself, they cannot be regarded as part of the regular Colonial Series, but must be classed along with the coins which they avowedly counterfeit. Thus the coins issued by the Madras and Calcutta authorities, nominally from the mint of Arkát, in 1815. etc., are included in this Catalogue, because they bear the name of 'Alamgir II.; and similarly the Company's well-known "19 san" rupee of 1793-1835 is described in this volume, because it bears the name of Shah-'Alam. though it continued to be issued long after this Emperor's death.

The task of distinguishing the Company's imitations from the Moghul issues is not always easy, and sometimes is impossible. Considerations of fabric, mintmarks, &c., are of assistance, but a knowledge of the

No.	Mint.	) 08 M on	r:	year.		
AR 501	Jahán- gír- nagar	Sheriw	ah-	19	Ob <b>v.</b>	ماه شهریور الهم ۱۹ اسکیرنکر ضرب
					Rev.	اکـــبــر شــاه نــکـــيــر شــاه جـــــــــا
502	Agrah	10	)35	21	Obv.	نــور الـديــن PL. XIV. PRINSEP. A. 7, Wt. 175 <u>زر زيــور م</u> در اكـره رو
		٠			Rev.	یـــافـــت ۱۰۳۵ شاه نکیر شاه ۱ڪبر
503	Ahma ábád	d-			, Obv.	از ۲۱ ایسا PRINSEP. A85, Wt. 174 ماه] ایسان الیم ا]حمداباد ۲۱
					Rev.	as 501. WARSDEN. E. 75, Wt. 178
50	4 Laho	re	103	35	21 As 4	191: but wind 1. 78 cunning HAM. R. 85, Wt. 175
50	,,		103	36	" As	191: but wind 1. M. 178 PANJ. ARCH. SURV. B. 35, Wt. 178

mint records is essential to a final and permanent classification, and it may be doubted whether even these would avail to solve a large proportion of the complicated problems presented by the coinage. At present, however, this branch of information has been but imperfectly investigated. A considerable number of important facts has been collected by Prinsep, Marsden, Ruding, Atkins, and Sir Walter Elliet, &c.; and recently a valuable addition has been made to our sources by Mr. Edgar Thurston, the superintendent of the Madras Central Museum, who has explored the archives of the Madras mint.\* It is much to be desired that similar researches should be made at Calcutta and Bombay; for until this is done more completely than Prinsep was able to do it, any detailed classification must be more or less tentative.

A cursory glance at the history of the Company's coinage will show the causes of this difficulty of classification. Although the first charter of the "Old"† or London East India Company (styled in full, "The Governor and Company of Merchants of London trading into the East Indies,") dates from the close of the year 1600, the Directors never assumed the right to authorize the issue of a universal currency for India, bearing the Company's name, till 1835. During this long interval several methods were employed to meet the monetary exigencies of their trade. For example, special coins with the device of a portcullis were exported from England in Elizabeth's reign for use in the Company's factories:

<sup>\*</sup> History of the Coinage of the Territories of the East India Company in the Indian Peninsula, &c., with 20 plates. Madras, 1890.

<sup>†</sup> So called to distinguish it from the later "English Company" or "General Society," founded in 1698. The two were united in 1706-9 under the title of "The United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies," commonly called the Honourable East India Company. The natives called it Jahán-Kumpani, "Company of the World," whence the nickname "John Company."

No.	Mint.	Year: Month.	Regnal year.	
AR 506	Lahore	1036	22	۲۲ As 491: but سنه and ۱۰۳۹ شنه EDEN. B. 9, Wt. 175
			'	EDEN. BE 0, WE IT
507	Patnah	1036 Far- war- din	,,	ماه فروردین الم ۱۰۳۱ ۲۲ پتنه
ĺ				ضرب
1	İ			Rev. as 439: no borders; differently arranged.
1				R. 75, Wt. 175
				rr
508	Lahore	1037	,,	As 491: but سنه and ۱۰۳۷
ļ_			ŀ	GRANT. R. 85, Wt. 175
•				
509	Akbar-	_	_	As 476: but (sic) فروردى instead of year,
	nagar	Far- war- din		a dagger.  EDEN. R75, Wt. 176
510	Jahán- gírna-	 Mibr	201	ماه مهر الهم ۲۰ (؟) جهانكيرنكر سنه
1	gar			جهانكيرنكر سنه ''`
				ضرب
		į		Rev. as 439.
				PL. XIV. I.O.C. R '65, Wt. 170
511	Kanda	10xx Far-	_	ماه فروردی (sio) البع
	hár	war- din		ماه فروردی (eio) البی ضـــرب قندهار
				1 (P)
				Rev. as 439.
				EDEN. B. W. 194
•	1	•	1	•

such, however, would of course be employed only for trade with European nations, and would not pass in the interior of India. When Charles II.'s queen brought him. as part of her dowry, the port and island of Bombay (in 1661, but the place was not surrendered till 1665), the king by Letters Patent dated 27 March, 1669, transferred them to the Company, to be held "as of the Manor of East Greenwich" in free and common soccage at a farm rent of 101. Bombay soon (1685) became the seat of the Western Presidency, and already in 1671 a mint was founded, where the Company's agents by royal permission issued a local coinage of their own with English inscriptions, for circulation in the island and the immediate neighbourhood. The Letters Patent of 5 October, 1677, contain the following clause on this subject: "And also of our farther especiall grace vertuwe knowledge and meere motion Wilt Dot by these presents for us our Heires and Successors give and graunt unto the said Governor and Company of Merchants of London trading into the East Indies and their Successors full and free liberty power and Authority from tyme to tyme and at all tymes hereafter within the Port and Island of Bombay in the East Indies and the Precincts and Territoryes thereof and thereunto belonging to Stamp and Coyne or Caused to bee Stamped and Coyned moneys of Gold Silver Copper Tynne or Lead or of any mixt mettall Compounded or made up of them or any of them to bee Currant within the said Port and Island Fort and Townes and the Precincts and Territories thereof And also in all the Islands Ports Havens Cittys Creeks Townes and Places whatsoever within the East Indies Expressed mentioned or contayned in our said severall Charters or Letters Patents herein before mentioned or either of them with such Impression and

		T	l- 1	***************************************	
No.	Mint.	Year.	Regna year.		
Æ 512	Agrah	1021	7	Obv.	C O P P E R.  اگره  ب  ضر  خسر  سنده
				Rev.	رواخ ۱۰۲۱ مسنیه PL. XIV. PLAYFAIR. & 10
				III.—WI	TH NAME OF NÚR-JAHÁN.
N 513	Súrat	1030		Obv.	جهانكير زحـكير شا[ه صد زيـــو[ر يــــافـــت ضرب سورت
				Rev.	واد بور نور ز]نام بیکیر زر اینا اینا آسنه] اینا اسنه اینا

Inscription thereupon to bee made and to bee called or knowne by the Name or Names of Rupecs Pices and Budgerookes," etc.\* The historian Kháfí Khán records that "some rupees which the English had coined at Bombay with the name of their impure king," were shown to the Emperor Aurangzib in 1694 (A.H. 1105); but when Khafi Khan was sent to expostulate, the chief of the Bombay factory explained that these pieces were only "current in our own jurisdiction." † Such coins are, therefore, properly classed as English colonial currency. For circulation among the natives in India, the Company were forced either to send their bullion to be minted by the Moghul governors, or to imitate at various local mints the common coins of the contemporary Moghul Emperor. The native princes having raised objections to this exercise of the privilege of coining, the Company obtained further powers by Letters Patent from James II., dated 12 April, 1686 (A.H. 1097), by which they were authorized to issue at all their forts copies of the current native coins, on the condition that they maintained an equal weight and fineness with the pieces they copied. The Bombay factory was directed to use "such stamps, dies, and tools, as were common in the country." In 1688-9, the native authorities, anxious to obviate the exercise of this royal permission, granted the Company the right to send their bullion to be coined at the Moghul mint at Súrat; but it appears they preferred to continue their practice of coining at Bombay.

At this early period there is no means of distinguishing between the Moghul issues and the Company's

<sup>•</sup> Facsimile in Journal of Indian Art, No. 31. See also Sir G. Birdwood, Report on the Old Records of the India Office, 2nd reprint, 219, &c.

<sup>+</sup> Kháfí Khán, ED. vii. 351.

<sup>1</sup> Parchment Records, India Office: Birdwood, op. cit., 285.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
AR 514	Súrat	1033	19	SILVER. As 513: but
<b>5</b> 15	Ahmad- ábád	1034		As 513: but on obv. [مرب احمدابا[د], and year on rev. אין אין פרייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי
516, 517	Lahore	,,	20	شاه جهانگیسر ،Obv.  بــــــــکـــــــــــــــــ  یافت صد زیور  ســـــــــــــــــــــــــ  جلوس
	•			الامر الامر الامرور جهان پادر جهان پادر جهان پادر جهان پادر الامرور بیار بادر بیار پادر پادر پادر پادر پادر پادر پادر پا

imitations. Nor can we be certain that a coin bearing the name of a certain city was struck at that mint. We read, for example, that the Bengal Council in 1707 (1119), sent a specimen of the new Emperor Bahádur's rupees to Fort St. George to be copied for use in the trade with Bengal.\* But it is specially mentioned that this rupee was not to be used at Madras, because it might give offence to the rival Emperor, or pretender, Kám Bakhsh, whose influence was then predominant in the Deccan. Thus Bengal rupees † might be coined at Madras, and (as will be seen) Madras rupees at Calcutta.

So far all coining by the Company at their own mints was carried on with difficulty and interruption, and against the will of the Moghul rulers; indeed, the Company's coinage was at this period simple forgery, though the fact that it passed among the natives shows that it was intrinsically as good as the imperial currency, from which it apparently could not be distinguished. But in 1717 (1129) the Company were permitted to escape from this invidious position. In that year the Emperor Farrukh-siyar, yielding, no doubt, to substantial persuasions, and perceiving the futility of resistance, granted a firmán by which the English were allowed to coin money of the Empire in the island of Bombay. The permission, however, is said to have not been practically put in force till 1725 (1137), when the Bombay mint, which had apparently fallen into disuse, no doubt by reason of the Emperor's opposition, was rebuilt.§ In 1742 (1154-5) the Company were also granted permission to coin rupees in imitation of those struck by the Imperial

<sup>\*</sup> Thurston, op. cit., 21.

<sup>†</sup> The word rupee is often officially used in a general sense to include both gold and silver coins; and we come across the term "gold rupee" in the writings of European travellers.

<sup>1</sup> Thurston, op. cit., 25.

<sup>§</sup> In contradiction of this statement, see below, p. cvi.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regna year.		
AR 518	Lahore	1034	_	Obv. as 516.	
				Rev.	زنام نو[ر <del>ج</del> ــــان
					بادشاه زر پادشاه زر بیسکسم
					۱۰۳۴ ضرب لاهور PL. XIV. MARSDEN. A. 85, Wt. 178
519 1	Súrat	,,	2[0	As 513: bu	PL. XIV. CUNNINGHAM. R. 65, Wt. 85
520	,,	103	5 2[1	As 513 : bu	ا ۰٫۳۵ ۲ ut سنه ۳ <i>GRANT</i> . Æ '8, Wt. 173
521	",	103	16	As 513 : bi	ام المار ال
52:	2 Ahma ábád	d- 108	37 2[	As 513: b	out ضرب احمداباد; and ۱۰۳۷ ۲ CUNNINGHAM. A: '8, Wt. 174
52 52		h,	,, 2	Obv.	بحكير شاه جها نــــكـــيــــر
					يافت صد زيور ســــــنـــه ۱۰۳۷
				Rev.	ونام شــــــاه
	*				نور جهان پاد بــــــــــکم زر
				-00	ضرب اگره Pl. XIV. CUNNINGHAM. B. 85, Wt. 11 EDEN. At. 8. Ws. 15

governors at Arkát,\* and they issued rupees, with the name of the nominal mint Arkát, at Fort St. George for circulation in the Deccan, and later on, at Calcutta and Dhákká for use in Bengal. The French Compagnie des Indes exercised a similar privilege of issuing "Arkát" rupees at Pondicherry. The Arkát rupees struck at Madras had the mark of a trisúl, or "Siva's trident"; those struck at Calcutta, a rose; and the French, a crescent.†

In Bengal the Company were for a long time obliged to send their bullion to be coined at the mints of the Nawab of the province, which were at Dhakka, Patnah, and Murshidábád. But at length in 1759 (1171-2), the Nawab Siraj-ad-daulah gave them permission to establish a mint of their own at Calcutta.; In 1764 (1176), after the battle of Buxar, the Moghul Emperor Sháh-'Álam submitted to the English, who in 1765 took over the administration of what remained of his realm, but assigned to him the province of Alláhábád with the district of Korah, together with a subsidy for his establishment. § In taking over the administration, the Company also assumed the right of coinage. At first, indeed, the Nawab of Bengal continued to strike coins, whilst agreeing to pass Calcutta rupees as equal to those of his own mint of Murshidábád; but the mints at Patnah, Dhákká, and Murshidábád were soon abolished, and all the coins for Bengal were struck at Calcutta, whatever supposititious mint name they might bear.

Prinsep, Useful Tables, 24.

<sup>†</sup> Thurston, op. cit., 50; 102 note. ‡ Ibid. 33.

This was arranged by the Treaty of Allahábád, dated 16 Aug., 1765, between the English and the Nawáb Vazir of Oudh, and by "Articles of agreement," dated 19 Aug., 1765, confirming certain firmins of the 12th of the same month. The Treaty is given in facsimile in the Journal of Indian Art, No 31. The coin issued in the Emperor's name at Calcutta in A.H. 1176, the only piece of its kind, seems to have been struck in commemoration of this event. It is in the nature of a medal.

<sup>||</sup> Thurston, op. cit., 34, 38.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal									
<i>A</i> R 525	Patnah	1037	22	As 5	23 :	but	regna	l year of		on obv	., and	lowest
								۲۲ ب پتنه	ضرر			
								PL. XIV.	CUNN	INGHAM.	AR. '75,	Wt. 174
526	,,	-	,,	As 55	25.					PL, XIV.	Æ '65,	, Wt. 89
										**		
							~~~		33333			
				•								
			ı		•							

Here, then, we come upon one of the perplexities of this period. For some years after 1765 there appears to have been a double issue in Bengal,—the Nawáb's and the Company's; and no record so far has been published of the distinction between the two. In the classification of these issues in the present volume, the principal guide has been the style and fabric of the coins themselves.

In 1793 (1207-8) the Company endeavoured to put an end to the existing confusion and discrepancies of weight and purity by establishing a standard currency which should supersede the various local issues. this purpose they selected the coinage struck at Murshidábád in the 19th year of Sháh-'Álam's reign as the most suitable for imitation,-presumably because the most correct in standard and the most perfect in design and execution. The result was the coin familiar to Anglo-Indians under the name of the "19 san" or "sikkah" rupee (and mohr) of Murshidábád, which was now fixed as the standard coin to the exclusion of all others in Bengal, though the old rupees of the 11th, 12th and 15th year were still to pass current until there should be a sufficiency of the new coinage.\* The old mints at Dhákká, Patnah, and Murshidábád are said to have been revived for this issue: but Marsden asserts that it was all coined at Calcutta. The 19th year of Sháh-'Álam's reign was retained on the obverse, whatever Hijrah year might appear on the reverse, and this absurd anachronism went on until the true colonial coinage of 1835 was introduced.

So much for the foundation of the Lower Bengal coinage which formed the chief currency of Calcutta until 1835, though modified, from time to time, notably in 1818 and 1832. The upper country in Bengal, however, was served from other mints, of which the chief were Benáres and Farrukhábád, and these were the only two

<sup>\*</sup> Marsden, Num. Orient., ii. 688. Prinsep, op. cit., 24.

## DÁWAR BAKHSH.

### USURPER.

A.H. 1037 = A.D. 1627-8.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal Year.		
<i>A</i> R 527	Lahore	1037	1	Obv.	SILVER.
021	Danoie	1001	1	OUV.	لا اله الا محمد
					۱۰۳۷ رسول الله
					ضــــرســِــ لاهور
				Rev.	پــادشـــــاه بــــخــش
					داور المسطسفير ابو س <sup>احد</sup> نيه
					ابو سننه PL. XIV. GIBBS. 28 '85. Wt. 169
					MANOCONOCES INCA

up-country mints used by the Company until 1830. The Benáres mint was established by Rájá Balwant Singh in 1730 (1142), and remained under native control for twenty years after the Company took over the administration of the province in 1765.\* The Company's Farrukhábád mint was founded in 1803 (1218), about a year after the Duáb had been ceded to the English, and issued its "45 san" rupee, in imitation of what was known as the "Lucknow 45 san sikkah" † struck at the Fathgarh mint of the Moghul: the 45th year of 'Shah-Alam corresponding to the year 1218 of the Hijrah (1803). The Benáres mint which had for some time been issuing the Nawab of Oudh's rupecs, in 1806 was made to coin Company's coin, with the mint-mark of the trisul or Siva's trident. Neither mint enjoyed a long existence. That at Farrukhábád was closed in 1824 (1240) and that at Benáres in 1830 (1246):‡ but, in accordance with the anomalous ways of the time the Benárcs mint ceased to issue its own rupees in 1819, and substituted an issue of Farrukhábád rupees from 1819 till its suppression in 1830. After that date, Ságar § and Calcutta took up the duty of issuing Farrukhábád coins for the up-country circulation, until this branch of the coinage was suppressed in The various difficulties in the classification of the coins arising from this confusion of mints will be noticed further on.

The following table, based upon Prinsep's data, || shows the different classes of the Company's Bengal

Prinsep, op. cit., 26. Thurston, op. cit., 43.

<sup>†</sup> It is not explained why it was called a "Lucknow" rupee, although it bore the name of Ahmadnagar Farrukhábád, and was struck at Fathgarh; but this is merely an example of the confusion of the subject.

<sup>1</sup> Princep, op. cit., 26.

<sup>§</sup> Sagar was established as a native mint in 1779 (1193) by the Peahwa's officer at Garrah Mandlah; and was ceded to the English in 1818.

# V.—SHIHÁB-AD-DÍN SHÁH-JAHÁN.

A H. 1037-1068 = A.D. 1628-1658.

No.	Mint.	Year :	Regnal year.		
AV 528	Ahmad- ábád	1038 Ardi- bibist	2	و O L D.  و اله الا الله الا الله الا الله الا الله الا الله الا الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	
				احمداباد الم الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	
				شاه جهان ۱۰۳۸ مسحسسهد شهاب الدین ن صاحب قران ثا	1
				\[\frac{1}{2}\]	I.O.C. N '95, Wt. 168
529	,,	1038 Khúr dád		As 528: but month خورداد	Pr. XV. A '9, Wt. 169

#### VARIETIES OF MILLING.

issues, so far as they adopted the European style of a collar, rim, or milled edges, by which they may be distinguished. That there were other issues after the native style will be shown later.

Murshidábád :—	Milling, etc.
Old standard sikkah rupee of 1793-1818.	
New " " " 1818-1832.	111111111111111
Later standard sikkalı rupee of 1832-5.	No milling, but
	a dotted rim on
Farrukhábád :—	the face.
Old standard Farrukhábád rupee (or	
"45 san Lucknow rupee") of	
1803-19	
New standard Farrukhábád rupce	
(coined at Farrukhábád, 1819-24,	
at Benáres 1819-30; and at Ságar	
and Calcutta, 1819-33).	1014411111111111111111
Later Farrukhábád rupec 1833-5	Plain edge and
	plain rim.
Benáres :—	_
Benáres rupee 1806-1819	

It will be noticed that oblique milling prevailed in all three mints until 1818-9, straight milling from 1819 to 1832-3, and plain edges from 1833-5.

In September 1835 the Company established an English coinage with the head of William IV. in place of the name of the Moghul Emperor, and all the older issues were ordered to be suppressed.

Turning to Bombay, we find that the plan of a uniform and fixed coinage was adopted there rather later than the establishment of the "19 san Murshidábád" currency in Bengal (1793). The mohrs and rupees of

No.	Mint.	Year:	Regna year.	
<i>N</i> 530	Dawlat- ábád	_		Obv. area, within ornamented diamond border,  لا الله الا الله  محصول  رسول الله ۲  بصدق ابی بکر وعدل عبر بازرم عثبان ,  وعلم علی
				Rev. area, within eightfoil, <u>پادشاه غازی</u> Margin, الدین   محمد صاحب   قران ثانی    أضو [ب] دوا[ت] اباد    PL. XV. DA CUNHA. N '8, Wt. 167
531	Lahore	1039 Abán	,,	اله الا الله الا الله مصحصد مسحسد رسول الله أم ضحص فضر مسكن الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
				Rev. as 528: but   • ~ 9  **MARSDEN. N 85, Wt. 169
532	Ahmad- ábád	1040 Far- war- din	4	As 528: but منه and month فروردي (sic) on obv.; and on rev. ۱۰۱۰.

Súrat had long been the models on which the Bombay coins had been imitated; but there arose discrepances in the fineness which obliged the Company to have their coins restruck at Súrat. It was not till 1800 (1214) that the Bombay mint recommenced the issue of Súrat rupees,\* and not till 1804 (1219), the 46th year of Sháh-Álam, that a fixed coinage was established.† The Bombay-Súrat coins, both in gold and silver, bearing this year, were distinguished by a crown, but this mark was soon abandoned, and the familiar "46 san Súrat rupees" are only distinguishable by their date from the native issues. Like the "19 san" rupee of Murshidábád, the "46 san" rupee of Súrat continued to be struck, irrespective of the true date, until the establishment of a general British currency in 1835.

The Madras coinage, with the nominal mint Arkát, has already been mentioned.

The foregoing summary of the history of the coinage of the East India Company up to the establishment of an English currency in 1835 prepares the way for an examination of the reasons which have ruled the classification of these issues in the present volume, and of the means of distinguishing between them and the contemporary native coinages.

The history of the Company's coinage (for circulation among natives) before 1835 has been seen to fall into three periods:—

- 1. The Period of Prohibition; when the Company either sent its bullion to be coined at the Moghul mints, or else issued illicit imitations, i.e. forgeries.
- \* Prinsep, op. cit., 24. This year is the date of the suppression of the native Nawab or governor at Súrat.
- † Atkins, Coins of British Possessions and Colonies (1889), says that Surat rupees were copied by the Company from 1733 to 1780 (1146—1194), and then the 46 san rupee was introduced. This last statement is irreconcilable with the fact that Shah 'Alam's 46th year corresponds to 1804.

No.	Mint.	Year :	Regimi	
<i>N</i> 533	Súrat	Far- war- din	4.	As 528: but no Hijrah year; and lowest lines of obv.,
				سنه سورت الم مـــاه فروردم (sic)
				I.O.C. N .85, Wt. 169
534	Akbar- ábád	1042	_	Obv. Area, within lozenge border, as 530, but no regnal year.
				شهاب السديسن نع محمد صاحبقران ثا م
				شاه جهان پادشاه غاز ضر]
				اکسبسرابساد ۱۰۱۶۲
				PL. XV. A '95, Wt. 167
535	,,	_	5	Obv. as 534.
				صاحب قران ثـان
				محــــهد شـاه پادشاه غــاز
				شهاب الدین جهان م ضرب اکبرایاد سنه
	:			صوب اکبراند سنه (Pieroed.) 47 1'06

- 2. The Period of Concession; when the Company obtained limited rights of coining, viz.:
  - a. To coin at Bombay, 1716 (1129), but not exercised until 1725 (1137).
  - b. To copy Arkát rupees, 1742 (1154).
  - c. To establish a mint at Calcutta, 1759 (1171).
- 3. The Period of Administration; when the Company practically took over the administration and minting of the Moghul Empire, 1765 (1178).

In classifying the coins these three periods must be treated in succession:—

- (1.) During the first of these periods it is obviously impossible to distinguish between the Moghul and the Company's issues. The latter were forgeries, and forgeries that were so good that they apparently could not be detected.
- (2.) In the second period there are only three mints to be considered: Bombay, Arkát (Madras), and Calcutta, corresponding to the three chief factories of the Company and to the three modern Presidencies.

We are not informed what coin the Bombay mint was authorized to issue in 1716, but it is termed "coin of the Empire," which must indicate coin such as the Moghul Emperor issued from his own mints: and any doubt which might be entertained on the subject is removed by the discovery, in the British Museum, of the very coins in question. They will be found described on pp. 278-9, and all bear the mint name (or munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical munical muni

Marsden read this as "the Moneer of the maps," and Mr. Thurston, op. cit., describes his no. 39 (Pl. xvi. 4) as a Súrat rupee, though it reads Munbai and is similar to nos. 79 and 80, p 279, in the present volume.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Кекта! усат.	
<i>N</i> 536	Lahore	1042	5	Obv. as 530: but area enclosed in circular border; no regnal year; and 1.1° 7 in margin.
				الدين محمد شاه جهان الدين محمد شاه جهان الدين محمد شاه جهان محمد شاه جهان الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين محمد شاه الدين الدين محمد شاه الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين الدين ال
537, 538	Akbar- ábád	1043	6	As 534: but   •   •   •   •   , and regnal year   on rev.  GRANT. N '0, Wt. 164  MARSDEN. N '05, Wt. 167
539	77	77	,,,	Obv. as 531.  Rev. Area, within diamond border,
540	Burhán púr	- "	"	ضرب اڪبراباد GRANT N 95, Wt. 108 As 539: but square borders; امات in obv. area, and mint برهانپور (Formerly ringed.) PRINSEP. N 9

privilege of coining, granted in 1716, was speedily exercised, and not postponed till 1725 as stated in the records. These coins, and one of 1143 (1730), do not bear the name of a Moghul Emperor on the reverse, but merely the inaccurately engraved inscription What the figure 5 represents. What is a difficult problem, unless it be a bad copy of the in ماهان شاه . It may refer to the relation of the coins to the rupee: for they all weigh 37 grains, which is about one-fifth of the full weight of a rupee. The 1725 issue, recorded in the annals, is represented by the rupee no. 72, p. 278, which bears the name of Muhammad Sháh and the regnal year 7, corresponding to 1137 (1725). A later rupce is dated in the eighteenth year of Muhammad Sháh, and A.H. 1148 (1735), with a counterstamp, probably a shroff-mark of a Moghul moneychanger. A gold mohr is dated the 9th of Shah-'Alam, A.H. 1182 (1768); and a rupee bears the same regual year, but the Hijrah date is 1188 (1774), an error not infrequent on Anglo-Moghul coins. Finally, two very badly engraved rupees, having no dates, and wearing a modern look, appear to have been issued at Calcutta for Bombay in 1800.\*

As to Arkát, there is little difficulty in distinguishing the coins struck with this name at Madras, Calcutta, and Pondicherry, from those issued by the Moghul authorities at Arkát itself. The latter have no particular mark, whilst there is ample authority for identifying the trisúl, rose, and crescent, as the respective symbols of the three European mints. Examples of the native issues are described on p. 239, and illustrated on Pl. xxvii. The Company's coins all bear the name of 'Alamgír II., and the sixth year of his reign (whatever the Hijrah year),

<sup>\*</sup> See the footnote, p. 279.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
N 541	Akbar- ábád	1043		Obv. Area, within oval eightfoil border,
				لا اله الا ا محمد رسول الله
				Margin as 530.
				Rev. Area, within oval eightfoil border, پاد
				شاه غازے جہان شاه
				Margin as 539.  PL. XV. PRINSEP. N 85. Wt. 16
542 sq.		_	6	Obv. Area, within square,
				مـحــــهـد رســول الـلـه
	-			Margin obliterated.
				Rev. Area, within square,  پادشاه غیبازی شیاه جیبان
				Margin obliterated.
ľ	1			DA CUNHA. N ·6, Wt. 166
543	-	1044	-	As 539: square borders, nearly obliterated; year [1.] Por in obv. area; mint obliterated.

which seems to suggest that the issue of Arkát rupees, though authorized in 1742 (1154), was not actually carried out till the reign of that Emperor 1754-61 (1167-75). The earliest dated issues in the British Museum are of A.H. 1213-4 (1798-1800), and are precisely similar to the contemporary native coinage of Arkát, with the addition of the trisúl Y. In 1815 a milled coinage was established (with the name of 'Álamgír II., and years 1172 and 6 of reign) which lasted until 1835, and was issued at Madras with the trisul and at Calcutta with the rose. The Calcutta issues have a straight milling, which, on the analogy of the Company's Bengal currency, would suggest that they were struck between 1818 and 1832. 282-5, and Pl. xxxii.). The French rupees, with the mint Arkát and the crescent, bear the name of Sháh-'Álam more usually than that of 'Alamgir II., and, unlike the English issues, they vary the regual years on the obverse nearly in accordance with those of the Hijrah on the reverse.\* (See pp. 286-7 and Pl. xxxii.) The same symbols, the trisúl and the crescent, appear on some rupees of Masulipatan, but here both belong to the period of the English occupation; though the crescent is doubtless a survival from the French conquest. (See p. 288, Pl. xxxii.)

Of the Calcutta mint, authorized in 1759 (1171), very little is known in this second period. The only+ occurrence of this name is on the commemorative piece of 1176 already referred to (ante, p. lxxxv., note), and on some copper coins (p. 289). The Calcutta mint was almost exclusively employed in issuing coins bearing the names of

<sup>•</sup> M. Zay's work on the French colonial coinages is weak in the Indian section.

<sup>†</sup> The rupes no. 726, described by an oversight on. p. 148 as of Calcutta, is, of course, of Golkondah.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		
N 544	Ahmad- ábád	1045	8	<b>As</b> 539 :	square borders,
	abaa				1.1° g in obv. area;
					regual year ∧ in rev. area,
					in rev. margin.
					PL. XV. GUTHRIE. N '95, Wt. 169
545	Akbar- ábád	,,	,,	,,	1.1º 8 and A in rev. area.
	nonce				BURGESS. N '9, Wt. 168
546	,,	1046	9	29	square borders,
					1.127 in obv. area,
					9 in rev. area.
					I.O.C. N '85, Wt. 168
547	,,	1047	11	,,	.   w and     in rev. area.
	"				BURGESS. N 95, Wt. 109
548	,,	1048	,,	,,	1.1º A and 11 in rev. area.
					(Formerly ringed.) HAY. N .9
549		1049	12	"	square borders,
	İ				IT in obv. margin,
					امهاد؟) in rev. margin.
				,	PL. XV. GOVT. OF INDIA. N '8, Wt. 160
			1		Ü
550	Akbar- ábád	1050	13	,,	· · · and / in rev. area.
1	1	1	1		HAY. N 85, Wt. 167

other mints (e.g. Arkát, aud later on Murshidábád, Furrukhábád, &c.).

(3.) The third period presents the chief difficulties in classification. It extends from the assumption of administrative powers by the Company in Bengal in 1765 to the inauguration of a European currency in 1835, during the whole of which interval the name of Sháh-'Álam appears on the Company's coinage (except that of "Arkat"), although this Emperor died in 1806. As Sháh-'Álam's authority was purely nominal, and he was generally under British or Marátha control, it is idle to seek for any individual exercise of monetary powers by the Emperor personally. All that has to be done is to draw the line between the coinage issued in his name by the provincial governors (however independent, or however much under the real authority of the English) and the coinage issued at the Company's mints, which were few and well known. (See table above, p. ciii.) The latter alone can be properly termed Company's coins, however much other money may have been supervised by their officers.

We have first to determine what coins must be placed under  $Sh\acute{a}h$ -'Alam. Under this head are classed all those coins which bear his name, and have legible mints and consistent dates (i.e. dates in which the regnal and Hijrah years are in accord). A large number of these coins were issued by one or other of the numerous quasi-independent states which sprang up all over India upon the decay of the Moghul authority; but so long as they show the Emperor's name, and so long as their dates tally with his reign, they must be classed as his coinage, though he was only a figure head. This principle of classification excludes a large number of coins which do not fulfil the conditions here laid down: these will be referred to later. Sháh-'Alam's coinage is essentially

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regna		
N 551	Akbar- ábád	1050	14	As 539:	1.8. and 11° in rev. area.  PL. XV. STUBBS. N '9, Wt. 168
552	Dawlat- ábád	,,	_	,,	in celling in the seath rev. area; and دولتاباد in margin.
553	"	1051	14	,,	ا . 8 ا beneath rev. area; ا مرب [د]وا[ت]ا[ب]اد in rev. margin.  **Note: 168
554	Akbar- ábád	,,	15	<b>,,</b>	1.8   and   5 in rev. area.  **LADY FRERE. # '85, Wt. 108
555	Burhán púr	,,		,,	square borders;
556	Akbar- ábád	105:	2 16	,,	.       and       in rev. area.  **LADY FRERE.   N   85, Wt. 166
557	,,	105	3 ,,	,,	1.87" and 17 in rev. area.
558	3,	105	6 19	"	square borders;  1.07 in obv. area,  19 in rev. area.  PRINSEP. N 8, Wt. 16
559	,,	105	57 21	. ,,	.   and     , both in rev. area.  (Barbarous.) MARSDEN. N 9, Wt. 10

of a local character, and is therefore divided under the several mints.

It is curious that there seem to be no specimens of Sháh-'Álam's coinage issued at his first capital, Alláhábád. His most important coinage was at Sháhjahánábád, modern Dehli, where he can hardly be said to have been master; since he was a puppet there in the hands of the Maráthas from 1771-88 (1185-1203) and their prisoner from 1788 until Lord Lake's victory over them, March 14, 1803 (1217), when Delhí was administered for a year or two by a British resident. There are very few coins of this mint belonging to the Marátha period, and these present no peculiarities: but the British occupation is prominently signalized on the coinage. The British lion, which was the Company's crest, appears to the right of the imperial umbrella on rupees of 1218 (which year began in April 1803), but in deference, it is said, to the prejudices of the blind Emperor, who was told that the English had engraved an unclean animal on the coins, the lion gave place to the cinquefoil (the badge adopted on the coinage by the Company)\* on rupees of 1218 and 1219 (1803-4). In the same way, on the large thin issues (probably nisárs, see above, p. lxxxvi.) of this mint, instead of the tree which usually stands beside the umbrella, we find the

<sup>\*</sup>Although a rose with five petals formed part of the arms of the "Old" Company, at least as early as 1677 (cf. plate in Journal of Indian Art, no. 31), it was not found in the arms of the "New" Company, or of the Honourable United Company. The new arms granted in 1698 were: Argent a cross gules, on a shield in the dexter quarter the arms of France and England quarterly within a compartment, adorned with an Imperial crows; for the crest, upon a helm on a torse or wreath argent and gules, a lion rampant gardant or, holding between his paws an imperial crown preper, mantled gules, doubled argent; supported by two lions gardant or, each holding a banner argent charged with a cross gules. (See facsimile of the Grant in Journal of Indian Art, no. 31.)

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal		
<b>N</b> 560 sq.	Akbar- ábád	1057	21	As 559.	(Barbarous.) M.1RSDEN. N '85, Wt. 168
561	"	[1059]	23	As 539:	no Hijrah year, but TT in rev. area.
					YEAMEN, N '95, Wt. 165
562	Burhán- púr	1060	,,	"	square borders;
					برهانپور in rev. margin. MARSDEN. N '85, Wt. 169
563	,,	1061	25	1,	square borders ; ۱۰۲۱ in obv. area, ۱۰۲۵ in rev. margin. PL. XV. A -85, Wt. 169
564	Akbar- ábád	"	,,	"	1.71 and 70 in rev. area.  N :85, Wt. 108
565	,,	1065	26	,,	. T   in obv. area,   T   in rev. area.   PROF. WILSON. N 75, Wt. 168
566	Dawlat ábád	- 1063	3 27	,,	۱۲۳ (sic) and ۲۷ in obv. area, ۲۲ in rev. margin. PL. XV. LADY FRERE. N ·8, Wt. 189
567	Akbar- ábád	1064	28	. "	1. The in obv. area and MA in rev. area.  AT 75, Wt. 168

cinquefoil \* introduced on rupces of 1218 to 1221, while a truly British wreath, composed of roses, thistles, and shamrocks, encircles the coinage of A.H. 1219 to 1220. (See pp. 234-6 and Pl. xxvii.) Sháh-'Álam's coinage at Etáwá, Ahmadábád, Arkát, Akbarábád, Najíbábád (the capital of the Rohila chief Najíb-ad-daulah) and other mints, calls for no special notice; he died in 1221 (1806).

We now come to mints which passed from native control into the Company's, such as Benúres, and the problem to be determined is where the native coinage ends and the Company's begins. The older Benáres type (represented in the Museum from A.H. 1183 to 1196) was exchanged for a new issue, distinguished by a large flower of four petals, at or before 1203 (1787-8). These coins bear a double regnal year, one referring to Shah-'Alam, the other invariably 17. Marsden + explains this latter as being the date of the succession (1191 A.H.), of Asaf-ad-daulah, the Nawab-Vazir of Oudh, under whose authority these coins were issued: the year 1191, of course, being the 17th year of Sháh-'Alam, who came to the throne in 1173. This type of Benáres coinage runs on, as to regnal years, to the 49th year of Sháh-'Álam, which corresponds to 1221, the year of his death; but the Hijrah dates include 1222, 1224, and 1225 (1810 A.D.), all later than the Emperor's death. (See p. 244, Pl. xxviii.)

Now we have already seen that Prinsep says that the Benáres mint remained under native control for twenty years after the Company took over the administration of Bengal in 1765. It is distinctly stated by the Indian historians that on the death of the Nawáb Vazír Shujá'-

<sup>\*</sup> The same arrangement was adopted by Muhammad Akbar II. and Bahádur II., the two puppet Emperors who succeeded Sháh-'Alam, until the Indian Mutiny brought about the end of the effete dynasty.

† Num. Orient. 693.

	1	Ī	æ . l	
No.	Mint.	Year.	Regn	
<i>N</i> 568	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1066	30	Obv. as 539: within circle, in margin [ و ۲۱]  Rev. Area, as 539: within circle, regnal year الله مناه جهان ابساد رایسج در جهان  عاودان بادا بنام ثانی صاحب قران  PL. XV. MAESDEN. & 115, Wt. 188
<b>56</b> 9	Dawlat- ábád	1067	,,	As 539: but in obv. area,  ۱۰۹۷ and ۲۰۰  mint in rev. margin,  ضرب دولت اباد  (Barbarous.) MARSDEN. N 85, Wt. 167
570	Multán	1068	31	,, square borders; ۱۰۹ in obv. area, ۱۳۱ in rev. area; ملتان in margin. 1.0.c. N 75, Wt. 168
571	Dawlat- ábád	,,,	77	,, eightfoil borders;  ۱۰۹۸ in obv. margin,  ۱۰۹۸ in rev. area;  ا نولتاباد in rev. margin.  MARSDEN. N. 85, Wt. 187
572	Akbar- ábád	,,	32	Obv. as 541: eightfoil borders;  ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا

ad-daulah in A.H. 1191, the English received the districts of Benáres, Jaunpúr, Gházípúr, and Chunár, from his successor Asaf-ad-daulah, in consideration of his being confirmed in his post, and these parts were accordingly The coins with the special year of the annexed. Nawab of Oudh seem to disprove this statement: native control, according to them, must have lasted up to 1810. On the other hand, the only milled Benáres rupce in the collection (no. 66, p. 277, Pl. xxxi), clearly belonging to the Company's issue of 1806-1819, bears the Nawab's number 17 and the four-petal flower, exactly like the earlier issues, but the Hijrah year 1229 (1814). Moreover, it is distinctly stated that the Company issued coins at Benáres from 1806. We must therefore conclude either that the Company permitted the Nawab to go on coining till 1810, or that they began their own coinage at Benáres by copying his. But that the Company did issue coins of a pronounced native type, without the collar or milled edge, is shown by the series of eleven coins described on p. 276 (Pl. xxxi). These belong to the older Benáres type, prior to the four-petal-flower type, but the fabric is unquestionably more modern, and the fact that a fixed regnal year (26) is retained, whilst the Hijrah years range from 1212 to 1233 (1797 to 1817), is a probable indication of European negligence. These are, in my opinion, Company's coins. And if so, this is a reason why the flower type should not be theirs, for it is improbable that they issued both simultancously. Thus we have-

The next transitional mint, first native, then belonging

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
N 573	Dawlat- ábád	1068	32	Obv. as 541: eightfoil borders;
				Rev. as 539: ۳۲ in area; in margin. ضر[ب] دولتاباد
574	Multán	,,	"	As 539: square borders;  ( ۱۰ ۹ ۸ in obv. area;  ( " in rev. area;  in margin.  THEOBALD. N '75, Wt. 168
575	Burhén púr	i- ,,	3 <b>[2</b> ]	" square borders; ۱۰٫۹ in obv. area; ۳ in rev. area; إبر] in margin. ۱۳ ابر] هانپرر
57 57 89	7	_		,, square borders with ornamented quatrefoil corners, mint and date obliterated.  (Barbarous.) LADY FRERE. N '8, Wt. 16  PL. XV. (Barbarous.) PANJ. ARCH. SURV. N '9, Wt. 18

exii SURAT.

to the Company, is Súrat. The Company coined here at the native mint and imitated native Súrat coins at Bombay in the first and second periods (see above, p. xclvii. ff.), but illegally: they only possessed the right to coin at Bombay for internal circulation. Whatever coins they may have issued before 1800 with the name Súrat are indistinguishable, so far as I know, from the Moghul coinage. Prinsep tells us that in 1800 the Bombay mint recommenced the issue of Súrat rupees,\* and the date is confirmed by the circumstance that the English, who had owned the fort of Súrat since 1611 (1020), and had become supreme in the city since 1759, took the final step of abolishing the nominal authority of the native Nawab in 1800.+ The earliest specimen of this new issue of Súrat rupces and mohrs by the Company is the quarter-mohr, No. 81, p. 280. It shows but a portion of the usual inscription, and no Hijrah or regnal year; but it is marked with a crowned head, in token of English fabrication, and it has the figures 1802 engraved (not counterstruck) on a label on the reverse. The next dated specimens have the regnal year 46 (which, as has been seen, was a fixed date), a crown in place of the third point over ald, and (on the silver coins) the Christian date 1825. The next issue resembles this last, except in the absence of the crown: there is nothing to show that it is a Company's coinage except the year 46 (1804) which is posterior to any native rule in Súrat. The style and fabric of all these coins is native. In Nos. 87 ff., however, the milled edge is employed, and coins of this type continue down to the establishment of the European currency of 1835.

The Company's "Murshidábád" coinage is known to

Op. cit., 24. Rupee, here as before, is used as a generic term for coin, and includes gold mohrs.

<sup>+</sup> Hunter, Imp. Gazetteer of India, s.v.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regna.		
AR 578	Lahore	1037	1	Obv.	SILVER.  With name Kharram.  V IL. III III III III III III III III III
				Rov.	بــادشــاه غــــازے بــادشــاه غــــازے الدین محمد شاہ جہان خرم صـــــــر الدین محمد شاہ جہان خرم الدین محمد شاہ جہان خرم
579	Agrah	77	.,	Obv.	لا الـه الا الـلـه محمد محمد رسول الله ۳۷، ضحر رسيب
				Rev.	احد سنه غازے شاہ جہان پادشاہ محسم شہاب الدین نے صاحب قران ثا

have begun soon after their assumption of administrative authority in Bengal in 1765 (1178), but it does not follow that it began at Murshidábád itself. The Nawáb of Bengal undoubtedly continued to issue Sháh-'Álam's money at Murshidábád, Patnah (also called 'Azímábád), and Dhákká, for some time later.\* The Murshidábád coins Nos. 1188-1198, ranging from A.H. 1180 to 119x (1766-1776 ff.), which I have ascribed to the native mint, are of a totally distinct fabric from any of those on pp. 267 to 273, which belong to the Company's coinage. regnal and Hijrah years, moreover, are consistent, which cannot be said of many of the Company's issues. If it be urged that the Company's badge, a cinquefoil, occurs on Nos. 1195-6, the natural reply is that the cinquefoil, like everything else in the Company's imitative issues, must have existed on the native currency before it could be copied.

On the other hand, the issues of the regnal year 10, 1182-3 (1768) with dotted rims, described on pp. 267-8, although they present consistent regnal and Hijrah years, are marked by their fabric as the work of the Company's servants. The same fabric as that of the year 10 is seen in the issue of the year 11 (p. 269), and 12, 13, 15, and 19; but in those of 19 the regual year for the first time remains stationary, while the Hijrah years move on through 1196, 1197, 1198, 1201, 1202, to 1203, a tolerably sure sign of the Company's handiwork. If these last belong to the Company's series, so do those of the regnal year 10. They are doubtless the coins referred to in the Company's regulation of 1793, in issuing the "19 san" coinage: "the rupees of the 11th, 12th, and 15th sun were indeed directed to be received equally with the 19th sun sicca rupee, but this

<sup>\*</sup> See above, p. lxxxv.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Segual year.	
AR 580	Burhán- púr	[10]37	1	Obv. as 579: but lower lines,  ضر برهانپور  ضر برهانپور  ســـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				احد احدان عان احدان سنه احدان سنه احدان سنه احدان سنه احدان سنه احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان احدان ا
581	Agrah	1038	,,	Obv. as 579: but 1. ~ A  Rev. as 580.  Ph. XVI. GRANT. At 185, Wt. 172
582 14	,,	"	2	اكره اكره ا]لخلافه دار ض]-رب سنه
				Rev. <u>پادشاه غازی</u> ت نشاه جهانارة ا سنه PL. XVI. (Nisár.) <i>PLAYFAIR</i> . <b>B.</b> '7, Wt. 44

was a temporary measure." A glance at Plates xxix and xxx will show the difference between this fabric and that of the native issues.

The deduction from what has been said above is that the Nawab went on coining at Murshidabad for some years, whilst the Company were simultaneously striking coins, with the name of Murshidábád, at Calcutta. was the result of the treaty made in 1765 between the Governor and Council of Fort William and the Nawab of Bengal by which the latter agreed to "cause the rupees coined at Calcutta to pass in every respect equal to the Siccas of Moorshedabad, without any deduction of Batta."\* It is true that the native mints were withdrawn "soon after the commencement of the Company's administration," + but the phrase is elastic, and the native mints may have continued to issue Murshidábád rupces for a dozen years, whilst the Company was going through the experiments of the regnal years 10 to 15, leading up to the well-known "19 san sikkah," the various stages of which are described on pp. 272-3.

The trial piece of 1784, p. 271, is included in this volume as the earliest milled coin of the Company. The inscription on the edge ("United East India Company"), however, would not have commended it to natives.

The Farrukhábád issues call for little notice. The native coinages run from A.H. 1179 to 1218, though the regnal year 39 is misused on the last four coins. The Company's issues of "45 san" rupees, with three successive varieties of milling or plain rim, are represented on pp. 274-5 and Pl. xxxi.

<sup>\*</sup> Thurston, op. cit., 34.

<sup>†</sup> Regulation of 1793: Ibid. 38.

No.	Mint.	Year: Month.	Begnal	
AR 583	Akbar- ábád	1038 Tír	2	ال اله الا اله الا اله الا اله الا اله الا اله الا اله اله
				رســـول الــاــه ضـــرســول الــالــه ضـــرســول الــالــه تخطيف المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المحلفة المح
				احد
584	Patnah	,,	,,	Obv. beneath Kalimah (as 579),
				پتنه الهيءَ تير ماه
				Rev. as 580: but ۱۰۳۸ (in place of سنه)  PL XVI. THEOBALD. R 1.0, Wt. 172
585, 586	Súrat	1038	1	Obv., heneath Kalimah (as 579),
				<u>سسورت ع</u> ۱۰۳۸ سنه هجر
	,			احد Rev. as 580 : سنه PL. XVI. PRINSEP. R. 9, Wt. 175 GRANT. R. 9, Wt. 174

### § 10. LOCAL COINAGE.

In spite of this somewhat intricate examination of the various issues of the 18th and 19th centuries in India, a considerable number of coins have necessarily been omitted. These are what are known as "Indian Local Coinages."

They consist of the issues of the numerous petty states which attained to various stages of semi-independence or nominal dependence during the decay of the Moghul empire, and especially during the reign of Sháh-'Alam. They generally bear this Emperor's name, often long after his decease, but their dates are frequently fictitious, the regnal year bears no agreement with that of the Hijrah, and worst of all the mint itself is often wanting, or is merely represented by a symbol, which not seldom stands for more than one mint, and which too often it is impossible to identify with any mint. Had these local issues been carefully described and engraved when they were current, there would be no difficulty in the subject; and the plain reason that they defy classification is that all those who were living at the time when they were in circulation are long dead, and even Prinsep, with all the materials which were at his hand in 1833, was compelled to acknowledge the hopeless confusion of this branch of the coinage. What Prinsep could not effect with his opportunities in 1833, no one can accomplish after sixty years have diminished or abolished every source of information. The complexity of the subject may best be illustrated by a quotation from Prinsep's work.\* He based his remarks on reports presented by government officers in

<sup>\*</sup> Useful Tables, 27 ff.

No.	Mint.	Year.	year.	
/R 587	Súrat	103x	_	As 585: but unit of date obliterated, and no regnal year.  CUNNINGHAM. R. 85, Wt. 175
588	Akbar- ábád	1039	2	Obv. Area, within circle,  لا السه الا السليه  محسود  رسول السليه
				الدین محمد شاه جهان (الدین محمد شاه جهان الدین محمد شاه حمد الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین الدین ا
589	Akbar- nagar	1	,,,	Obv., beneath Kalimah (as 583),

Ajmír, Málwah, and the Narbada provinces in reply to questions circulated though the Mint Committee in 1818 and 1823; but in spite of such valuable materials he was forced to admit the incompleteness of his information.

"We have before remarked," he says, "that none of the coins now [1833] forming the circulation of Hindústán bear any other name than that of Shah-'Alam, \* and although we have no perfect information of the origin or date of the mints of Púnah, Nágpúr, or of the principal states of Rájputána, still we may safely assume that, until the authority of Dehlí was annihilated, the representative of the monarch in the various súbalis, or provinces, alone exercised the privilege of coining; and that even when it was assumed by chieftains already in actual independence, the form of a sanad or permission was obtained from the Emperor by purchase or extortion. The petty Rájá of Dattiah, for instance, was indignant [in 1824] at the supposition that he had opened his mint without authority, and of all the chiefs within Lieut. Moody's agency [at Bangál and Kantáll, Rájá Pratáp Singh of Chatrapur was the only one who could not produce his authority. The chiefs of Jhánsi and Jálaon cited the sanction of the Peshwá; the Tahrí Rájá, the tacit permission of the English. No notice, however, of mints was found in any of the sanads or treaties to which that officer had access.

"When first established, the mints were no doubt in most cases made the source of fraudulent profit to the government, by the issue of a debased coin, which was supported at an enhanced nominal value through the interdiction of the purer standards of neighbouring districts. A Hindú prince, or the minister who rules for him, is in general a money-dealer: thus at Kotá the executive authority has a shroff in each town, and participates in all the benefits arising out of money operations in the market . . . . . .

"The list of mints which have sprung up in Central India is so formidable that it is difficult to attempt any classification of

<sup>\*</sup> This is not strictly accurate. The Arkat rupees, for example, bore the name of 'Alangir II.

No.	Mint.	Year:	Regnal vear.	
AR 590	Patnah	1039 Azur	2	Obv., beneath Kalimah,
				اذر مساه الهي الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام الخرام ا
591	Lahore	10:39 Abán	,,	Obv., beneath Kalimah,   ضـــــرب <u>لاهبور الهم</u> ابان ماه
				Rev. as 580: but 1 • ~ 9  GRANT. A. '95, Wt. 173
592	Multái	1039	3	As 588: but ۱۰۳۹ above محمد on obv., and above ماتان on rev.; mint محمد محمد our rev.; mint ماتان
593	Akbar- ábád	1040	4	,, but 1.1°. in obv. margin, and 1° above on rev.
59 <del>4</del>	,,	,,	,,	As 593 : but obv. within sixfoil, and اخترب of ضرب of ضرب من منابع المنابع ال

them. Mr. Wilder, in 1819, enumerates the following rupees current in Ajmír:—Old Ajmír, Srísáhí, Krishnagarh, Kochanam, Chitor, Jaipúr, Hálí, Joshpúr, Udaipúr, Sháhpúrah, Pratápgarh, Kotá, Búndí, and Bhilwárá.

"Mr. Maddock furnishes an equally long list from the Narbada:—Panná, Chatrapúr, Sironj, Shánsí, Chanda, Srínagar, Nágpúr, Garrah-Kotá, Bálásáhí, Ráthgarh, Tahrí, Bhopál, Sohágpúr, Sudhaurah, Jálaon, Ujjain, Iságarh.

"The difficulty is also increased by the threefold appellations given to coins: first, from the place of fabrication, as Indore, Ujjain, Ságar proper, etc.; second, from the person issuing them, as Sindhiasáhí from Sindhia, Bálásáhi from Bálájí Pandit, Gaur Sáhí from 'Alí Gaur, afterwards Sháh-'Álam, Mutí-Sáhí, a well-known Alláhábád coin of Mr. Achmuty; third, from some distinguishing symbol impressed on the field, as Trisúlí, from the 'trident' of Siva; Shamshírí from the figure of a 'sword' on the Haidarábád coin; Machhlisáhí and Shírsáhí from the 'fish,' and 'tiger' of the old and new Lucknow rupee, etc. There are also other titles common to different localities, as Chalan, 'current,' Hálí, 'of the present time;' and the distinction into Sans or different years of Sháh-'Álam's reign. . . . . .

"In Ajmír the Srísáhí rupee, coined by Tantia, formed in 1815 the principal currency; it has been partly supplanted by the Farrukhábád rupee since the province came into our possession.

"In Kotá there are three mints, at Kotá, Tantia Patan, and Gangroun, coining on an average thirty-six lákhs per annum; the currency is not debased.

"The Holkar currency of Indore, Hardá, and Makeswar and Ujjain rupee, are nearly at par with the Farrukhábád, but they maintain an unequal contest with the Sálimsáhí rupee, coined by the Rájá of Pratápgarh, of which there are three kinds....

"The northern parts of the Narbada territories were supplied with a base currency struck at Jabalpúr by Nána Ghatka in 1800; this mint was suppressed on cession to the English. The southern part (Dakhantír) had a rupee of still lower value struck at Sohágpúr, where a mint was established in 1810: it was abolished in 1818 by Mr. Molony. These rupees passed at par with Chanda and Nágpúr rupees, the chief issue of Berár.

No. Mint. Year: a b Month. &	
As 588: but obv. area in diamond bor pur   1040 - As 588: but obv. area in diamond bor slightly year 1.12.; mint مانپور	
Patnah   1040   3   Obv., beneath Kalimah,   كالم المراد ماه	
Rev. as 580: but 1.12.	AR 1.0, Wt. 172
بهمن ,, المام ,, As preceding : but بهمن As preceding : but	R 1.0, Wt. 174
598 Sarat 1040 — As 585 : but 1 . 12 . ; no regnal year.  BANKS	S. AR '9, Wt. 176
599 Lahore , 3 As 588: but   .   c. in obv. margin, and reson rev.	above ————————————————————————————————————
600 Multán " " As 592 : but 1 • 12 •	At '85, Wt. 167
601 ,, ,, but   .  c . ; and aim	Æ ·85, Wt. 175
و بر منافع بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر الله بر	7. Æ '85, Wt. 177

"The Ságar mint was set up in 1779 by the Peshwa's officer at Garrah Mandlah, and coined about seventeen lakes of Bálásáhí rupees per annum. Its operation continued under Mr. Maddock, who, to counteract the forgery going on at Garrah, inserted the word 'Sagar' in small English characters on the die. The new Ságar mint, erected in 1824, is now rapidly removing all the old coins from circulation.

"The standard of the Maráthí Government at Nágpúr, to which all the neighbouring mints were doubtless intended to conform, presents itself [even since the appointment of a British resident] one of the worst examples of irregularity and depreciation . . . . .

"In the Haidarábád country the government of the Nizám or of his Hindú minister has not been behindhand with its Maráthí rivals in the adulteration of the local currency; and by way of introducing greater confusion and vexation, there is a superior standard for the Palace and the Residency, an inferior for the city, and a hukm chalami, or forced token, the precise nature of which is dubious. The worst species are struck at Náráyanpat.

"In Bandalkhand the circulation consisted chiefly of Bálá Ráo's rupee, struck at Srínagar, near Panná. This mint issued at the time of its institution, in 1794, about eighteen lákhs per annum, but after 1819 the coinage fell to four lákhs. The same prince set up a mint at Jálaon, his capital, in 1809; its issue was at first six lákhs, and is now diminished to one-third of that amount.

"The Hánsí mint of Ráo Raín Chand dates from 1780; it issued three lákhs. Kuár Pratáp Singh's at Chatrapúr dates from 1816. The mints of Panná (1780), Samtar (of 1808) were on a most insignificant scale and have been put down. The Dattiah mint dates from 1784."

The Korah, Alláhábád, Agrah, Saháranpúr, Barailí, Kálpí, Etáwá, Mathurá, Pánípat, and other rupees, belonging "more immediately to the Dehlí group," were coined only on particular occasions or for short periods, and the mints "have long disappeared from our list."

It is obvious that the local issues described in the

No.	Mint.	Year:	Regnal year.	
AR 603	Dehlí	1040 Dati	3	لا اله الا الله محمد محمد وسول الله اله دي مصاه هل
				مروت در المحاد Rev. as 580: but ۱۰۱۴۰, and پاد in second line.  PL. XVI. GOVT. OF INDIA. AR '95, Wt. 176
604	Akbar- ábád	1041	4	As 588: but ۱۰۱۴ in obv. margin, and 1° over ضرب on rev. صا]حبقران joined.
605	,,	,,	5	Obv. as 588: but square border;   .   at foot of area.
				Rev. Area, within square, عباده عبان
				ش[هاب] الدين   محمد صاحب   قران ثانى   Margin,   اكبرابا[ر PL. XVI. EDEN. AR '85, W& 176
606	Alláh- ábád	Azur	4	Obv., beneath Kalimah,  ضحرب  الماباد الهي ع
	,			Rev. as 580: but   .   c   Pr. XVI. CUNNINGHAM. R. 10, Wt. 174

preceding extracts cannot properly be classed with the imperial currency of the Moghuls, but form a series apart. On this ground, and on account of the impossibility of identifying most of the mints with any approach to precision, they have been excluded from the present Catalogue. Their proper place would be in a catalogue of the minor coinages which sprang up on the decay of the central power, in which the coins of the Sikhs, the Maráthas, and other modern Indian money, would also find a place. It must be confessed, however, that the line between the local and imperial coinage is hard to draw during Sháh-'Álam's reign, and some of the coins described under this Emperor might perhaps be classed with equal reason among the local issues.

In conclusion I have to thank Dr. Rieu and the Keeper of Coins for reading and interpreting the Persian distichs; and Mr. E. J. Rapson for deciphering the Nágarí and Bengálí inscriptions on the copper coins of the East India Company. My indebtedness to various books and articles is duly recorded in numerous references in the preceding pages.

STANLEY LANE-POOLE.

ATHENÆUM CLUB, May 30, 1892.

			_	
No.	Mint.	Year: Month.	Regnu year.	,
Æ 607	Patnah	1041 Tír	4	Obv., beneath Kalimah,
				صرب بتنه اله <sup>۴</sup> تير ماه
				Rev. as 580 : but   •   •   MARSDEN. R. 95, Wt. 173
608	,,	1041 Azur	"	As 607: but month اذر PL. XVI. GRANT. At 1-0, Wt. 175
609	,,	1041 Dai	"	,, but month (c) PRINSEP. AR '96, Wt. 176
610	Dehlí	1041	4	Obv. as 588: but   .   in margin.
				پ <u>ادشاه غان</u> قران ثانی شاه جهان
				شهاب الدين محمد صا ر ضر دهاع
				THEORIED. R 9, WE 174
611	Lahore	,,	,,	As 588: but ۱۰، ۱۵ in obv. margin; and ۱۵ over رساهب , and mint الأهور
612	,,	,,	5	`,

## TABLE

OF THE

# METHOD OF TRANSLITERATION ADOPTED IN THIS CATALOGUE.

Ĭ	a,			ظ	z	
ب	b			ع	,	
پ	p			غ ف	gh	
پ <b>ن</b>	t			ف	f	
ث	th			ق	k	
ح	$\boldsymbol{j}$			ك	k g*	
とのしたい	ch			J	l	
7	h			مر	1/2	
خ	kh	1		ن	n	
د	đ	i		•	h	
3	z	ļ			w	
,	r			•		
j	z	İ		ی	y	
س	8					
ش	8 i		_	a	12	á
ص	8		7	i	-َى	í
ض	z			u	<u>'</u> و	ú
ط	t		یی	ai, é	a ـُو	u, 6
		-0				

<sup>\*</sup> The distinction between the letters of and of is not shown on the coins, and therefore is not marked in the Catalogue.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
AR 613	Akbar- ábád	1042	5	As 605:    .   '  in obv. area; I end of first line of rev.  THOMAS. R85, Wt. 167
614	Multán	"	"	As 588 :  ا ۱۰۱۰ محبد in obv. area;  ملتان on rev.; mint شاه
				GRANT. 28. '85, 174
615	Akbar- ábád	"	6	As 588 :  ( ، ۱۰ ۲ in obv. area ;  ا and اكبراباد on rev.  At '9, Wt. 174
616	Burhán- púr	,,	97	As 605:  ۱۰۱۰ in obv. area;  and I in rev. margin.
617	Patnah	,,	"	CUNNINGHAM. R. 9, Wt. 177  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "  "
618	Súrat	"	-	As 585:  (• * '; no regnal year on rev.  2. 3. W. 176

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No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
AR 619, 620 8q.	Multán	1042	6	As 605: ۱۰۴ in obv. area; خرب ملتان on rev.; and غازى
				I.O.C. R. 85, Wt. 175 EDEN. (sq.) R. 8, Wt. 170
621	Akbar- ábád	1043	,,	Obv. Area, within ornamented diamond border,
Ι				لا السه الا محسها رسول الله ۱۰۴۳
				بصدق ابی بکر وعدل عبر بازرم عثبان ,Margin وعلی علی شـــهـــاب الـــدیــــن Rev.
	:	,		مسحب ب صاحب قسران ثسان شاه جهان پادشاه غازے ضرب اگسبسراباد
622	"	,,	,,	Pr. XVI. CUNNINGHAM. & 10, Wt. 176  Obv. as 621.  Rev. Area, within diamond border,  پاد
				شهاب الدین محمد صاحب قران ثانی Margin, ضرب اکبراباد ضرب اکبراباد PL. XVI. THEOBALD, A. 9, Wt. 170

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AR 623	Alláh- ábád	[10 <b>4</b> 3]	6	As 605: traces of date on obv.; in rev. margin. PL. XVII. CUNNINGHAM. AR 1-0, Wt. 175
624	Patnah	[,,]	,,	As 605: no date on obv.;  ' in rev. area, and ضرب پتنه in margin.  PRINSEP. A: 85, Wt. 100
625	Bhakar	1043	,,	Obv. as 605: but circular border; date in margin ا الدين محمد شاه جهان الدين محمد شاه جهان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان شامنان ش
626	Bhakar	,,	,,	As 605:  circular borders; امات الله in obv. margin, and  in rev. margin.  Pr. XVII. H.IT. R. 85, Wt. 176
627	Súrat	[,,]	,,	,, : in obv. area ; فرب سورت in rev. margin. Æ -85, Wt. 171
628	Multán	,,,	,,	,, المناب in obv. area, المناب in rev. area; mint ملتان PLAYFAIR. R. 98, Wt. 173

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No.	Mint.	Year : Month.	Regnal year.	
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				Rev. مم <u>ا شاه حمان [مه</u> ممر] شاه حمان [مه مران شاب الدین میان الدین میان الدین میان الدین میان الدین میان الدین میان میان میان میان میان میان میان می
630	Súrat	,,	,,	As 605:  v in obv. area, ا مورت in margin; سورت in rev. margin. R 85, Wt. 177
631	A hmad ábád	1044	,,	بر ا براد in obv. area; ∨ in rev. area; mint, احمداباد PRINSEP. Æ '0, Wt. 174
632	Lahore	,,	,,	الاهـــور الاهــور ضــرب
				Rev. <u>پادشاه غانی</u> به بیاری بادشاه جهان سنه بادشاه جهان سنه بادشاه جهان ایک بادشاه جهان ایک بادشاه جهان ایک بادشاه جهان ایک بادشاه جهان

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No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		
<b>A</b> R 633	Akbar- ábád	1044	8	As 605:	ا ، اِد اِد in obv. area;  A in rev. area,  mint الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
					### OJ, W. 17
634	Bhakar	1045	,,	,,	1.100 in obv. margin;
			-		in rev. margin;
					ضوب بهکر PL. XVII. CUNNINGHAM, R. '85, Wt. 176
635	Patnah	[10]45	,,	,,	⊱S in obv. area;
					اد aلی p <sup>c</sup> over علی
					A in rev. area;
					ضر[ب] پتنه
					GIBBS. R. 9, Wt. 170
636	Súrat	1045	,,	,,	A in obv. area;
					1 - 1 8 in obv. margin;
					ضر[ب] سورت
					Æ 19, Wt. 177
637	Multán	,,	9	,,	1.50 in obv. area;
					9 in rev. area;
				•	[ضرب] ملتان
					PLAYFAIR. R. 95, Wt. 173
638,	Súrat	1046	"	"	9 in obv. area;
639					in obv. margin;
					(ضرب] سورت [ضرب] (ضرب) مورت (GOVT. OF INDIA. B. '85, Wt. 176

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641	Jahán- gírna- gar	[104]6	,,	9 in	إدا in obv. area; rev. area; جمانكر M.IRSDEN. R. '0, Wt. 177
642	Akbar- ábád	1047	10	1.	°∨ in obv. area; in rev. area; صرب اكب EDEN. Æ '0, Wt. 175
643	Tattah	Khur- uúd	,,	Obv.	لا اله الا الله مــــــهــد رسول الــلــه بــــــــــ
				Rev.	ضر ۱۰ تته الم خسورداد مساه پادشاه غسازم شاه جسهسان مستسبد مساب الدین
644	,,	" Tír	,,	Same as 643:	PL, XVII. GRANT. A 95, Wt. 177

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/R 645	Lahore	1047	11	As 605:	
					[ .] obv. margin;
					سنه
					ia rev. margin.
					I.O.C. At *85, Wt. 176
646	Jahán- gírna-	1048	12	,,	(. ) in obv. area;
	gar			,	
					in rev. margin. ضر[ب] جهانكيرنكر
					CURETON. R. 10, Wt. 176
C 4 7	Kanda-				ضر[ب] قندهار but
0+1	hár hár	,,	,	*11	THEOBALD. R '95, Wt. 176
	35 116		11		ا ۱۹۹۸ in obv. area ;
648	Multán	"	11	"	in rev. area;
					in rev. margin.
			-3		THEOBALD. R. '85, Wt. 175
649		,,	_	,,	1. PA in obv. margin;
					mint and regnal year obliterated.
					Æ '3, Wt. 103
650	Súrat	1049	12	,,	1.59 in obv. margin;
				-	in rev. margin, in rev. margin,
					R '85, Wt. 177

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				Rev.	دار السلطنه ۱۰۴۹ پادشاه غازی شاه جبان رت شاه جبان رو نشبان رو ۲۵. XVII. (Nisár). CUNNINGHAM. Æ '65, Wt. 44
652	Súrat	105		As 605:	ا . 8 ( in obv. margin ; in rev. margin. سورت ضرب ضرب ضرب شدی . APANT R: 85. Wt. 163
653	-	-	17	,,	GRANT. R . 85, Wt. 163  I v in rev. area; margins nearly obliterated.  GRANT. R . 65, Wt. 88
654	<b>.</b>	105	4 —	. "	(8 )c (sic) in obv. area; mint and regnal year obliterated.
65 <i>t</i>	Akbar nagar		18	3 ,,	ا . ۵۵ in obv. area; ا ^ in rev. area; ا ^ in rev. area; ا ^ [بر]نكر
65	6 Akba ábád		56 1	,,	ا . 8 ا in obv. margin ; ا ا نصرب ڪبراباد in rev. margin. R 7, Wt. 174

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AR 65	1	- 1056	19	As 605:	۱۰۶۲ and ۱۹ in obv. area ; فرب دولت اباد in rev. margin. Æ · 85, Wt. 176
65	8 Kanda hár		,,	22 .	ا ۱ in rev. area ; ا in rev. margin. At 85, Wt. 174
65	9 Súrat	1057	20	<b>n</b>	but ornamented diamond borders;  1.8 v in obv. margin,  r. at foot of rev. area;
					in rev. margin. إضراب] PL. XVII. EDEN, AR '9, Wt. 175
660	,,	,,	21	As 659 :	but   . 5 v and     BURNES. R. 85, Wt. 177
661	-		,,	As 605:	T   in rev. area; margins partly obliterated.  GR.INT. R. 7, Wt. 88
662	Súrat	1058 -	_	"	ا ۵۸ in obv. margin ; in rev. margin. ضرب <i>GRANT.</i> A. 85, Wt. 174
663	Tattah	,, than- iwar	2	As 648;	but ۲۲ and month [مربورو] on obv. and  ۱۰۵۸ on rev.  2.75, Wa 177

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s :	Silver													184

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No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
∕R 664	Patnah		22	As 605 : بر الله in rev. area ; in rev. margin.  PRINSEP. At :8, Wt. 175
665	Akbar- ábád	1059	23	" ۱۰۵۹ in obv. margin ; rr in rev. margin. نصرب اكبراباد ناد (R.I.NT. A. 85, Wt. 171
666	Junah- garh	,,,		" [1] ه ۱ in obv. margin ; " in rev. margin. ضرب جوندک " PL. XVII. THOU.IS. A. 195, WE. 177
667	,,	1060	-	As preceding: but 1. I in obv. margin.  **EDEN. A: 10, Wt. 17.
668	Dawlat- ábád ?	,,	23	As 605: [.] ] . in obv. area;  ["" in rev. area;  ("!) in rev. margin.  At '85, Wt. 17
669	Sháhja hánábác		24	دار الـــخـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				سنسه جسلسوس سادشساه غسازے شساہ جسسسان نے ت نشار صاحبقران ثا
				PL. XVII. (Nisár. Thin.) R 1'18, Wt. 8

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No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		
AR 670	Patnah	_	25	As 605:	
ŀ					7 o in rev. area;
					in rev. margin.
					At. '8, Wt. 175
	77 )	1061		O1	ڪشمير
671	Kash- mír	1001	"	Obv.	
•					<del>ضـــرب</del> ۱۰۱۱
					ســنه
				Rev.	: 12 %
				Rev.	<u>ه ۳ ثا نے</u> ن <u>ت</u> ران
					قــــران
					حـــب نثار صا
					PL. XVII. (Nisár.) - R. 7, Wt. 46
672		_	,,	As 605 :	mint obliterated, 18 in rev. area.
1	E.				MARSDEN. A. 8, Wt. 177
	1				
678	Súrat	1064	28	,,	1. The in obv. margin;
İ					TA in rev. area;
					in rev. margin.
					MARSDEN. R. 8, Wt. 178
674	Multái	106	6 29	,,	1. TT in obv. area;
					rq in rev. area;
-					in rev. margin. مر[ب] ملتان in rev. margin.
					1.U,U, 200 0, 11 % are
			00		~. in rev. area;
678	Súrat	-	30	. 33.	in rev. margin.
					1.0.C. B. 9, Wt. 178
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AR 676, Daw 677 áb	lat- íd	67	31	As 605: ۱۰ ۲۷ and ۲۱ in obv. area; in rev. margin.  Pt. XVII. GRANT. At '0, Wt. 176
678 Shái 1 h ins	ija- ib <b>á</b> d	,,	,,,	PANJ. ARCH. SURV. R '9, Wt. 176  Obv. جہان اباد  شسساہ  دار الخلافہ
				ضربیب ۱۰۱۷ <u>ثـــان</u> قـــران ت بـــران ت
679 St	irat	,,	"	PL. XVII. (Nisár.) R 75, Wt. 44  As 605: circular borders;  ( و الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال
680	"	1068	,,	As 679: but   7 ^ (sic).  GRANT. R. 9, Wt. 176
681 Sh	áhja- nábád	, ,,	32	1. 1 n in obv. margin;
				شهاب الدین محمد صاحبقران ثانی ضرب دار به است. in rev. margin.  Pr. XVII. MARSDEN. & 1.0, Wt. 175

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No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		
AR 682	Ahmad- ábád		32	As 605:	ت in rev. margin. ضرب احمداباد ۲ من in rev. margin.
683, 684	Dawlat- ábád	1068	,,,	,,	eightfoil borders;  1. IA in obv. margin;  I in rev. area;
					in rev. margin. <i>GR.INT.</i> R '9, Wt. 176 <i>THEOBALD.</i> R '9, Wt. 177
685	Súrat	(1059)	,,	"	۱۰۵۹ in obv. margin (an old die); آ in rev. area; in rev. margin.  GRANT. R 9, Wt. 178
686	,,	_	,,	As 685:	but no Hijrah year legible.  **PRINSEP. A: 9, Wt. 176
687	_	1069	,,	Λs 605 :	.     in obv. margin;   r in rev. margin; mint obliterated.
688	Kábul	_	-	n	in rev. margin ; year obliterated. CUNNINGHAM. AR '85, WE 175
A 689	Sháhja- hánábád	1069			ONYMOUS LARGESSE (NISÁR).  G O L D .  Rev. ثان ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت قران ت ق

# CONTENTS OF PLATES.

PLATE I.-BABAR, HUMÁYÚN.

No.	Motal.	Emperor.	Mint.	А.Н.
1	/R	Bábar		933
2	,,	,,	-	935
8	,,	,,	Lahore	936
8	N	Humáyún	-	_
9	,,	,,		
11	AR.	,,		962
12	,,	,,	***************************************	_
18	,,	,,	Lahore	_
18	,,	,,	and a second second	942
19	,,	,,	-	

# PLATE II.-AKBAR: GOLD.

23	N	Akbar	Agrah (Five Mohrs)	971
24	,,	19	Agrah ?	,,
25	,,	,,	Lahore	**
26	,,	"		"
81	,,	>>	Sárangpúr	972
87	,,	<b>)</b> ;		975
38	,,	,,	Dehlí	<b>39</b> .
40	,,	. "	Agrah	976
48 R	,,	1)	Lahore	977
46 R	,,	,,	Jaunpúr	978
48	,,	99.	Ahmadábád	980
50	,,	•	Agrah	981

# SHÁH SHUJÁ'. IN BENGAL, ETC.

A.H. 1068-1070 = A.D. 1658-1660.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal	
<b>A</b> R 690	Akbar- áb <b>á</b> d	1068		SILVER.  Obv. Area, within square,  اله الا الله  رسول الله ۱۰۱۸
				Margin   بازرمرعثهان    Rev. Area, within square,  پادشاه غازی  شجاع محمدی ه  شجاع محمدی ه  شجاع محمدی اه  شجاع محمدی اه  سدی ا قران ثانی     ایاد ایاد ایاد ایاد ایند ایند ایند ایند
691	Jalún- ábád?	,,	1	Obv. as 690 : but ( • ٦٨ above رسول  Rev. Area, within square,  محمد شجاع شاه  پـادشاه غاز  Margin, (۲) محمد الدين   جلون اباد (۲۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰ ۲۰۰۰

PLATE III. - AKBAR: GOLD.

No.	Metal.	Emperor.	Mint.	А.Н.
52	N	Akbar	Agrah	982
58	,,	<b>33</b>	Jaunpúr	983
59	,,	11	Lahore	,,
61	,,	19	Sirhind	984
63	,,	,,,	{ " Muhammadábád } called Udaipúr " }	"
64	,,	"		,,
65	,,	"		985
66	,,	,,	Fathpúr	986
70	,,	"	Lahore	988
71	,,	"		,,
73	,,	"	Urdú-Zafar-Karín	1000
79	,,	"	,,	,,
81	,,	"	,,	,,
82	,,	,,	,,	,,
83	,,	1)	Patnah	
	PLA	TE IV.—A	KBAR: SILVER.	
84 R	AR	Akbar		968
86	,,	,,	Agrah	967
88	, ,	29	Jaunpúr	96a
90 R	",	.,		970
96 R	,		Jaunpur	974
		**	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	011
97 R			Dehlí	
	"	;;	1	975
97 R	"	"	Dehlí	975 982
97 R 105	33 33 31	31 39	Dehlí Ahmadábád	975 982 983
97 R 105 108 R	27 29 31 31	;;	Dehlí Ahmadábád	975 982 983
97 R 105 108 R 119 R	33 33 31	" "	Dehlí Ahmadábád Jaunpúr ——	975 982 983 986
97 R 105 108 R 119 R 122	22 23 21 22 23	31 29 21	Dehlí Ahmadábád Jaunpúr —— Lahore	975 982 983 986
97 R 105 108 R 119 R 122 124 R	31 21 31 31 31 31 32	;; ;; ;;	Dehlí Ahmadábád Jaunpúr —— Lahore Fathpúr	975 982 983 986
97 R 105 108 R 119 R 122 124 R 127 R	22 23 21 22 23	)) )) )) )) )) )) )) )) )) )) )) )) ))	Dehlí Ahmadábád Jaunpúr —— Lahore Fathpúr Ahmadábád	975 982 983 986 , 986
97 R 105 108 R 119 R 122 124 R 127 R	31 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Dehlí Ahmadábád Jaunpúr —— Lahore Fathpúr Ahmadábád Urdú	975 982 983 986 "

# MURÁD BAKHSH.

## IN GUJARÁT

A.H. 1068 = A.D. 1658.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regular,	
<i>A</i> 7 692	Ahmad- ábád	1068	1	GOLD. Obv. Area, within squarc, اله الا الله محسمد رسول السله
				بصدق ابی بکر   وعدل عمر   بازرم عثمان   Margin, وعلم ۱۰۱۰ علی وعلم Rev. Area, within square,
				پادشاه غیازے محمد مراد بخش
				Margin,   ابو المظفر   مروج الدين   ضرب احمداباد   Margin, ابو الحد اليم احد PL. XVIII. CUNNINGILIM. N '85, Wt. 170
	·			

## PLATE V.-AKBAR: GOLD WITH ILÁHÍ YEARS.

No.	Metal.	Emperor.	Mint.	Iláhí year and month =	A.H.
163	N	Akbar		32	995
164	,,	***	Agrah	42 Bahman	1005
165	,,		,,,	44 Ardíbihist	1007
166	,,	٠.	Asír	45 Isfandármiz	1008
167	,,	,,	Agrah	49 Farwardín	1012
168	,,		"	" Amardád	,,
169	,,	,,	,,	" Azur	,,
170	,,	,,	,,	50 Amardád	1013
171	,,	,,	Lahore	,, ,,	,,
172	"	,,		,, Farwardin	,,
173	,,	,,	Agrah	" Khúrdád	,,
175	,,	,,	,,	51	1014
176	,,	ļ ,,		_	

## PLATE VI.-AKBAR: SILVER WITH ILÁHÍ YEARS.

		1			
177	/R	Akbar	Sítapúr	28	991
178	٠,,	,,	Ahmadábád	30 Dai	993
184	, "	,,		34	997
191	,,	,,	Ahmadábád	37	1000
194	,,	,,	Lahore	38 Tir	1001
197	,,	,,	Burhánpár	48 Dai	,,
199	,,	,,	Tattah	40 Khúrdád	1003
202	,,	,,		,,	,,
204	,,	,,	Lahore	41 Isfandármiz	1004
209	,,	,,	Patnah	42 Shahriwar	1005
215	,,	,,	,,	43 Khurdád	1006
218	,,	,,		" Shahriwar	,,
221	,,	,,	Kábul	44 Abán	1007
233	,,	,,	Lahore	46 Azur	1009
238	,,	,,	,,	47 Khúrdád	1010
241	,,	,,	Burhánpúr	48 Mihr	1011
243	,,	, "	Lahore	" Abán	,,
250	,,,	,,	Agrali	50 Amardád	1013

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.					
<i>A</i> R 693- 695	Ahmad- ábád	1068	1	SILVER.  As 692: but هنه احد in rev. margin.  GRANT. R. 85. Wt. 177  PL. XVIII. THOMAS. R. 15, Wt. 178  CUNNINGHAM. R. 85, Wt. 176				
696- 698	Súrat	,,	77	,, but ضورت ضرب PL. XVIII. CUNNINGHAM. Æ '9, Wt. 178 MARRDEN. Æ '9, Wt. 170 EDEN. Æ '95, Wt. 176				
699	,,	_	"	الـه الا الـه الا الـه الا الـه الا الـه الا الـه الا الـه الـه				
				اله غاز مسراد شسا[ه غاز مسلما مسراد شسا[ه غاز مسلما مسلما مسلما مسلما مسلما مسلما مسلما مسلما مسلما مسلما مسلما مسلما مسلما مسلما المسلما 700	Camba (Khan báyat)	-	1	and the margin :

# PLATE VII.-AKBAR:

## SILVER AND COPPER.

No.	Metal.	Emperor.	Mint.	A.H.
252a	R	Akbár		992
252b	,,	**		997
252c	,,	"		1215 (sic)
254	,,	"	Alláhábád	
255	Æ	"	Nárnól	963
257	,,	"		966
258	,,	"	Lahore	97 <b>#</b>
261	,,	"	Ahmadábád	982
263	,,	"	Dógám	983
264	,,	"	Málpúr	985
266	,,	"	Fathpúr	987
270	,,	<b>39</b>	Jaunpúr	98x
272	,,	17	Gwálior	9xx
273	,,	99	Urdú-Zafar-Karin	1000

## COPPER WITH ILÁHÍ YEARS.

No.	Metal.	Emperor.	Mint.	Iláhí year =	A.H. (not on coins.)
273a	Æ	Akbar	Alláhábád	31 Mihr	994
274	,,	"	Kábul	32	995
275	,,	99	Lahore	36 Dai	999
282	,,	1)	Dehlí	42-4 Dai	1005-7
283	,,	11	Agrah	46 Abán	1009
287	,,	"	,,	4x	10m

# VI.—AURANGZÍB ÁLAMGÍR.

а.н. 1069—1118=a.b. 1659—1707.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
<i>N</i> 701	Tattalı	F10]72	5	G O L D . مانسوس مانسوس مسيسهنست سنه جلسوس
				شــر تــته  اورنكزيب عالمركير اورنكزيب عالمركير شــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
702	Aurang- ábád	1074	G	اورنكابـــاد مــانــوس فـــر مــانــوس فـــر مــيــه
				Rev. as 701 : but 1.87° over 35  Pr. XVIII. 1.0.C. A 85, Wt. 169

PLATE VIII.—JAHANGÍR:
SILVER, WITH NAME SALÍM; GOLD, WITHOUT PORTRAIT.

No.	Metal.	Emperor.	Mint.	Regnal year and month.	A.H.
288	AR	Jahángír	Ahmadábád	2 Farwardin	æ
290	N	"	Agrah		1015
291	,,	"	Lahore	1	,,
292	,,	,,	,,	99	,,
294	,,	"	,,	3	1016
295	,,	. ,,	Agrah	4	1017
297	,,	,,	,,	6 Mihr	1020
300	,,	"	,,	7 Ardíbihist	1022
302	,,	,,	Ajmír		1025
306	,,	,,	Ahmadábád	14	1028
308	,,	,,	Jahángirnagar	19 Isfandármiz	1033-[4]
310	,,	,,	Lahore	22	1036
311	,,	"	Burhánpúr	— Abán	-

### PLATE IX.-JAHÁNGÍR:

### GOLD, WITH PORTRAIT (except 305).

305	N	Jahángir	Agrah	14	1028
313	,,	,,		6	1020
313	,,	,		,,	"
314	,,	<b>9)</b>		,,	"
315	,,	<b>37</b>		,,	,,
317	,,	**		7	1021
318	,,	**	Ajmír	-8	1023
319	. ,,	**	,,,	9	,,

	l	Year.	a .	
No.	Mint.	Year.	Heg ve	
<i>N</i> 703	Multán	1075	8	As 701: but A, ملتان; ۲۰۷۵ ۱٬۵٬۲۰۸ ۱٬۵۵۲
704	,,	1077	9	,, but ۹, ملتان ; ۱۰۷۷ PROF, WILSON, N°8, Wt. 109
<b>7</b> 05	Aurang- ábád	1079	11	As 702: but 11, اورنك اباد ; ١٠٧٠ 1.0.C. ٨' ٩٥, Wt. 100
706	Akbar- nagar		12	Obv. Area, within square, سنه ۱۲ خــــرب اکبرنکر
				Margin. س]ک[ه]   جلوس   میمنت   مانوس Rev. Area, within square,  شاه غازے عالمکیبر یاد
707	Súrat	[108]3	16	Margin nearly obliterated.  PL. NVIII. MARSDEN. & 75, Wt. 168  Obv.   مینانیوس  مینانیوس  Rev. as 701: but مینانیوس  N '85, Wt. 171
708	Golkon- dah	1086	20	, but ۳۰ (for ۲۰), کلکنده ; ۲۰ ۵۵۵ Pr. XVIII. 1.0.C. ۴ نغ Wi. 176

# PLATE X.—JAHÁNGÍR: ZODIACAL MOHRS.

No.	Metal.	Emperor.	Mint.	Zodiacal sign.	Regnul year.	A.H.
322	N	Jahángír	Agrah	Aries	14	1028
323	* ,,	"	,,	,,	16	<b>10</b> 30
$\frac{324}{325}$		29	! <b>??</b>	Taurus	14	1028
328 )	,	"	.,,	,,	16	1030
331	,,	,,	• •	Gemini	,,	1031
332	,,	,,	,,	,,	18	1032
333a	,,	,,	,,	Cancer	15	1029
333c	,,	<b>,,</b> !	,,	,,	16	1030
334	,,	,, ,,	"	Leo	14	1028
337	, ,,	"	,,	,,	17	1031
339	,,	,,	,,	Virgo	16	1030
340	, , l	,,	"	,,	,,	1031
341	,,	,,	,,	,,	19	1033
343	,,	,,	,,	Libra	16	1030
346	,,,	,,	" * <b>)</b>	Scorpio	_	1030
346a	, ,	,,	"	,,	16	,,
348	,,	,, !	,,	Sagittarius	,,	1031
350	,,	,,	,,	Capricornus	14	1028
353	,,	,,	,,	,,	16	1031
355	,,	,,	,,	Aquarius	,,	,,
356	,,	,, ,,	,,	,,	18	1032
357	",	" i	Ahmadábád	,,	_	
358	,,	"	Agrah	Pisces	13	1028

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
<b>N</b> 709	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1091	24	دار الخلافه شاه جهان اباد ضرب ضرب میهنت مانوس جـــلوس میهنت مانوس ســنـــه
				Rev. as 701: but 1.91 over 45  PL. XVIII. 1.0.C. N '85, Wt. 169
710	Ahmad- nagar	1097	29	As 701: but on obv. ۱۰۹۷, احبدنکر; and ۲۹ on rev.  over نك  LADY FRERE. N '85, Wt. 109
711	Bíjápú	1099	31	ســــــــــ مـيمنت مـــانـو سنه ۲۱
				ال <u>]ظــــفر</u> دا]ر بیبجاپور
				Rev. as 701: but 9 9 over a of a war PL. XVIII. MARSDEN. N .9, Wt. 171
712	Golkon dah	1-	,,	As 701: but کلکنده , سنه (no Hijrah year).  MARSDEN. N '8, Wt. 160
718	Sháh jahán ábád	-	0 35	As 709: but F   and
714	,,	110	3-	,, but     and     .

#### CONTENTS OF PLATES.

# PLATE XI.-JAHÁNGÍR:

ZODIACAL RUPEES.

No.	Metal.	Emperor.	Mint.	Zodiacal sign.	Regnal year.	А.Н.
362	AR	Jahángír	Ahmadábád Aries		13	1027
364	,,	,,	,,	Taurus	,,	,,
369	"	,,	"	Gemini	,,	19
<b>37</b> 0	,,	"	. "	Cancer	,,	,,
374	,,	,,	"	Scorpio	-	"
		IMITATIO	NS OF ZODI	ACAL MOHRS		
376	N	Jahángír	Agrah	Cancer	1 - 1	1028
377	,,	,	,,	· Leo	_	1032
378	,,	<b>)</b> )	,,	Virgo	14	1028
379	,,	,,	,,	"	17	1033
380	,,	1)	,,	Scorpio	12	1028
381	,,		,,	Sagittarius	17	1033
382	,,	. ,,	,,	Capricornus	16	1031
<b>383</b>	,,	,,	,,	Aquarius	13	1028
384	,,	,,	,,,	Pisces	,,	,,
		IMITATI	ON OF ZODIA	ACAL RUPEE.		
385	R	Jahángír	Ahmadábád		13	1027
		LATE II	MITATION HA	LF-RUPEES.		
386	AR	Jahángír	Agrah	Aries	14	1028
387	,,	,,	,,	Taurus	,,	,,
388	,,	,,	"	Gemini	15	1029
390	",	,,	"	Cancer	17	1031
391	"	,,	"	Leo	16	1029
393	,,	,,	"	Virgo	17	1033
395	,,	,,	,,	Libra	18	1032
397	,,	,,	. ,,	Scorpio	12	1028
398	,,	,,	,, .	Sagittarius	17	1033
399	,,	,,	,	Capricornus	18	1033
400.	`n	,,	,,	Aquarius	18	1028
401	,,	,,		Piaces	,	19

No.	Mint.	Year.	year.	
N 715 1	Chiná- patan (Madras)	1103	35	Obv. ۳۰ ضرب چیناپتین
				Rev. (sic) عالمکسیسر ش نشار پساد ۲۲. XVIII. (Nisár). N' -5, Wt. 48
716	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1106	38	As 709: but ~ and
717	<b>Βίj</b> άρά:	1107	40	جد]وس مي]هنت مي]هنت ما]نوس دار الظفر ضـر] <sup>-ئ</sup> ضـر]اپـــو[ر
				Rev. as 709: but   •<  **LADY FRERE. N '85, Wt. 167
718	_	1109	41	As 701: but mint obliterated, ۱۶ ; and ۱۱۰۹ over عند PRINSEP. N .85, Wt. 168
719	Khujis- tah- bunyad (Aurang ábád)		1 <i>x</i>	بنیاد , و ۱۱۰۹ over نك , but ۱۴۰۹ خجسته بنیاد , ۱۱۰۹ over نك , p <sub>L</sub> . XVIII. <i>GOVT. OF INDIA. N '8</i> , Wt. 180
720	Burhár púr	-1111	48	بر]; and      over نك يا ,, but الاستانيور, ما ; and      and      ,, but الاستانيور, ما j, and     , and     ,

## PLATE XII. - JAHÁNGÍR: SILVER.

No.	Metal.	Emperor.	Mint.	Regnal year and month.	A.H.
403	AR	Jahángír	Agrah	1	1014
403	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
404	,,	"	Akbarnagar	_	,,,
405	,,	"	Kábul	1	,,
411	,,	21	Ahmadábád	2	1015
413	,,	"	Patnah	2 Isfandármiz	,,
414	,,	"	Lahore	1	,,
415	,,	"	,,	2	,,
424	,,	19	,,,	5	1017
425	"	,,	Ahmadábád	,,	1018
432	,,	"	Agrah	" Isfandármiz	1019
433	,,	"	Kashmír		"
<b>438</b>	"	"	Lahore	5 Bahman	, 22
439	,,	"	Agrah	6 Abán	1020

### PLATE XIII. - JAHÁNGÍR: SILVER.

440	R	Jahángír	Kandahár	6	1020
441	,,	"	Agrah	" Isfandármiz	1021
442	,,	>>	39	7 Ardíbihist	,,
444	,,	"	Dehli	" Mihr	"
445	,,	,,	Kandahár	" —	**
447	,,	,,,	Lahore -	" Farwardin	22
451	,,	<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	Kandahár	8 Ardíbihist	1028
455	,,	,,	Lahore	9 ,,	
460	,,	,,	Ajmír	11	1025
461	,,	,,	Ahmadábád	- Abán	**
463	, .	,,	Lahore	11	"
467	,	,,	Patnah	12 Shahriwar	1026
468	,,	, ,,	Tattah	"Khúrdád	. 29
472	,,	,,	Kandahár	18	1027
473	,,	99	Kábul	" ? Shahriwar	33

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regual year.	
N 711 14	[Chíná]- patan	1111	4[x]	٥bv. <del>م</del> ضـــرب پيتــن
				عالمكيبر عالمكيبر شا[ه] ن]ثار پاد
				PL. XVIII. (Nisár.) N '46, Wt. 46
722	Bíjápúr	1112	44	As 717: but 1919; and 1111
				DA CUNHA. N 9, Wt. 188
723	Burhán- púr	1115	47	As 701 : but برهانپور سنه; and ۱۱۱۵ over نك BENG. AS. SOC. N '85, Wt. 169
724	Etáwá	1118	50	جلوس میسهانت ۱۹۰ سنه مانوس
. 8			-	ئے۔۔۔۔ ضــر اتاوا
	To the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of th			Rev. as 701: but ۱۱۱۸ over نك
				I.O.C. N .85, Wt. 168
	,			#

## PLATE XIV.-JAHÁNGÍR: SILVER.

No.	Metal.	Emperor.	Mint.	Regnal year and month.	A.II.
475	R	Jahángír	Ahmadábád	13	1027
488	,,	"	Lahore	15	1029
491	,,	"	,,	16	1030
498	,,	,,	Súrat	18	1033
501	,,	,,	Jahángírnagar	19 Shahriwar	
510 R	,,	,,	,,	20 ? Mihr	_
			COPPER.		
512	Æ	,,	Agrah	7	1021
			AME OF NÚR	-JAHÁN.	
513	N	(Jahángír and) Núr-Jahán	Súrat		1036
515 R	R	( Mur-Janan )	Ahmadábád		1034
516	٠,,	,,	Lahore	20	,,
518	,,	,,	,,	_	,,
519	,,	,,	Súrat	2[0]	,,
523	,,	,,	Agrah	22	1037
525	,,	,,	Patnah	,,	,,
526	,,	,,	,,	,,	
		DÁV	WAR BAKH	SH.	
527.	<i>R</i>	Dáwar Bakhsh		1 1	1037
	ΡI	ATF XV	-SHÁH-JA	HÁN. GOLD	
529	W	Sháb-Jahán	Ahmadábád	2 Khurdád	1038
530	,,		Daulatábád	,,	
534	,,	"	Akbarábád		1042
536	,,	"	Lahore	5	"
541		"	Akbarábád		1043
544	"	"	Ahmadábád	8	1045
549	"	"		12	1049
551	1	"	Akbarábád	14	1050
563	"	"	Burhánpúr	25	1061
566	"	"	Daulatábád	37	1068
568	1 .		Shábjahánábád	30	1066
500	2.	,,	Smenlenenenen	""	1000

	-		Ta .		
No.	Mint.	Year.	жеди. Уезг.		
AR 725	Akbar- ábád		1	Ohv.	SILVER. [سنمه] جلوس مانوس مسيسهنست
				Rev.	مداحد ضرب ا] = [ابـــر] ابــاد عـــالـــم كــير م پا]دشــاه غـــاز پا]دشــاه غـــاز بدا]دشــاه غـــاز
726	Calcutts	1069	1	Obv.	ڪــاــکــته ضرســـــ سنه احد جلوس مـــيـــت مـــانـــــوس
				Rev.	شـــاه غــــازے پادر (sic) عالم کیر زیــــا۱۰۱۹ زیـــا۱۰۱۹ مـــحمد اورنك ۲۲. XIX. <i>PRINSEP. B</i> '66, Wt. 176

## PLATE XVI.-SHÁH-JAHÁN: SILVER.

No.	Motal.	Emperor.	Mint.	Regnal year and mouth.	А.Н.
<b>578</b>	R	Sháh-Jahán	Lahore	1	1037
580	,,	,,	Burhánpúr	,,	"
581	,,	,,	Agrah	,,	1038
582*	,,	"	,,	2	,,
583	,,	,,	Akbarábád	" Tír	"
544	,,	,,	Patnah	2	"
585	,,	,,	Súrat	1	,,
588	,,	,,	Akbarábád	2	1039
589	,,	,,	Akbarnagar	,,	,,
603	,,	,,	Dehlí	3 Dai	1040
605	,,	,,	Akbarábád	5	1041
606	,,	,,	Alláhábád	4 Azur	,,
608	22	,,	Patnah	, ,	,,
621	,,	,,	Akbarábád	6	1043
622	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,

### PLATE XVII.-SHÁH-JAHÁN: SILVER.

623	R	Sháh-Jabán	Alláhábád	6	
625	,,	79	Bhakar	,,	1043
626	,,	"	,, ?	,,	"
629	,,	"	Akbarnagar	7 Farwardin	"
632*	,,	"	Lahore	,,	1044
634	·,,	,,	Bhakar	8	1045
643	,,	<b>99</b>	Tattah	10 Khurdád	1047
651*	,,	,,	Lahore	13	1049
659	,,	,,	Súrat	20	1057
666	,,	"	Júnahgarh		1059
669*	,,	"	Sháhjahánábád	24	1060
571*	,,	,,	Kashmir	25	1061
376	,,	99	Daulatábád	31	1067
578*	22	,,	Sháhjahánábád	,,	"
881	,,	"	,,	32	1068

1069

Anonymous

<sup>\*</sup> The coins distinguished by an asteriak are denominated in their inscriptions , is niefr, i.e. presentation pieces, or coins for distribution as largesse or for the annual tribute, &c.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		
AR 727	Kábul		1	Obv.	سنٰه جـــــــوس مـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
					ما]نوس دار الهلك ضرســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				Rev. as 701	: مهر instead of بدر ; no Hijrah year.
728	Patnah	1070	,,	Obv.	پشنه ضــرب مانوس
					مسیسهسنت جلسوس احسد سنه
				Rev.	ابــو الظفر محيى الـدين مــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
					[پادشاه غاز]
729	Multán	107	0 3	Obv.	PL. XIX. CUNNINGHAM. R. '96, Wt. 174
		(sic			دار الامسان ن ضرسسب مسنت مانس
		-			میهنت مانوس <del>م</del> سلوس[سن]ه
				Rev. ás 70	l: but   . v . (sic).  PL. XIX. CUNNINGHAM. B. 91, Wt. 176

# PLATE XVIII.—SHUJÁ', MURÁD BAKHSH, AND AURANGZÍB 'ALAMGÍR: GOLD.

Nø.	Metal.	Emperor.	Mint.	Regnal year.	А.Н.
690	R	Shujá'	Akbarábád		1068
691	,,	"	Jalaonábád?	1	,,
692	N	Murád Bakhsh	Ahmadábád	1	,,
694	/R	,,	,,	,,	"
696 R	,,	**	Súrat	,,	,,
699	,,	,,	,,	,,	-
700 R	١,, ١	,,	Cambay	,,	Marin M
701	N	Aurangzib	Tattah	5	1072
702	,,	,,	Aurangábád	6	1074
706	,,	,,	Akbarnagar	12	
708	,,	"	Golkondah	20	1086
709	,,	"	Sháhjabánábád	24	1091
711	,,	,,	Bíjápúr	31	1099
715*	"	"	Chinápatan	35	1103
719	"	"	(Khujistah-bunyad) (Aurangábad)	4.c	1109
721*	,,	91	[Chíná]patan	,,	1111

## PLATE XIX.-AURANGZÍB 'ALAMGÍR: SILVER.

725	A I	Aurangzib	Akbarábád	1 1	I —
726	,,	,,	Golkondah	1	1069
728	,,	,,	Patnah	1	1070
729	"	,,	Multán	3	,,
732	,,	,,	-	4	1071
733	,,	,,	Akbarábád	,,	,,
734	,,	,,	Júnahgarh	_	,,
739	,,	,,	"	6	1074
742a	,,	,,	Akbarnagar	9	107x
743	,,	,,	Sháhjahánábád	,,	1076
745	,,	,,	Akbarábád	-	1077
748	,,	,,	Golkondah	14	1076 (sic
749	,,	,,	**	15	
762	,,	,,	Súrat	24	1091
73 Obv.	,,	99	'Álamgírpúr		1096
777	,,	"	Nárnól	3x	1098
781	,,	,,,	Zafarpúr	32	1100
782	22	"	Kábul	,,,	-

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal	
AR 730	Aurang- <b>á</b> bád	1071	3	As 728: but ۲٫ اورنكاباد; and ۱۰<۱ CUNNINGHAM. R. 9, Wt. 176
731	Súrat	"	,,	سنه جلوس Obv. مسیهسنت مسانسوس
				مسانسوس ضرب سسسورت عالم کیر عالم کیر اورنسازیسب شسسساه زد چو بدر منیر کا۱۰۱
				در جیان BOMBAY AS. SOC. AR85, Wt. 175
732 1	-	,,	4	مانوس مـــهنـــت ۴ سنه جلوس ـــــــ
				Rev. as 701: but ۱۰۷۱, and بدر for بدر for PL. XIX. R 45, Wt. 23
78	Akbar ábád	- ,,	-1	Obv. Area, within square, اکبرابساد ضرب ضرب سنه   جلوس   میمنت   مانوس Margin,
				Rev. Area, within square,  پادشاه غازی شاه عالرکیس
				Margin   ابو الظفر   محيى الدين محبد   اورنكزيب   Margin   بهادر سنه ا ۱۰۰   المرنكزيب   PL. XIX. PLAYFAIR. 22 '96, WL 17

PLATE XX.

AURANGZÍB 'ALAMGÍR: SILVER; AND A'ZAM.

No.	Metal.	Emperor.	Mint.	Regnal year.	А.Н.
788	R	Aurangzíb	Chínápatan	35	
796	,,	,,	Súrat	87	1105
798Obv.	,,	<b>)</b> 9	Ajmír	88	,,
804 "	"	17	Barailí	89	1107
805 "	,,	,,	Nasratábád	3x	-
808 "	,,	99	Zafarábád	40	1107
809	,,	"	Ahmadnagar	,,	1108
811	,,	11	Etáwah	41	"
814	,,	99	Lahore	,,	,.
819	"	,,	Júnahgarh	41	1109
821	,,	,,	Cambay	43	1111
822	,,	**	Masulipatan	44	,,
847	N	A'zam	Khujistah-bunyad	1 1	1118
849	,,	91	Burhánpúr	1	1119
850	Æ	91	Ahmadábád	,,	,,
851	,	,,	Burhánpúr	,,	,,

## PLATE XXI.-KÁM BAKHSH, BAHÁDUR.

852	N	Kám Bakhsh	Haidarábád	2	1120
853	Æ	,,	Bíjápúr	,,	,,
854	A	Bahádur	Pesháwar	,,	17
856Obv.	"	<b>39</b>	Sháhjahánábád	,,	,,
858	. ,,	**	Lahore	,,	,,
861	,,	**	Khujistah-bunyad	4	1121
862	,,	,,	Ujjain	_	1122
863	,,	,,	Akbarábád	5	1128
866	R	,,	Ajmír	1	1119
867	,,	,,	Sháhjahánábád .	,,	,,
.868	,,	4)	'Azímábád (Patnah)	2	1120
870	,,	,,	Akbarábád	,,	,,
873	"	"	Burhánpúr	4	1121
874	,,	99	Sholápúr	,,	1122
875	,,	27	Súrat	6	1128

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
AR 734	Júnah- [garh]			Obv. Area, within square, مانوس میهنت جهوس
				Margin,   ضرب   جونه   Rev. Area, within square,
				عالم كير زيــــب اورنـــك شــــاه
				Margin,   چو بدر   منیر سننه   PL. XIX. GIBBS. A. 9, Wt. 179
735	Súrat?	[10]72	-	As 707: year ۷۲, mint and regnal year obscure; بدر for مهر PRINSEP. R. '86, Wt. 173
736	Multán	1073	5	بدر; ملتان ,سنه but مهر for بدر; ملتان ,سنه or مهر; and   • ∨ مهر above نك couningham. As •9, We 177
737	_	"	5	منیر منیر جسو مہر ۱۰۶۳ زد در جہان
		·		المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت المنت
		- 1		عالركيىر 9 GOFT. OF INDIA. 22 '9, Wt, 176

# PLATE XXII.—JAHÁNDÁR, FARRUKH-SIYAR: GOLD.

No.	Metal.	Emperor.	Mint.	Regnal year.	A.H.
877	N	Jahándár	Khujistah-bunyád	1	1124
878	"	,,	"	,,	"
880	,,	,,	Sháhjahánábád	,,	"
885	/R	,,	2 22	,,	"
887	,,	,,	[Akbarábád]	"	"
889*	,,	,,	Sháhjahánábád	-	"
890	N	Farrukh-siyar	Murshidábád	1 1	-
891	,,	,,	Sháhjahánábád	4	1127
892	,,	,,	Lahore	5	1129
893	,,	,,	Barailí	,,	
894	,,	,,	Barhánpúr	6	
897	,,	49	Multán	7	1130
898	,,	,,	Bíjápúr	,,	
900	,,	,,		-	1125
900a	,,	,,	Imtiyázgarh	3	
901	,,	,,	Gútí	5	1128
902	,,	,,	Gangpúr	,,	,,

## PLATE XXIII. FARRUKH-SIYAR: SILVER, RAFÍ-AD-DARAJÁT.

903	R	Farrukh-siyar	Jahángirnagar	1	1124
907	,,	,	Katak	2	1125
918	"	,,	Etáwá	5	1128
920	,,	,,	Chinápatan	,,	,,
924 Obv.	"	,,	Akbarábád	,,	1129
925 "	,,	,,	Sháhjahánábád	,,	,,
927 ,,	,,	,,	Gwálior	6	29
928 ,	,,	,,	Lahore	,,	,,,
931 ,,	,,	99	Murshidábád	,,,	
933 "	,,	,,	Arkát	7	1130
935 "	,,	,,	Multán	,,	22
936 "	,,	2)	A'zamnagar	_	
937	N	Rafi'-ad-daraját	Sháhjahánábád	1	1181
937a	,,	99	Mu'azzamábád	,,	"
938	R	"	Akbaráhád	,,	
941	,,	,,	Sháhjahánábád	,,	,,
942	,,	,»	Kúrá	,,	,,
943	N	, ,	Lahore	,,	"

No.	Mint.	Year.	Begnal year.	
AR 738, 739	Júnah- garh	1074	6	As 734: but  Obv. margin   ۲ سنه ۲ and ornaments.  Rev. margin, اسنه ۱ (۱۰۷۰ چو بدرېمنير اسنه ۱۳۰ (۱۲۵ ه. ۲۵۵ ع. ۲۵۵ م. ۲۵۵ ه. ۲۵۵ کال ۲۵۰ م. ۲۵۵ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال ۲۵۰ کال
740	Súrat	[1]075	_	As 731: but [۱]،۷٥; regnal year obliterated, سورت above ضرب GRANT. A. 9, Wt. 176
741	"	[1]076	8	As preceding, but سنه, and [۱] ۰ ۷ ۱ منه عد 9, Wt. 177
742	Multán	1076	,,	۸ As 701 : but بدر ,نك ۱۰۷۲ over ; سنه ,ملتان for <i>مهر</i> for <i>مهر</i> for <i>مهر</i> for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for مهر for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a for a f
742a	Akbar- nagar	107[6]	9	اڪبونگر Obv. ضرب
743	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1076	22	الركير المناه المركير المناه المركير المناه المركير المناه المركير المناه المركير المناه المركير المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه المناه ال

PLATE XXIV. RAFÍ-AD-DAULAH, NÍKÚ-SIYAR, IBRÁHÍM.

No.	Motal.	Emperor.	Miut.	Regnal your.	Δ. ΙΙ.	
945	N	Rafi'-ad-daulah	Sháhjahánábád	1	1131	
946	,,	<b>,</b> ,	Khujistah-bunyád	-	"	
947	R	"	Akbarábád	1	,,	
948	"	,,	Barailí	,,	"	
950	,,	,,	'Azímábád (Patnalı)	,,	,,	
951	,,	,,	Lahore	,,	"	
952	,,	,,	Murshidábád	"	,,	
953	N	Níkú-siyar	Sárat	1		
955	N	Ibráhím	Sháhjahánábád	1 1	1132	
956	AR	; ;;	<b>,</b>	,,	,,	

### PLATE XXV.-MUHAMMAD.

958	N	Muhammad	Khujistah-bunyád	1	1131
959	"	1)	Shábjahánábád	3	1134
967	,,	,,	Λkbarábád	17	1147
968	,,	>)	Etáwá	20	1150
973	"	"	Kashmír	24	1154
974	,,	,,	Lahore	25	1155
976	"	,,	Imtiyázgarh	_	1161
977	"	,,	,,		_
985	Æ	,,	Akbarnagar-Oudh	5	1135
998	"	"	Kúrá	11	1141
1011	,,	29	Ajáyúr	1 <i>x</i>	1148
1019	,,	29	Sháhábád	21	1151
1029	"	27	Farrukhábád	25	1155
)32Obv.	,,	20	Siwái-Jaipúr	26	1158
)35 "	,,	"	Barailí	27	115x

No.	Mint.	Year.	year.	
<i>A</i> R 744	Súrat	1077	9	9 above ضرب above <b>سورت ; سنه above سنب</b> and منب above معرب above معرب above معرب above معرب above معرب above معرب
745 1	Akbar- ábád	,,	-	اکبراہاد Obv. ضرب ن <sup>۷۷</sup> ۰۰۰
				الم الم الم الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور الكور
746	Súrat	[1]081	_	As 731: but 1]. ۱]. ۱] regnal year partly obliterated; ضرب above سورت AR 19, Wt. 178
747	,,	[10]82	13	As preceding, but   [ (cut off) and A [ R 85, Wt. 177
748	Golkon' dah	1076 (sic)* (1083)		مانوس مانوس میسهنست ۱۱۹ سنه جلوس سسب ضر کلکنده
				Rev. as 731: but   • •   at left of last line.  PL. XIX. MARSDEN. At .9, Wt. 175
				* An old reverse die has been used for the Golkenda coins, nos. 748, 751, 755.

PLATE XXVI.

AHMAD, 'ALAMGÍR II, SHÁH-JAHÁN [III].

No.	Motal.	Emperor.	Mint.	Regnal year.	A.II.
1039	N	Ahmad	Sháhjahánábád	1	1161
1040	,,	"	Benáres	2	1162
1044	,,	,,		_	
1045	Æ	29	'Azímábád (Patnalı)	1	1161
1047Obv.	,,	"	<b>Farrukhá</b> bád	,,	"
1057 "	,,	<b>39</b>	Murádábád	6	1167
1059	N	'Álamgír 11.	Sháhjahánábád	1	11xx
1060	,,	79	,,,	2	1168
1062	,,	,,	Indrapúr	4	11xx
1065	,,	,,	Lahore	5	1171
1066	,,	19	Ahmadnagar-Farrukhábád	6	,,
1069	,,	,,	Imtiyázgarh	_	
1077*	R	,,	Akbarábád	4	1171
1082	,,	>>	Sháhjahánábád	5	1172
1086	N	Sháh-Jahán [111.]	Islámábád	1	1173
1087	,,	,,	Ahmadnagar-Farrukhábád	,,	,,,
1090	R	,,	Indrapúr	,,	,,

## PLATE XXVII.-SHÁH-'ÁLAM.

1093	N	Sháh-'Álam	Sháhjahánábád	3	1176
1094	,,	"	**	32	1205
1099)† 1100}	Æ	,,	"	16	1218
1104	N	,,	"	,	,,
1110	) ))	,,	"	47	1219
1118	R	,,	Ethwá	18	
1121	"	,,	Ahmadábád	16	118x
1122	,,	,,,	Arkát	12 ?	119 <i>x</i>
1129	29		Akbarábád	26	1198

Niedr. † Struck on occasion of Lake's entry, 1808.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regunt year.	
/R 719 1	Golkon- dah		15	As 748: but سنة; rev. partly obliterated.  PL. XIX. MARSDEN. At '6, Wt. 44
750	Súrat		16	As 731: but سورت; Hijrah year obliterated; سنه above ضرب ضرب <sub>PRINSEP. R '0</sub> , Wt. 176
750	,,	[10]81		As preceding: but سنه on obv., and A) <sup>e</sup> on rev. GOVT. OF INDIA. R 35, Wt. 170
751	Golkon- dah	1070 (sic)	16	As 748: but   7, and   7 on rev.  **CUNNINGHAM. R '95, Wt. 178
752	Júnah- [garh]			As 731 : rev. differently arranged.  Obv. margin,     جونه     خوب   بسكه زد   چ     ه   ه   ه   ه   ه   ه   ه   ه   ه   ه   ه   ه   ه   ه   ه   ه   ه   ه   ه                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     .
753	Aurang ábád	1088	20	اورنـــكاباد Obv. ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				الله جلوس ۲۰ منه جلوس Rev. as 731: but ۱۰۸۸ over نك THEOBALD. AR 9, Wt. 178
754	Súrat	108	9 21	۲۱ منوب above سورت ; and ۸۹ منه above ضرب عنوب 173 علم عنوب 178 علم 178 منه
751	Golkor dah	107 (sic		As 748: but 4i, and VI  MARSDEN. B. 45, Wt. 22

PLATE XXVIII.—SHÁH- ÁLAM.

No.	Metal.	Emperor.	Mint.	Regnal year.	A.II.
1135	R	Sháh-'Álam	Benúres	17	1189
1137	"	27	,,	19	
1138	,,	99	,,	23	1190
1139	,,	99	,,	30	1203
1143	,,	11	,,	45	1217
1157	R	<b>)</b> 1	Jahángírnagar	10	1183
1159	,,	<b>))</b>	Srínagar	2	_
1160	,,	"	Súrat	4	_
1161	,,	1)	,,	5	
1163	,,	99	,,	6	
1166	N	19	'Azímábád (Patnah)	2	1174
1167	,,	,,	,,	10	1189

## PLATE XXIX. SHÁH-'ÁLAM, BÍDÁR-BAKHT, AKBAR II, BAHADUR.

1171	N	Sháh-'Álam	Ahmadnagar-Farrukhábád	23	1196
1172	R	,,	"	6	1179
1182	"	"	,	39	1218
1185	N	n	Murshidábád		1181
1188	R	19	,,	8	1180
1193	"	,,,	,,	19	_
1200	27	29	Najíbáb <b>á</b> d	24	1195
1205a	N.	,,	No mint	_	1183
1206	>>	Bídár-Bakht	Sháhjahánábád	1	1202
1207	39	, ,,	Ahmadábád	11	1203
1210	R	Muhammad Akbar II.	Sháhjahánábád	1	1221
1217	A	Bahadúr 11.	,	5	1257

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regual year.	
.R 756		[10]59	22	۲۲ As 748: but سنه, and Aq; mint obliterated.
757	Júnah- garh	1090		As 734 : but Obv. margin     خونه ک
758	Súrat	,,	22	ا ۱۰۹۰ (۱۹۰ (۱۹۰ (۱۹۰ (۱۹۰ (۱۹۰ (۱۹۰ (۱۹۰
				جـــــــوس ضـــرســِــ ســـــــورت
				Rev. as 731 : but ۱۰۹۰ over نك 1.O.C. At 195, Wt. 178
759	,,	,,	23	مرم As 758: but سمه, and ۱۰۹۰ BENG. AS. SOC. At 95, Wt. 178
760	Patnah?	,,	,,	۳۳ ب ,, but ۱۰۹۰ سنه رضو پڌ؟ Bomb.tr As. soc. At '85, Wt. 178
761	Súrat	1091	,,	,, but r,~, and   • 9    PRINSEP. At 1:0, Wt. 177
762 1/2	<b>,,</b>	,,	24	,, but M <sup>c</sup> , and 1.91 PL. XIX. AR '8, Wt. 88
763	Bíjápúr	"	"	۲۱ <sup>C</sup> ,, but سنه, بیجاپور, and ۱۹۱ (sic) AR 85, Ws. 177

-				
No.	Mint.	Year.	Reginil	
- Тб1		1092	24	۲۱۶ As 758: mint obliterated, سنه, and ۱۰۹۲
				I.O.C. R '85, Wt. 175
765, 766	Súrat	1093	25	۲۵ , but سنه, and ۱۰۵۰۰
				BOMBAY AS, SOC. AR '95, Wt. 176 BANKS. At '9, Wt. 174
767		109[3]	,,	۲۵ ,, but mint obliterated, سنه, and ۱۰۹ (unit of date obliterated.)
				GIBBS. R .75, Wt. 88
768	Súrat	1094	27	اې, but سنه, and ۱۰۹۱۰
				3I.1RSDEN. R '85, Wt. 177
769	21	1095	,,	ر, but سنه, and ۱۰۹۵
		*		/R '9, Wt. 178
770	[Júnah- garh]	1096	28	Areas as 734: but سنه on obv. end, r., and ۱۰۹۲ on rev. over بنه differently arranged.
				Obv. margin nearly obliterated.
				سکه   زد در   جهان   Rev. margin,
		İ		GRANT. R. 95, Wt. 177
771	Súrat	,,	29	۲۹ As 758: but سنه, and ۱۰۹
				Æ '95, Wt. 178
772	'Alam- gírpúr	,,	-	" but الركير پور, regnal year obliterated; on rev. ١٠٩٦
l		1	1	Pt. XIX. 28. '9, Wt. 176

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
<i>I</i> R 773	Súrat	1097	29	۸s 758 : but سنه and ۱۰۹۷ At 105, Wt. 178
77-1	Burhán- p <b>úr</b>	1098	30	[٠]
775	Súrat	1098	,,	بنه and ۱۰۹۸ (MARSDEN, At 105, Wt. 176
776	La[hore]	"	"	الا کار السلسط نه
				فــــر ـــــــــــ جلوس ميهنت م <i>ا</i> لنوس ۲. ســـنه
				Rev. as 731 : but ۱۰٬۹۸ over نك ۴۳۱۸۶۶۶ . At 185, Wt. 178
777	Narnól	,,	[3?]	مر and ۱۰۹۸ منبه, نول As 758: but منبه , and ۱۰۹۸ منبه , د نول PL. XIX. BENGAL AS, NOC. AR 186, Wt. 177
778	Golkon dah	- "	[3]1	[۳] ا at left, and ۱۰۹۸ سنه, کلکنده but منه, کلکنده BENGAL AS. 80C. At. 9, Wt. 177
779	Jahán- gírna-		32	۳۲ مینه, and ۱۰۹۹ at left. ,, but سنه, جهانکیرنکر, and ۱۰۹۹ at left.
779	gar a Súrat	. "	,,,	but wis, and 1 • 9 9 BENGAL AS. SOC. A. 1, Wt. 177
780	, ,	110	0 "	ا من , but مند, and ۱۱۰۰ <i>MARSDEN. R</i> . '95, Wt. 177

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regna year.	
AR 781	Zafar- púr	1100	32	م سنه ,ظفرپور As 758: but سنه ,ظفرپور, and ۱۱۰۰ PL. XIX. AR '95, Wt. 178
782	Kábul	[1100]	,,	ما]نوس Obv. مـــنــ]هـــنـــت
				جلاًوس دار الهلك ضربــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				Rev. as 731: no year.  Pt. XIX. R '9, Wt. 178
783	Etáwah	1100	33	As 758: but سنه, and ۱۱۰۰ PRINSEP. A 1'0, Wt. 175
783a	Gol- kondah	_		ب ,, but كناب ,, MARSDEN. R '45, Wt. 21
<b>7</b> 84	Súrat	1101	34	منه, and ۱۱۰۱ BOMBAY. AS. SOC. R 1'0, Wt. 177
785	Camba	y 110	2 ,,	مسم عام , but سنه ,کنبایت, and ۱۱۰۲ over جهان BENGAL AS. SOC. AR 9, Wt. 178
786	Nárnó	l "	,,	عبر المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق بين المنافق المنافق المنافق المنافق المنافق المنافق المنافق المنا
787	Etáwa	h "	35	9 منه اتاوه but سنه اتاوه and ۱۱۰۲ منه (۱۵۴ ه. ۵۲ منه (۱۳۶ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲ ه. ۵۲

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
AR 788	Chíná- patan		35	مانوس مانوس مــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				فــر چیناپتن ضـر چیناپتن Rev. as 731 : no Hijrah year. PL. XX. GIBBS. Æ 1'0, Wt. 180
789	Akbár- ábád	1103	,,	اكبسرابساد ضربست ضربست مستقر الخلافسه مسيدسنست مسيدسنست جلوس مانوس 8 ٣
				Rev. as 731: but year     .   after جهان After PRINSEP. R 1.05, Wt. 175
790	Súrat	,,	,,	۸s 758: but سمه, and ۱۱۰۳ PRINSEP. AR 10, Wt. 179
791	Luck-		"	,, but سنه , الكهنو no Hijrah year PRINSEP. AR 1.0, Wt. 176
792, <b>7</b> 92 <i>a</i>	l Etáwah	110;	36	بر الم but سنه اتاوه, and المراب , and المراب , and PLAYFAIR. At 1'05, Wt. 177
793	Luck-	,	"	, but سنه, and المناه after جبان, and المناه, and المناه, after جبان (Zigzag border to reverse.)

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regna Vear.	
AR 794	Súrat	1101	: :36	المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرابع المرا
795	Bíjápúr	1105	37	,, but ۳ <sub>&lt;</sub> , at left ; دار الظفار] بيجاپور, and نك ۱۱۰۵ over نك
796, 796a	Súrat	<b>,,</b>	,,,	,, but ~v and 11.8  (Counterstruck with galloping horseman.)  Pt. XX. R 10, 178  BANKS. R 10, Wt. 179
797	: Etáwah		38	بر مسلم , اتاوه but , and 1108 ,, Dut سنه , اتاوه and 1108 MARSDEN. JR 174
798	Ajmír	,,	,,,	دار الخير اجمير Obv.
799	Lahore	"	999	رسند ميهنت مانوس ميهنت مانوس الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
:	1			Rev. as 731: but 11.0 over 35 тном.я. ж. чет, Wt. 174

No.	Mint.	Year.	ltegnal year.	
AR 800	Etáwah	1106	38	۲۸ As 731: but سنه, اتاوه, and ۱۱۰۶ over نك PL.IYF.IIR. AR 1:05, Wt. 178
801	Patnah	,,	,,	,, but سنه , پڌ , and ۱۱۰۲, ۳۸, ۳۲۰, ۳۲۰
802	[Lahore]	,,	,,	As 799: but no mint name legible beyond دار السلطنه,
		!		and date سنه and     •
803	Etáwah	1107	39	As 758: but سنه , اتاوه, and ۱۱۰۷ MARSDEN. AR 1.0, Wt. 175
804	Barailí	,,	"	۳۹ ,, but سنه, بریلی, and   .∨ under خان PL. XX. Æ 795, Wt. 177
805	Nasrat- ábád	-	3x	مانسوس Obv.
				م سنه جلوس ابا[د
				ضرب <u> </u>
				Rev. as 731: year obliterated.
			. !	PL. XX. A '0, Wt. 178
806	Bíjápúr	1107	40	
				and     . < At :0, Wt. 177
807	Barailí	,,	40	بریلی and ۱۱۰∨ under نك , هریلی
				.R '05, Wt. 177

	No	. Mint.	Year	Regnal	
	AR 808	1	1107	40	عام . As 758: but سنه ,ظفراباد, and ۱۱۰ < PL. XX. Æ '0, Wt. 178
	809	Ahmad- nagar	-1108	,,	ع ا على and ا ا ۱۵۰۰, but سنه , احمدنكر, and PL. XX. Æ '95, Wt. 178
	810	Súrat	,,	,,	بد. ,, but سنه, and ۱۱۰۸ GEORGE III. R. AR. 9, Wt. 178
	811	Etáwah	,,	41	ا ع ا ,, but سنه ,اتاوه , and ۱۱۰۸ PL. XX. GR.INT. Æ 11, Wt. 174
	812	Khujis- tah- bunyád (Aurang-	,,	,,	ر, but سنه, خجسته بنیاد, and ۱۱۰۸, and ۱۱۰۸
8	313	ábád)	,,	"	As 798: but 1° 1, and 1 1 . A  CUNNINGHAM. A: '95, Wt. 178
8	314	Lahore	"	"	As 799 : but الا (above ميهنت of ميهنت), and ا ۱ ۱ ۸ ميهنت PL. XX. GRANT. AR '95, Wt. 176
8	15	Chíná. patan	-	,,	As 758: but سنه ام، چیناپتن; no Hijrah year ه بیناپتن علی به به به به به به به به به به به به به
8	16	Cambay	1109	4 <i>x</i>	به المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجا
		Akbar- ábád	,,	42	As 789: but   -     , and [   ]   . 9  EDEN. 28. 96, Wt. 177   GIBBS. 28. 98, Wt. 177

	Year.	Mint.	No.
امار As 758: but جونه ک., and ۱۱۰۹ PL. XX. AR 19, Wt. 177	1109 42	Júnah- ga[rh]	/R 819
ستام ,, but سنه ربریلی, and ۱۱۱۱ CUNNINGHAM. AR 85, Wt. 178	1111 43	Barailí	820
برت , but بنه , and ۱۱۱۱ over جهان, and ۱۱۱۱ over بنه , ڪنبايت	,, ,,	Cambay	821
عام محملی پتن As 731 : but سند ,محملی پتن at left, and ۱۱۱۱ beneath نك	,, 11	Masuli- patan	822
As 789: but 1919, and [11] 17  PRINSEP. At 19, Wt. 177	[11]12 ,,	Akbar- ábád	823
ا <sup>2</sup> 8 5 As 758: but سنه ,اتاوا and ۱۱۱۲ 1.0.c. At 19, Wt. 175	1112 15	Etáwá	824
ا <sup>2</sup> 5) ,, but [ر] منه ,برهانډو[ر] and ۱۱۱۳ هنده ۹, Wt. 178	1113 ,,	Burhán- púr	825
ادع ,, but سنه ,بریلی, and ۱۱۱۳ AR -0, Wt. 177	"	Barailí	826
As 798: but 127, and       12	1114 46	Ajmír	827

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal	
.R 828, 828a	Akbar- ábád	111(4)	46	As 789: but  24, and [
829	Etáwah	1111	17	امار As 758: but سنه راتاوه, and ۱۱۱۶
				GOVT. OF INDIA. A. '95, Wt. 176
830	Lahore	22	,,	الاهور السلطينه دار السلطينه سنه ۲۵۰ مـيـــهــنــت جلو]س مانيوس
				Rev. as 799: but
831	Etáwah	1115	,,	اتاوه As 758: but سنه اتاوه, and ۱۱۱۹
832	Súrat	,,	,,	ب المنه and ۱۱۱۹ AR 195, Wt. 177
833	Sháh- jahán- ábád		48	(فه جها اباد] دا]ر [ال]خسلا شان ضسرت ج]لوس میمنت مانوس
	~			Rev. as 731: but year 1118 over 25  PRINSEP. IR '8, Wt. 176
834	Akbar- ábád	[11]16	"	As 789: but 100, and 17 EDEN. R. 9, Wt. 175

		Regnal year.	Year.	Mint.	No.
اتاوا but سنه , and ۱۱۱۲ هنده , At -8, Wt. 176	758 :	49 A	1116	Etáwá	AR 835
but سنه, بریلی, and ۱۱۱۱ THOMAS. R 196, Wt. 176	,,	,,	,,	Barailí	836
اد م but سنه, and ۱۱۱۲ MARSDEN. AR 1:0, Wt. 173	,,	"	"	Súrat	837
but 129, and 1111 PRINSEP. A. 9. Wt. 176	3 <b>7</b> 89 :	" A	1117	Akbar- ábád	838
but 1 <sup>12</sup> 9, and       ∨ AR 19, Wt. 178	s 758 :	,, A	,,	Súrat	889
but 1º and 1 1 (unit of regnal year, and unit and decade of Hijrah year, cut off).  1.0.C. R 75, Wt. 90	"	4.0	11 <i>xc</i>	,,	810
ष्ठ • but اتاوا ,سنه, and ۱۱۱۷ AR 19, Wt. 175	,,	50	1117	Etáwá	841
eding: but       ^	s prece	,, A	1118	,,	842

Akbar- ábád]			
		51	As 789: but 81; اكبراباد and Hijrah year obliterated.
Sháh- jahán- ábád	1118	,,	As 833: but mint entirely legible; and B +, and + + + A CUNNINGHAM. R 9, Wt. 176
,,	1119	,,	As preceding: but       9  PLAYFAIR. At '85, Wt. 177
Luck- now		,,	ا ه که که ا As 758: but سنه , لکهنو ; no Hijrah year.  BENGAL AS. SOC. 2R 195, Wt. 177
	jahán- ábád "	jahán- ábád ,, H119	jahán- ábád ,, 1119 ,,

## A'ZAM SHÁH.

A.H. 1118-1119 = A.D. 1707.

	1	·	I		1
No.	Mint.	Year.	Векпа усаг.		
AV 847	Khujis- tah- bunyad (Aurang- abad)		1	Obv.	G O L D .  جلوس ا[شر نسب سنه احد ضرس خجسته بنیاد
				Rev.	مهالك اعظم شاه  شــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
848	-	,,	,,	Obv.	
				Rev. as 847;	lowest two lines obliterated.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
<i>N</i> 849	Burhán- púr	1119	1	As 847: but بر]هانپور, and ۱۱۱۹. (Last line of reverse wanting.)  PL. XX. MARSDEN. N'8, Wt. 170
<b>A</b> R 850	Ahmad- ábád	,,	,,	SILVER.  Obv. اشر  سنه احد ضرب
851	Burhán púr	,,	,,	Rev. as 847, but ۱۱۱۹  PL. XX. CUNNINGHAM. R. 9, Wt. 176  As 850: but برهانپور  PL. XX. MARSDEN. R. 9, Wt. 190
				***************************************

# KÁM BAKHSH.

A.H. 1119-1120 = A.D. 1708.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regras!		
A7 852	Haidar- ábád	1120	2	Obv.	G () L D , مـــانــــ]_ــوس مــــه].هـــنـــت
					جل]وس خيدرابا[د ضرسب د]ار الخلا[فسه
				Rev.	 پاد ڪام بخش شـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
					ب]ر خورشید و ماه ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
			,	·	

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		
Æ				la de	SILVER.
853	Bíjápúr	1120	2	Ob <b>v</b> .	جلوس ســـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
					سنه ۲ الـظـــــفــ[ر دار بــيـــجــاپـــور
					٠ . ضر
				Rev.	<u>ه ڪام بنشاه</u>
					برخو]رشید و ماهکن <sup>۱۱۲</sup> د <del>ک</del> ن زد
					PL. XXI. CUNNINGHAM. AR '95, Wt. 176
	V				

# VII.—SHÁH-'ÁLAM BAHÁDUR.

А.н. 1119—1124=A.D. 1707—1712.

No	Mint.	Yea	Regnal		
<i>A</i> V 854		1120	2	Obv.	G O L D.  مانوس مینت میدنت جلوس ضرب
				Rev.	یادشاه غا[ز]کے ۱۱۲۰ عالم بہادر شــــارہ سکه مبارك ۲۲. XXI. DA CUNHA. N '8, Wt. 169
855	Khujis- tah- bunyád (Aurang ábád)	"	,,	Obv.	مانوس مـيــــت سـنـه جــــــوس ضربــــــــ ضربــــــــــ
				Rev. as 854.	I.O.C. N '85, Wt. 169

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal		
A7 856	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1120	2	Obv.	جهان اباد شــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				Re▼.	غازی شــــاد شــــاه شکه سنه ۱۱۲۰ ۲۲. XXI. ۵ <sup>.</sup> 8, Wt. 167
857	Bur- hánpúr	,,	,,,	Obv.	جلوس مــــــــــت ما]نوس دار السرو[ر مــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				Re▼.	بادشاه بادشاه بهــــا[در <u>شاه عالم</u> س]کمه [مبار[ك <i>MARRDEN N '8</i> , Wt. 167

No.	Mint.	Year.	Kegnal		
N 858	Lahore	<b>112</b> 0	2	Obv.	لاهــو[ر دار الـسلــطنه ضــرســــ
					سنه ۲ مـــيــهــنــت جلو]س مانوس
				Rev.	شادی [ه شاه عالم پاد ساند
					PL. XXI. 1.O.C. N '8, Wt. 170
859		,,	"	Obv.	ضرب سنه۲ مانوس مـیـــــت
			E E		جـــــــوس
				Rev. as 854.	I.O.C. A '9, Wt. 169
860	Sholá- púr	1121	-	As 854: but	no year on rev., and lowest lines of obv.
					سنه] جلوس ۲۱[[
					ش]لابور
ı I		1	- 1		N 18, Wt. 100

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal		
AV 861	Khujis- tah- bunyád (Aurang- ábád)	1121	4	Obv.	مانوس مـيــهـــنــت سنه جــلــوس ضــرســــ خــرســـــ
				Rev. as 8	54, but
862	Ujjain	1122	_	As 854:	but [] ا ۲ ۲ after مبارك on rev., and lowest lines of obv. خصرت
863	Akbar- ábád	1128	5	Obv.	جـلوس مانوس مــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				Rev.	ا الحبواباد ۱۱۲۳ غیازی به پیادشاه به پیادشاه سا عالم <sup>در</sup> سا عالم <sup>در</sup>
					سکه مبار PL. XXI. A <sup>y</sup> 1-25, Wt. 184

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
<i>N</i> 864	Khujis- tah- bunyad (Aurang- ábád)	1123	5	As 855: but
865	Sháh- jahán- ábád			شاه جهان[اباد بست بست فر دار الخلافه مي مي مانوس مانوس
				Rev. as 854: but no year.  **MARSDEN. A '85, Wt. 169

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		
AR 866	Ajmír	1119	1	Obv.	SILVER. انجمیر مستقر الخلاف[ه ضـرســـــ
				Rev.	جلوس میهنت مانوس احد [سنه] غازی شاری عا]لم بهادر پاد شارک ۱۱۱۹
867	Sháh- jahán- ábád	,,,	22	Obv.	PL. XXI. THOMAS. At 0, Wt. 178 جهان ابا[د دار الخلافه شاه ضرب
				Rev.	غازی شاه عالی پاد سنه ۱۱۱۹ سنه ۲۰. XXI. THOMAS. At '9, Wt. 176

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		
AR 868	'Azím- ábád (Patnah)		2	Obv.	عظي[م]اباد ٢ سنـه جـلـوس ضــرب
				Rev.	عالم شـــاه پ]ادشاه غــازے سکه ۱۱۲۰ سکه ۲۲. XXI. CUNNINGHAM. At 105, Wt. 174
869,	Akbar- ábád	"	) 7	Obv.	جلوس مانوس مینات مستقر الهلك سندا ضور
THE COMMISSION CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR AND AND ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OF THE CONTRACTOR ADDRESS O				Rev.	سكه] اكبراباد <u>۱۱۲۰ غازم</u> به پادشاه ا
					سکه مبار EDEN. R. 0, Wt. 176  Pt. XXI. EDEN. R. 85, Wt. 177

No.	Mint.	Year.	year.		
AR 871	Lahore	1120	2	Obv.	لاه[ور دار السلطنه ضـرســـــ سنه ۲ مــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				Rev.	غازی شاه عـالم پاد ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
872	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1121	3	As 856 : bu	مم and ۱۱۲۱ سنه and ۱۱۲۱ ۲.o.c. AR '8, Wt. 176
878	Burhán púr	1- ,,	4	Øbv.	جلوس مانوس می میت ش سنه دار السرور ضرب ضرب
				Rev. as 86	9: but

No.	Mint.	Year. Regus	
<i>A</i> R 874	Sholá- púr	1122 4	مانوس مانوس میمنت جملوس م
			۔۔۔ ضرب⊥ شــــلاپــور
			یادشاه غازی  الات شاه عالم بهادر  سکسه مسبار
	ol		PL. XXI. CUNNINGHAM. At '05, Wt. 178
875	Súrat	1123 6	مانو مانو ۱ جملسوس س سنه مسيسه نت مسيسه نت ضرب
			Rev. as 869: but
876		11xx —	مانو Obv، سنـه جلوس س مـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
			Bun in 960 , man portion obliterated (1.1.
			Rev. as 869: year partly obliterated (    )  GOVT. OF INDIA. B. 75, Wt.

### VIII. – JAHÁNDÁR.

A.H. 1124 = A.D. 1712.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		
AV 877	Khu- jistah- bunyád (Aurang- ábád)	1124	1	Obv.	GOLD.  مانوس  مـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
,				Rev.	پادشاه جهان  ماز المناه جهان  المناه جهان  المناه جهان  قسران جهاندا[ر  دران جهاندا دران جهاندا دران جهاندا دران جهاندا دران جهاندا دران جهاندا دران جهاندا دران جهاندا دران جهاندا دران جهاندا دران جهاندا دران جهاندا دران جهاندا دران جهاندا دران دران جهاندا دران دران دران دران دران دران دران

No.	Mint.	Year.	egnal	
AV 878	jistah-	1124		Obv. as 877.
	bunyád			جــهانــدار شـاه جون مهر و ماه ابو الفتح موت مهر و ماه ابو الفتح موت موت موت موت موت موت موت موت موت موت
				P <sub>L</sub> . XXII. <i>DA CUNHA. N</i> '8, W <b>t. 170</b>
879	Súrat	[11]24	,,	Obv. as 877: but mint سورت
				Rev. [۱]و[۱]فتح غازی جهانداری ش] چوان مهر و ماه کوم چوان مهر و ماه کوم در] افاق زد در] افاق زد
880	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1124	"	ور الخيلافه شاه دار الخيلافه شاه ضرب ضرب اعد مياني اعد مياني اعد مياني المد مين المد مين المد مين المد مين المد مين المد مين المد مين المد مين المد مين المد مين المد مين المد مين المد مين المد مين المد مين المد مين المد المد المد المد المد المد المد المد
				غازی جهاندان][ه  ۱۱۲۳ برمهروماه ابوالفتح  در المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد المتحدد
;				در افاق زر PL XXII. MARSDEN. N -06 Wt. 100

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		
N 881, 882, 883	[Akbar- ábád]	112[4]	1	Obv.	ج]لوس مانوس م_]يــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
					ض <b>را</b> ۔۔۔۔۔۔۔
				Rev.	ابو الغ]تم غازی شــــاه مه]ر و ماه جهاندار
					به می اور است که در اقاق زد چــون
					MARSDEN. N '75, Wt. 169 DA CUNHA. N '75, Wt. 169 PRINSEP. N '7, Wt. 168
884	_	_	,,	Obv. as 8	77: mint obliterated.
		•0		Rev.	غا[ز]ی شــــــــا[ه
					ما]ه جهاندار سنه (؟) ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
					۰۰۰ چ[ون] ۱.o.c. ۵۷ - 8, Wt. 170 ۱.o.c. ۵۲ - 8, Wt. 170
					<b>A A</b>

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal		
AR 885	Sh <b>á</b> h- jahán- ábád	1124	1	SILVER.  Obv.	
	,			ضر دار الخلافه جهاندار شـــاه ۱۱۲۳ ۱]بو الفتح غازي بـر مهر و هـاه	
				ر افاق زد در] افاق زد PL. XXII. <i>GR.INT. A</i> R '85, Wt. 17	7
886	,,	"	,,	As 880.  THOMAS. R. '9, Wt. 17.	3
887, 888	[Akbar- ábád]	,,	,,	As 881: mint obliterated;             fully legible on 887.  PL. XXII. EDEN. R. '9, Wt. 17  THOMAS. R. '85, Wt. 17	
889	Sháh- jahán- ábád	,	_	سنه جـهاناباد جـهاناباد شــــا[ه دار الخلافه ضرب	
				الته الته الته الته الته الته الته الته	

### IX.-FARRUKH-SIYAR.

а.н. 1124—1131 = а.в. 1713—1719.

				<del>,</del>	the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s
No.	Mint.	Year.	Regrial year.		
<i>N</i> 890	Mur- shid- ábád	[1124]	1	Obv.	GOLD.  مــانـــو[س مــيـمــنــت مــيـــد جلوس سنه ض]-ربـــــــ
				Rev.	ز]د از[ف]ضل حق بو سير ســـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
891	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1127	1	Obv.	إفه جهاباد دا]ر النفلا شاه ن ضرست خرست جلوس میمنت مانوس ۴
				Rev.	به]ر وبر فرخ [سي]ر پاد]شــــاه حق بر سيــم و زر از] فــــفـــــل از] فــــفـــــل ســـکـــه زد ۱۱۲۷ ۲۰. XXII. ((1886. N :85, Wt. 109

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		
N 892	Lahore			Obv.	لاهور وار السلطنه ضرب سنده میره
				Rev.	جــلـوس مـانوس بــر وبر فرخ سير پـــادشــــاه حـق بر ســيم و زر فــــفــــــــــــ نـــــفــــــــــــ
893	Barailí ?		,,	Obv.	مانوس مم سنه جلوس ضرب ضرب
				Rev.	عق بحر و بر فرخ [سیر ماری ماری ماری ماری ماری ماری ماری ما

No.	Mint.	Year	Kegnal year.	
N 894	Burhán- púr		6	جــلــوس مـانـو[س مــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				فــر فـــر فـــر بــــــــــــــــــــــ
895	Patnah	1130	7	مانوس مانوس مـــي]ـــمـــنت سـنـه جلـوس ســــه نـــــــن ضر پتنه
				Rev. as 892: but
896	Sháh- jahán ábád	- ,,	,,	Obv. as 891 : but regnal year >  Rev. حـق فـرخ سـيـر  شـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				ز]د بــر سيير و [زړ ۱۵۰ ه. س. ۱۵۰

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal	
N 897	Multán	1130	7	مانوس Obv.
				سئه جملوس سسبسس ضر ملتان
				Rev. as 892: but
898	Bíjápúr	_	,,	جلوس جلوس ســــــــــ
				ميهنت مانو سه > ۱]ل <u>ــظـفــر</u> دار بيجاپور
				ــــــ ن ضر Rev. as 892.
				PL. XXII. 1.O.C. N '85, Wt. 109
899	Lahore	[1]131	8	As 892: but سنه on obv., and [ ]  on rev.
	,			

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		
AV 900		1125		Obv.	SMALL ISSUE. رىرى ضــرب
				nev.	ســـــر محمد فرخ PL. XXII. A '35, Wt. 23
900a	Karrah		3	Obv.	امتـــياز ضــــرب ت ڪره سنه
				Rev.	ف]-رخ سير شــــا پــاد ٥ على XXII. 1,0.C. N '45, Wt. 53
901	Gútí	1128	5	Obv.	ہ <b>ڪوتی</b> ضـــرب
				Rev. as 900:	but 11ra Pr. XXII. # '35, Wt. 44
902	Gang- púr	,,	,,	Obv.	ڪن <i>ک</i> پور ضرب
				Rev. as 900 :	but year obliterated.  Pr. XXII. **** W. 23

			E .	
No.	Mint.	Year.	Rogi	
Æ 903	Jahán- gírna- gar	1124	1	SILVER.  Obv. as 890: but mint ج] هانگیرنگر  Rev.  پرور  مانگیر دین ا
904	<b>M</b> ultán	1125	7,7	ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]لفتح وظفر پاد مرابع ابوا]
				Rev. پاد شاه غــاز ۱۱۲۰ سکه فرخ سیر CUNNINGHAM. R '9, Wt. 175
905	Akbar- ábád		2	جلوس مانوس مــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
4				Rev, as 896: but no Hijrah year.  PRINSEP. R. 9, Wt. 176

No.	Mint.	Year.	Begnal	
<b>A</b> R 906	Súrat	_	2	مانوس مانوس مــيــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				ســنـــه جـلـوس ضرىـــــــــ سورت
				بحرو برفرخ [سير] شــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				ا]زفضل حق پاد که زد بـر سـيم و زر BOMBAY AS, SOC. AR '95, Wt. 179
907, 908	Katak	1125	,,	Obv. as 906: but mint ڪتك
<b>3</b> 00				حق بحرو بر فرخ [سير مقد الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله عند الله
	,			زد از فــضــل پـاد ســـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				(On 908, transferred to end of first line.)  PL. XXIII. MARSDEN. R. '9, Wt. 187  MARSDEN. R. '9, Wt. 187
909	Sháh- jahán- ábád	,,	,,	As 891: but سنه, and no Hijrah year.  THOMAS. A. '85, Wt. 177
910	Lahore	112	,,	Obv. as 892 : but ۲ سنه
				ا]ز فضل حـق ۱۱۲۰ پــادشـــا[ه
			118	بحر و بر فرخ سیر ســـــک[ه
				ز]د [بر] سيبر و[زر
		1		GOVT. OF INDIA. B. '9, Wt. 178 B B

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal	
AR 911	Multán	_	2	مانوس Obv.
				مـيــهـنــت سـنــّه جـلوس ضــرســــــ فــرســــــــ م]لمتان
				از فـــفـــل [حق باد بحر و بر فرخ سير باد بحر و بر فرخ سير باد بحر و بر فرخ سير باد بحر و بر فرخ سير باد بحر سيــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
912	Akbar- ábád	_	3	As 905 : but منه ه 4 GIBBS. As 9, Wt. 176
913	'Azím- ábád (Patnah)	[11]26	,,	مانوس مانوس مـيـــهــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				سنگه جلوس ع <u>سظ</u> سیسمر ضرسب ابساد
				زد از فضل حق بر سیہ[وزر شدی اور شدید اور شدید سید شدید اور سیر و بسیر فیزم سیر
	·			بحر و بسر فرخ سیر که پاد ۲۱ <i>CUNNINGILAM. B</i> . 96, Wt. 176
914	Katak	1126	"	الله Obv. as 913: but مرسيا
	ŷl.			Rev. as 892, varied;           below barsden. B. 9, Wt. 187

1 17	
o. Mint. Year   5 5	
R 15, Sháh- 16 jahán- ábád 1127 4 As S91 : but Hijrah year     TV (obliterated on 915) EDEN. A. 9, W PLIYFAIR. AR 98, W	Vt. 174
As 906: but سنه ; mint obliterated except ت and vowel '; and الالالالالالالالالالالالالالالالالالال	
الوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مين مانوس مين مانوس مين مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس	
Rev. as 892: but year 117A  PL. XXIII. THOMAS. AR 1'05, W	Vt. 178
19 Akbar- 1128 ,, As 905: but 9 سنه, and ۱۱۲۸ above rev. abid PRINSEP. R 9, W	Vt. 177
عاد]و[س بهاد]و[س	
سنه جلوس ضرب چیناپتن	
Rev. as 906: with year	Ws. 179

No.	Mint.	Year.	regnal	
AR 921	Súrat	_	5	8 As 906 : but سنه MARSDEN. AR '9, Wt. 178
922	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1128	,,	As 891: but سنه, and ۱۱۲۸ over فضل, and از and از in last line of rev.
923	,,	"	,,	As 922: but [از] before فضل and ۱۱۲۸ at end of rev.  At '85, Wt. 177
924	Akbar- ábád	[11]29	,,	Obv. as 905: but مستقر الخلافه, 8 مستقر الخلافه. Rev. as 892.
925	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1129	,,	As 891: but سنه, and ۱۱۲۹ over از ; فضل in last line. PL. XXIII. THOMAS. AR 1-0, Wt. 177
926	"	"	6	بة As 925 : but سنه GRANT. Æ 1 <sup>.</sup> 05, Wt. 175
927	Gwálio	r 1129	99	مانوس مانوس مـيــهـــنــت سـنـه ۲ جلوس ضـرـــــــ کـــوالــــيــار
				Rev. as 892.  PL. XXIII. 1.0.C. R '95. Wt 173

[		Year.	ar.	
No.	Mint.	lear.	Ye.	
AR 928, 929	Lahore	1129	6	As 892: but Y
930, 931	Mur- shid- ábád		**	مانوس مانوس مـيـه مـــــت سـنـه جلـوس ضــاراســـــــ مــر]شـدابــاد
				Rev. [و زر از فضل حتی بر سی]م[و زر] پـــاد]شـــ[اه بـــاحــر و بر فـرخ سیر مــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
932		[11]30	7	سنه ∨ مستقر الخلافه Obv. as 905: but
	ábád			Rev. as 892: [11]
933	Arkút	,,	,,	مانوس مــيـــاــت ســنــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				حق فـرخ [سير ١١٣٠ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal	
.R 034	Súrat	_	7	As 906: but
35	Multán	1130	,,	لا Obv. as 904: but سنه
				Rev. as 892: but 117.  Pt. XXIII. CUNNINGHAM. R '95, Wt. 177
936	A'z un- nagar			مانوس مـــ]يـــمــنــت سـنــه ج]لوس اعظم نكر بــــــ ضـر
				Rev. بحر [و] بر فرخ [سير شــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ

# X.—RAFÍ-AD-DARAJÁT.

A.H. 1131 = A.D. 1719.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regenal		
N 937	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1131	1	Obv.	GOLD.  فه جها ابا[د دار الخسلا شا ن
				Rev.	ضـــردـــــن ج]لوس ميهنت مانوس احد ســــنه رفيع الدرجا را۱۱۱ ب]ركا شاهنشه بحروبر
937a	Mu'az- zam- ábád	<b>)</b>	,,	Obv.	ار با هـراران ساکه [بهند] PL. XXIII. I.O.C. A' '95, Wt. 160 مانـوس مانـوس احـد سنه جــلـوس ضــرــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				Rev.	م]عظراباد As preceding, partly obliterated; ۱۱۳۱ under شاهنشه PL XXIII. GRANT. N 8, Wt. 168

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regna.	
AR 938, 939	Akbar- ábád	1131	1	SILVER.  اكبراباد  مستقر الخلاف
				جلوس ميمنت مانوس احد ســــنه
				Rev. as 937.  PL. XXIII. CUNNINGHAM. R. 1.0, Wt. 172  EDEN. A. 85, Wt. 173
940, 941	Sháh- jahán- ábád	,,	,,	As 937: but         at left top of rev.  CUNNINGHAM. R. '0, Wt. 173  PL. XXIII. GRANT. R. '95, Wt. 173
942	Kúrá	,,	,,	مانوس Obv. مــيــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				ضــرــــــ ڪــورا
				Rev. as 937.  PL. XXIII. CUNNINGHAM. R. 9, Wt. 178

No.	Mint.	Your.	Regnal year.		
AR 943	Lahore	1131	1	Obv.	جـــلــوس مـــانوس مــــيــــهـــنـــت احد دار الســلطـنه لاهور ضربــــ
				Rev.	رفسيسع الدورجا شاهنشه بحر و بر شاهنشه بحر و بر ااتال با]هزاران بركااااا سسك[ه ود [بهند المدرد المدرد
914	Patnah	,,	,,	Obv. as 942:  Rev. as 937.	but خبرب ت THOMAN. R '95, Wt. 179
					· cc

# XI.--RAFÍ'-AD-DAULAH SHÁH-JAHÁN II.

A.H. 1131 = A.D. 1719.

No.	Mint	Year.	Векпи уевг.	1 / 1/20/10/2004	
<i>N</i> 945	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1131	1	Obv.	GOLD. [فسه جها اباد] دا]والــخــــلا شــُــا ن ضـــرـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
					جلوس میهنت مانوس <u>احد</u> نه
				Rev.	شاه جهان نے پادشاه غازاتان سکه مبار ۲۲. XXIV. <i>GRANT</i> . N '9, Wt. 167
946	Khujis- tah- bunyád (Aurang- ábád)	,,	_	Obv.	بدر م]_يـــمـــنــت جـلـوس مــانوس ضـــرـــــــ خـــرـــــــــــــــــــــ
				Rev.	اره] جہان م شاہ غاز کے ااتا مباارك سنه Pr. XXIV. CUNNINGHAM, N '8, Wt. 109

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
AR 947	Akbar- ábád	1131	1	SILVER.  اكبراباد, مستقر الخلافه
				جلوس میهنت مانوس اهــد 
948	Barailí	,,	,,	ما نوس مـــــمــنت احد سنه حــــوس ضـــرـــــــ
				بریلی Rev. as 945, but ۱۱۳۱ over مبارك PL. XXIV. GRANT. At 10, Wt. 175
949	Súrat	-	,,	As 918: but mint and no Hijrah year visible.  1.O.C. At '95, Wt. 177
950	'Azím- ábád (Patnah		1 ,,	عظیم اباد Obv. خصرست ضرب بیمنت مانوس جلوس میمنت مانوس احد احد
				Rev. پادشاه غـــاز ع شاه جهان مجان ۲۰۰ عبارك ۱۳۱۱ مجاز ۲۰۰ عبارك ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰۰ عبارک ۲۰ عبارک ۲۰ عبارک ۲۰ عبارک ۲۰ عبارک ۲۰ عبارک ۲۰ عبارک ۲۰ عبارک ۲۰ عبارک ۲۰ عبارک

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal	
∕R 951	Lahore	1131	1	Obv. as 943.
				Rev. as 945: ۱۱۳۱ over مبارك
			:	PL. XXIV. CUNNINGHAM. AR '9, Wt. 175
952	Mur- shid-	,,	,,	Obv. as 948, but mint مرشدابا[د
	ábád			شاه جہان ج
				ا التا پا]دشاه غــا[ز
				PL. XXIV. GOVT. OF INDIA. R '8, Wt. 180
	ĺ			

#### NIKU-SIYAR.

A.H. 1131 = A.D. 1719.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		·
N 953	Súrat		1	Obv.	G O L D.  مانوس ميسمنيت ميسمنيت احد سنه جلوس ضربين
				Rev.	ب]لطف اله محمد شــــــا[ه پا]دشاه زمان ســــکه زد]د[ر] جهان ۲۱. XXIV. 1.0.C. N '98, Wt. 171
					,

# IBRÁHÍM.

A.U. 1132 = A.D. 1720.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Ведпи уевг.	
N				GOLD.
954, 955	jahán-	1132	1	Obv. as 945.
	ábád			ب]ر[سه]م محمد ابراهیم
				شـــــــه شـــــاهــــان ۱۱۳۳
				بل
				سکه زد در جهان
				CUNNINGHAM. M '8, Wt. 107 PL. XXIV. GIBBS. N '75, Wt. 168
n				SILVER.
AR 956, 957	,,	"	,,	As 954: but           at right of rev.
331				(Date effaced on 957.)
				Pr. XXIV. CUNNINGHAM. Re 9, Wt. 175 GIBBS. Re 8, Wt. 172

# XII.—MUHAMMAD SHÁH.

A.H. 1131—1161=A.D. 1719—1748.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal		
<i>N</i> 958	Khujis- tah- bunyád (Aurang- ábád)		1	Obv.	G O L D .  مانوس مــــــت مــــــت احد سنه جـــــــوس ضور
				Rev.	اری از محمد شاه محمد شاه محمد شاه کرد از کار کرد از کار کرد از کار کرد از کار کرد از کار کرد از کار کرد از کار کرد از کار کرد از کار کرد از کار کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد از کرد
959	Sháh- jahán- ábád		4 3	Obv.	فــه جـها اباد دار الخلا شــاه ن ضـرســــن جلوس میمنت مانوس ســــنه
				Rev.	محبد شاه پادشاه غاز م ۱۱۳۳ محبد قدران شاخ ساحب قدران شاخ سکه مبارك PL. XXV. (Formerty ringed.) # 140

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal	
AV 960	Sháh- jahán- ábád	113[7]	7	۸s 959: but سنه, and ۱۱۳ (unit cut off). <i>MARSDEN.</i> N 8, Wt. 168
961	Etáwá	1139	9	As 958: but اتاوا, سنه; and ۱۱۳۹
961a		1222	"	As preceding: but mint and Hijrah date effaced. (Súrat fabric.) BANES. N .75, Wt. 169
962, 963	Sháh- jahán- ábád	11xx	11	As 959 : but سنه, and ۱۱ ۸ °8, Wt. 168 . I.O.C. A °75, Wt. 108
964	"	114x	14	As 959: but سنه, and ا ان (unit cut off).  MARSDEN. A '75, Wt. 107
965	"	14[5]	15	ا ه
966	"	114[6]	16	As 959: but سنه and ۱۱۴ (unit cut off).
967	Akbar- ábád	1147	17	جلوس مانوس منوس مينوس مينوس مينوس مينوب
				سنه ۱۰ سنه ۱۰ ضربــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				Rev. as 958 : but
967a	Súrat	11 <i>xx</i>		As 958: but regnal year cut off; mint [-]; and [ (decimal and unit cut off).  BANK COLL. N 85, W. 171

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
A7 968	Etáwá	1150	20	۲۰ As 958: but اتاوا, سنه and ۱۱۵۰ Pa. XXV. PRINSEP. N '9, Wt. 169
969	Khujis- tah- bunyád	11[50]	"	As 958: but سنه, and     (unit and decade cut off).
970, 971	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1152	22	As 959: but, and     0   (    0 x on 971)  1.0.c. N '95, Wt. 168  MARSDEN. N '9, Wt. 168
972	,,	1153	23	As 959: but سنه, and ۱۱۵۳ As 959: but سنه, and ۱۱۵۳
973	Kash- mír	1154	1 24	Obv., in centre, within triple circle,  المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المال
				Around, in four ovals with ornamented borders,
				Rev., interlaced,
				محبد ش <u>ا</u> ع شاغاز مبارك پاد
				PL. XXV. CUNNINGHAM. N '86, Wt. 180

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
N 974	Lahore			الاهور دار السلطـنـه دار السلطـنـه ضربـــــ سنه ۲۵ مـيــهـنـت جلوس مانـوس
				Rev. as 958: but     00 PL. XXV. N '8, Wt. 168
975	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1157	26	As 959: but , and     0 V  MARSDEN. N 1 15, Wt. 166
975a	Ahmad- nagar Far- rukh- [úbád]		31	مانوس مانوس مينوت مينوت سنه جالوس ضرس ضرس
		*		Rev. الله محمد شا[ه] غازي احے زدز تابيد حامی سکه مبا[ر Pr. XXV. N '95, Wt. 167

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		
<i>N</i> 976	Karrah	1161		Obv.	SMALL ISSUE. ڪــره ضــرب
				Rev.	محمد شـاه بـا]دشاه ۱۱۲۱ PL. XXV. I.O.C. A '4, Wt. 62
977	<b>27</b>	_	_	Օհ <b>v.</b>	ڪــر[ه ضـــرب امتــياز
				Rev.	محمد شاه ش][گ پاد ه پاد ه PL. XXV. I.O.C. A '5, Wt. 51

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
AR 978	Akbar- ábád	1132	1	SILVER.  اکبراباد م-]ستقر الخلافه ضررـــــ مالوس میمنت مانوس
979	Súrat	113[2 33]	2	Rev. as 958 : but ۱۱۳۲  CUNNINGHAM. At 10, Wt. 176  Obv.  مانوس  سنه جلوس ضرب
980	Mur- shid- ábád	1	2- 33	Rev. as 958: but ۱۱۳ (unit cut off).  BOMBAY AS. SOC. R 105, Wt. 176  Obv.  مانو[س سنه جلوس مرشدابا[د
- 1				BENGAL AS. SOC. 22. '85, Wt. 180

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
AR 981	Súrat	113[3 - 34]	3	As 979: but, and     " (unit cut off).  BOMBAY AS. SOC. AR 1.0, Wt. 178
982	,,	,,	4.	ماد As 979: but سنه, and ۱۱۳ (unit cut off).
983	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1134	,,	اه As 959: but سنه, and ۱۱۳۱۶ (over صاحب).  GOVT. OF INDIA. R -9, Wt. 174
984	,,	113	5 5	9 (over صاحب and ۱۱۳۵ (over سنه) MARSDEN. AR -85, Wt. 175
985	Akbar- nagar Oudh	"	,,,	اکبرنگـر اود ضربــــ ضربــــــ سنه جلوس مـيــهـنت مانوس
				Rev. as 958: but       o  PL. XXV. CUNNINGHAM. R. 1'0, Wt. 174

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
AR 986	Akbar- ábád ?	11[36- 37]	6	مانوس Obv.
				ســنـــه جلوس
				ضرســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				Rev. as 958: unit and decade cut off.  R '9, Wt. 17.
987	Súrat		,,	As 979: but سنه; Hijrah year cut off.
				BOMBAY AS. SOC. R. '95, Wt. 176
988	Lahore		,,	As 974: but اسنه; Hijrah year cut off.
				Æ '95, Wt. 176
989	Tattah	1137	,,	مانوس مانوس .
				سنه جلوس
				ســـــــ ضر تته
				pointed.)
				Rev. as 958: but       v over 4.
3 1				MARSDEN. B. '8, Wt. 177

No.	Mint.	Year.	Kegnal year.	
AR 990	'Azím- ábád*	11[36- 37]	6	Obvخصرد ضمرد مانوس جلوس میہنت مانوس سمانوس سمانوس سمانو
				Rev. as 958: but       (unit cut off).  BENGAL AS. SOC. R. 85, Wt. 178
991	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1137	7	ماحب and ۱۱۳۷ (over سنه عنه).  1.0.C. A85, Wt. 175
992	'Azím- ábád	"	3*	عـــظ]يـــم ابــاد ضــرنــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				Rev. هست ۱۱۳۷ کست اد شاه غاز هاک مبارك BENGAL AS. SOC. R. '85, Wt. 180
				The pt thus dotted, compared with no. 992, identifies the mint.

· ·		
No. Mint. Year. og had had had had had had had had had had	Mint. Year.	No.
AR 998 Etáwá 1139 9 As 958: but اتاوا, سنه and ۱۱۳۹	Etáwá 1139 9	
994 ,, 1140 ,, As preceding, but 115.  PLAYFAIR. R 1.0, Wt. 12	" 1140 "	994
995 [Lahore] 11[3] , As 974: but 9 سنه, mint and Hijrah year partly obliterated.  GOVT. OF INDIA. 28: 85, Wt. 12	[Lahore] 11[3 - ,,	995
996 Sháh- jahán- ábád , , , , , As 959 : but سنه, and     (unit and decade cut off).	jahán-	996
997 Akbar- منه ۱۱ (۱۵۰ الله ۱۵۰ As 967: but ۱ منه , and ۱۱ (unit and decade cut off)		997
998 Kúrá 1141 11 Obv. مانوس مينت مينت سنه جلوس ضرب	Kúrá   1141   11	998
Rev. as 958: but		

No.	Mint.	Year.	Reginal year.	
<b>A</b> R 999	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1142	11	As 959: but aim, and           (over ————)  GOVT. OF INDIA. R. '85, Wt. 176
1000	"	,,	12	بنه but منه, and ۱۱۴۲ <i>GOVT. OF INDIA. A</i> R -9, Wt. 175
1001	,,	1143	13	ال" ,, but سنه, and ااحال" 1.o.c. At 85, Wt. 175
1002	Etáwá	11[43 44]	,,,	As 958: but اتاوا, سنه and ۱۱۱ (unit and decade cut off).
1003	Lahore	11(44 45)	14	As 974: but ابنه عام, and ۱۱۱ (unit and decade cut off).
1004	Sháh- jahán- ábád		5 1 5	اه As 959 : but سنه, and ۱۱۴۵ (over صاحب)  **DE BODE. A. '8, Wt. 174
100	5 Súrat	11[4	,,	ا ا ا الله ا ا ا الله ا ا ا الله ا ا ا ا

year	Regnal year.	Year.	Mint.	No.
1 ] As 959: but سنه, and ا ا الاث (unit cut off).  MARSDEN. R. 85, Wt. 1	16	114[0- 47]	Sháh- jahán- ábád	AR 1006
As 974: but سنه, and    (unit and decade cut off).	,,,	11[46- 47]	Lahore	1007
7 As 959 : but سنه, and ۱۱۱۵۷	17	1147	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1008
, As preceding; but Hijrah year obliterated.  R '85, Wt. 1	,,	[,,]	**	1009
As preceding: but Hijrah year	,,	"	,,	<b>101</b> 0
a Obv. مانوس مــــهـنت مــــهـنت سنه جلوس ب ضربـــــن محربـــــــ	1 <i>x</i>	1148	Ajáyúr 1	1011
Rev. as 958: but				

No.	Mint.	Year.	tegnal year.	
AR 1012	Sháh- jahán- ábád	11[49- 49]		As 959: but سنه, Hijrah year partly cut off.  GOVT. OF INDIA. R. '85, Wt. 171
1013	Súrat	,,	19	As 979: but سنه, and     (unit and decade cut off).  GOVT. OF INDIA. 28: 95, Wt. 178
1014	Sháh- jahán- ábád	114[9]	,,	ام ( ماحب As 959 : but سنه, and ۱۱۱۴ (over صاحب).  **DE BODE. At '85, Wt. 176
1015	(Lahore)	) 11[49 50]	.,,	As 974: but ۱۹ سنه, mint and Hijrah year partly obliterated.
1016	Islám- ábád (Chitta gong)		,,	اســـلاه ابــاد صـربــــــــ صـربــــــــ ميمنت مانوس جلوس ۱۹ ســـنه
				Rev. as 958: but     0 .  PRINSEP. R '9, Wt. 174
1017	Benárce	3 ,,	20	محمد ابا[د مسیسمسنست سنهٔ جلوس مانوس ضرب
				Rev. as 958: but     0 .  EDEN. B. 9, Wt. 175

No.	Mint.	Year.	egnal	
AR 1018	Lahore	115[0]	20	As 974: but ۲. سنه, mint partly obliterated, and unit of Hijrah year cut off.  THEOBALD. AR 75, Wt. 177
1019	Sháh- ábád	    1151 	21	مانوس Obv.
				ا ا سنه جلوس ضرب شاه اباد فنوج ر
				Rev. as 958: but     8   PL. XXV. R 1.0, WL 174
1020	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1152	22	۲۲ As 959 : but سنه, and   18۲ THOMAS. R. 9, Wt. 175
1021	,,	_	,,	As preceding, but Hijrah year cut off.
1022	'Azím- ábád	1152	"	عظـيــم ابــاد · Obv. فــرســــ ميهنت مادوس جلوس ۲۲ بســـنـه
				Rev. as 958: but 1187, and مبارك above مبارك above مبارك above مبارك

No.	Mint.	Year.	year.	
AR 1023	'Azím- ábád	1152	22	As preceding, mint partly obliterated.  1.0.c. At '9, Wt. 177
1024	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1153	23	As 959: but win and     6, 77  THOMAS. R 1'0, Wt. 175
1025	,,	,,,	,,	As preceding, unit of Hijrah year cut off.  DE BODE. A. 185, Wt. 170
1026	1,	1154	24	ام ا ا ا کام As 959 : but سنه and ا ا کام <i>GRANT. A</i> R '0, Wt. 172
1027	,,	1155	25	ر الله به الله به به به به به به به به به به به به به
1028	8 "	"	,,	As preceding, but unit of Hijrah year effaced.  GRANT. R 1'05, Wt. 180
102	9 Far- ruklı- ábád	115[6 <u>]</u>	,, 	مانوس مانوس میسمنیت ۲۵ سنه جلوس ضسرس فرخ اباد
				Rev. as 959: but     00 (over)  PL. XXV. EDEN. E. 1-05, Wt. 174

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal	
AR 1030	Mur- shid- ábád	115[5]	25	مانوس مانوس مـيــمــنــت ۲۵ سـنه جـلـوس ضــردــــــ مرشــد ا[بـاد
				Rev. as 958: but     6 (unit cut off).  GOVT. OF INDIA. R. 85, Wt. 179
1031	Etáwá	1156	26	اتاوا ,سنه Obv. as 95%: but اتاوا ,سنه; and ۱۱۵۲ THEOBALD. R 10. Wt. 175
1032	Siwái- Jaipúr	77	77	مانوس مانوس میسمنت سنه جلوس ضسرسیت سوایجی پدور
				Rev. as 958: but     67  PL. XXV. 1.0.C. 28:9, Wt. 175
1033 1034		1157	,,	۲۲ As 959: but سنه and ۱۱۵۷ THOMAS. R 1.05, Wt. 176
1035	Barailí	115[7	,,	مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانو المانوس مانو المانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس
				۲۷ جلوس سنه یلے ضرب ہر
				Rev. as 958: but     8 (unit cut off.) PL. XXV. 28 *85, Wt. 174

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
Æ 036	Sháh- jahán- ábád	11[58]	28	As 959: but سنه and     (unit and decade cut off.)  AR 0, Wt. 175
037	Akbar- ábád	1158	29	جلوس مانوس مسيمسنست مستقر الخلافه
				سنه ۲۹ ضور اکبراباد
				Rev. as 958: but     8 ^ CUNNINGHAM. R 1.05, Wt. 169
038	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1159	,,	۲۹ As 959: but سنه, and ۱۱۵۹ BENG. As. SOC. AR 19, Wt. 170
	,			. •
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## XIII.-AHMAD SHÁH.

а.н. 1161—1167=A.D. 1748—1754.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		·
AV 10000	a 4			Ol	GOLD.
1039	Sháh- jahán- ábád	[11]61	1	Obv.	[فسه جها اباد] دا]ر[اا]خسلا ششان ضرسببببب جلوس میمنت مانوس
				Rev.	احمد شاه بهاد[ر
					ریسادشساه غاز ۱ آ س]کد[۵] مبار
					PL. XXVI. CUNNINGHAM. N '8, Wt. 108
1010	Benáres	1162	2	Obv.	مح]مد[اباد مسیسهسنست جلو سنه س مانوس
y				Powers 16	ضـــرســـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				1007, 88 10	PL. XXVI. VE. WES. N '75, Wt. 108.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regn year.	
AV 1041 1042	Sháh- jahán- ábád	[11]66	6	As 1039: but win, and TT  MARSDEN. N '85, Wt. 108  N '75, Wt. 107
1043	,,	[11]67	7	As 1039 : but سنه, and ۲۷ PROF. WILSON, N 95, Wt. 168
1044	_			Ohv.   Reverse plain.  PL. XXVI. N '25, Wt. 3

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regna!	
AR 1045	'Azím- ábád	1161	1	SILVER.  مانوس میسمنست احد سنه جالوس
				عظیم(باد ضرب احمد شاه بـــاد[ر بادشاه غاز بے بادشاه غاز بے
1046	Sháh-		,,	PL. XXVI. EDEN. R. 95, Wt. 178 As 1039.
1047	jahán- áb <b>á</b> d Far-			PRINSEP. A. 9, Wt. 175  Obv. as 1045 : but
10+7	rukh- úbád	"	"	افرخاباد فرخاباد فرخاباد فرخاباد فرخاباد فرخاباد Rev. as 1039.
1048	Akbar- ábád	.	2	جلوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مستقر الخلا[فه ستقر الخلا[فه سنه ۲ مستقر الخلا[فه مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مستقر الخلا[فه مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس مانوس م

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
<i>R</i> 1049	Sháh- jahán- ábád	[1]162	2	As 1039: but win and ITT  GRANT. At '95, Wt. 174
1050	"	[1]164	3	مم and ۱۹۴۰ As 1039 : but سنه and ۱۹۴۰ BENG. As. SOC. AR '05, Wt. 176
1051	,,	,,	4	عام As preceding: but سنه THOMAS. AR '05, Wt. 175
1052	Benáres	,,	,,	مع distinct, and ۱۱۲۱۶ محمدابا[د] , سنه As 1040, but محمدابا[د] , سنه distinct, and ۱۱۲۱۶
1053 1054	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1168	5	As 1039, but and     18  BENG. AS. SOC. At '0. Wt. 176  THOMAS. At '95, Wt. 175
1055	Mur- shid- ábád	_	"	مانو[س میمنت میمنت سنّه جلوس
				ضورت مر]شد ابا[ر Rev. as 1039 : partly obliterated, no Hijrah year.
1050	Sháh- jahún- ábád		6	GOVT. OF INDIA. At '85, Wt. 179

<del> </del>				
No.	Mint.	Year	Regual year.	
AR 1057	Murád- ábád	1167	6	مانوس مـيــهـنــت مـيــهـنــ جـلـوس سنه ضـرســــــ
				Rev. as 1039: but
1058	Mur- shid- ábád	_	,,	As 1055: but سنه As 1055. but
				2007 - 20 April 170 May 170 T
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### XIV.—'ÁLAMGÍR II.

A.H. 1167-1173=A.D. 1754-1759.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
<i>N</i> 1059	Sháh- jahán- ábád		1	و O L Ď .  (افسه]جسها[ابساد]  د[ا]ر[اا]خسلا شاهن  ضرسست  جلوس میهنت مانوس
				احد Rev. <u>ا عالم کیر</u> پاد شاه غاز ساکه مبار
1060	) ,,	116	8 2	PL. XXVI. MARSDEN. N '65, Wt. 150  Obv., within looped square,  الله  الرسول الله
				[ب]الصدق ابو بكر (sic)   عدل عبر   In segments, outside,   عدل عبر   حداد مال حداد مال على المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد المداد ا
	-			Rev., within looped square,  مبار عزیز الدین پادشاه غاز مبار مبار سکه ابسو السعسدل
				In segments, ontside,   جلوس ميمنت   مان[و]س ضرب د]ار الخلافه   شاهجهاناباد سنه PL. XXVI. MARSDEN. N 8, Wt. 168

No.	Mint.	Year.	Begnal year.		
<i>A</i> 7 1061	Sháh- jahán- ábád	-	2	Obv.	جسها]نابدادا شد الاستادا دار الا]خلافه سنه سر مسانسوس ضر اجملوس میهنت]
				Rev.	خلد] الله ملكه و سلطا[نه محد محالم]كير پادشاه غازن الدين ابو االعدل عزيز الدين
				÷	[سكه مبار] MARSDEN. N ·:5, Wt. 10s
1062	Indra- púr	11[70]	4	Obv.	مــــر انـدرپـور ضرســـــ جلوس میبنت مانوس میبنت مانوس ســـــنه
				Rev.	عالم کیرے پا]دشاہ غاز سام غاز م]بارك ه PL. XXVI. LADY FREEE. N '9, Wt. 100

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.		
N 1063 1064*	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1170	4	Obv. as 10	عم سنه 959: but سنه
				Rev.	عال]مكير غاز پادشاه م
					عزيز الديـن ١١٧٠]،
					وچو تابان مهر و ماه شــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
					زد بر]هفت كـــــــور
					I.O.C. A .85, Wt. 167 A .8, Wt. 167
					<i>y</i> 3, <i>w</i> 10.
1068	Lahore	117	1 5	Obv.	لاهور
					دار السلطنه
					ضـربـــ
					هــنــه 8
					میمسنست جلوس مانوس
					جينوس مانوس
İ				Rev.	۱۱۷۱ عالم کیونے
					لسادشاه غاز
					سکه مسبسار
ŀ					Borders of wreaths.
					Pt. XXVI. I.O.C. N '8, Wt. 168
				* The inc	scription being too large for the flan is only com- ble by a comparison of the two specimens.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
<i>N</i> 1066	Ahmad-	1171	6	Obv. مانوس
	nagar Far- rukh- ábád			مسيسهنت سنه جلوس
	aoaa			ضرس <u>.</u> احمدنکو فرخاباد
				Rev. as 1065.  PL. XXVI. GRANT. N 9, Wt. 168
1067	Indra-	1122	6	م ; at right, above rev.,     (unit and
2001	púr			decade cut off.) (No a after مبارك.)
				MARSDEN. N '8, Wt. 168
				SMALL ISSUE.
1069	Karrah	1170	o	ڪره Obv.
1069 1070	)			ضرب
1070	2			ا]مــتيــاز
				عالمکیر پاد Rev.
				شاه سنه
				(Date partly obliterated on all but 1068.)
				I.O.C. N ·45, Wt. 52 Pt. XXVI. MARSDEN. N ·4, Wt. 51
		1	1	" N ·45, Wt. 53
		1.		" A ·45, Wt. 51
	.1			

No.	Mint.	Yeur.	year.	
ПО71	Sháh- jahán- ábád	116x	1	SILVER.  As 1059: but     1 (unit cut off) above rev.  EDEN. R. 9, Wt. 175
1072	Mur- shid- ábád	(11]68	,,	مانو[س میسهنت احد سنه جلوس ضرسی مر]شداباد
				Rev. as 1059: but ۲۸ after مبار R 1.0, Wt. 179
1073	Sháh- jahán- ábád		2	As 1061.  BENGAL AS. SOC. 28. '8, Wt. 176
1074 1074a	"	1168	,,	As 1060.  MARSDEN. R. '8, Wt. 176  THOMAS. R. '96, Wt. 175
1075		1169	,,	مانوس مــيـــــت مــيــــــت جـلـو]س ۲ بلا ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				الله الله عال الله الله عال الله الله عال الله الله

				The second of the second desired property of the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se
No.	Mint.	Year.	year.	
<b>A</b> R 1076	Sháh- jahán- ábád	_	3	As 1061 : but سنه As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061 . As 1061
1077	Akbar- ábád	1171	4	اگبراہاد ضرب ضرب فررب ایران سنب
				Rev. عالم كيرم انشار سنه PL. XXVI. (Nisár.) A ·15, Wt. 20
1078	Indra- púr	1168 (sic)		As 1062: but سنه; and ۱۱۲۸ (sic) above rev.  (An old reverse die.)  CUNNINGHAM. A. 95, Wt. 175
1079	Sháh- jahán- ábád		,,	عم : no date on rev. As 1059: but سنه; no date on rev. CUNNINGHAM. AR 9, Wt. 170
1080	"	1170	,,	As 1063.  THOMAS. R9, Wt. 175
1081	Mur- sbid- ábád	[11]7	1 ,,	As 1072: but , and 4   after parts and 4   PRINSEP. B. 05, Wt. 180
1082	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1	2 . 5	As 1063: but and     V   PL. XXVI. CUNNINGHAM. B. 86, Wt. 178

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regf.al.	
Л 1083	Azím- ábád	1172	5	As 1059: but عظ]يمراباد; and ۱۱۷۲ (Formerly ringed.) PRINSEP. AR '8, Wt. 178
1084	Ahmad- nagar Far-	,,	6	۱۹ Obv. as 1072; but نکو فرح اباد
	rukh- ábád			Rev. as 1059, but     V   (Formerly ringed.) I.O.C. R 1.15
1085	Lahore	,,	"	As 1065: but سنه; and ۱۱۷۲ <i>GOVT. OF INDIA. R</i> . '88, Wt. 173
1035a	Mur- shid- ábád	_	,,	As 1072: but سنه; Hijrah year obliterated.
10851	Karrah	_		ضر] سنه Obv
				Rev مکیر شـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				7,0.0. 26 7, 46. 27

#### SHÁH-JAHÁN [III].

A.H. 1173-74 = A.D. 1759-60.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal		
A 1086	Islám- ábéd	1173	1	Ob <b>v</b> .	GOLD.  اسسلامابا[د  ضرسن
				Rev.	جلوس احد سنه شاهجهان پادشاه غاز آسکه مبا] اسکه مبا] علی XXVI. GRANT. A '85, Wt. 108
1087	Ahmad nagar Far- rukh- ábád	,,	,,	Obv.	مانوس مسيسمسنست احد جلوس سنه جلوس ضسره فسره ا]حمدنكر فرخاباد
				Rev.	ره المحمان اور المحمان اور المحمان المحمان المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود المحمود ال

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
N 1088	Ahmad- nagar Far- rukh- ábád	1173	1	SILVER. As 1087.  EDEN. R 1-1, Wt. 100
1089	Ahmad ábád	-,,	,,	ا[حمد]اباد Obv. as 1087: but
				Rev. as 1086: but unit of date obscure.  GOVT. OF INDIA. R. 9, Wt. 179
1090	Indra- púr	"	,,	مسهر اندرپور ضهر فسرس فسرسه جلوس میهنت مانوس
				Rev. المحان ع پــادشاه غاز ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ

No.	Mint.	Year.	Regnal year.	
<i>N</i> 1091	Sháh- jahán- ábád	1174	1	ف جها اباد دار الخلاشان فرسست منهنت مانوس میهنت مانوس سلم
				Rev.     I   V   V   V   V   V   V   V   V   V
1092	Ahmad- nagar Far- rukh- ábád	29	n	As 1087: but     V   CUNNINGH.AM. B. 1.0, Wt. 174
				•••••
···	(X)		2	

## XV.-SHÁH -'ÁLAM.

A.H. 1173—1221 = A.D. 1759—1806.

No.	Year.	Regnal year.		
				S H Á H J A H Á N Á B Á D.
				I. PLAIN TYPE.
				GOLD.
₩ 1093	[11]76	8	Obv.	[قه جها] ابا[ر
				دا]ر السخلا شاه ن
				<del>فـــر</del> ـــــ
				جلوس ميهنت مانوس
				<del></del> نه
			Rev.	اله محمد ثاه عالم پا[د
	į			شـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
	*			سایه فضل حامی دین
				<u></u> [-
				زد در هذات کشور
	1			PL. XXVII. # 4, Wt. 100

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
A7 1091	1205	32	Obv. as 1093: but ۲; flower in loop of جلوس
1095	1206	34	Rev. [هاش] هاست محمد عالم پا[د محمد عالم پا[د محمد عالم پا]د محمد عالم پا[د محمد عالم پا]د محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد عالم پا محمد

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
<b>Ж</b> 1096	1198.	25	SILVER.  Obv. as 1093: but عالم الله محمد شاه عالم الله الله محمد شاه عالم الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ا
			Umbrella over میی . PRINSEP. A. 185, Wt. 178
1097	1199	26	As preceding: but [7] and 99  PRINSEP. B. 9, Wt. 174
1098	1202	30	Obv. as 1093: but مجلوس flower in loop of جلوس
			اله محمد شاه عالم پاد محمد الله محمد شاه عالم پاد الله الله الله الله الله الله الله ال
	1		GRANT. E. 1'0, Wt. 171

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
Æ 1099- 1101	1218	46	As 1094: but β and   Γ   Λ
1101			Lion rampant to right of umbrella.*
			PL. XXVII. Æ 1.05, Wt. 172 PL. XXVII. (Lion debased.) Æ 1.05, Wt. 172 ,, PRINSEP. Æ .9, Wt. 172
1102	,,	,,	As preceding: but company's cinquefoil substituted for lion.
			PRINSEP. R '9, Wt. 172
1103	1219	,,	As preceding: but   7   3
			THOMAS. R '9, Wt. 172
			* Issued on the occasion of the restoration of Shah. 'Alam to liberty by the British after Gen. Lord Lake's victory over the Marathas in 1803. According to Maraden, Shah. 'Alam was prejudiced by his courtiers against the lion on these pieces, which they described as an unclean animal, and the cinquefoil of the Company was substituted. These, and the following coins of this mint, are of native workmanship, but issued under British influence.
			·
			-
1			

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
			2. LARGE TYPE.
			(Probably Nisárs.)
			GOLD.
<i>N</i> 1104	1218	46	As 1094: but [7];   [1]   and tree to right of umbrella.  PL. XXVII. MARSDEN. N 1:35, Wt. 166
			13. 127.11
			SILVER.
AR 1105	1174	2	As 1094: but I; IIVI; no tree or umbrella.
1100			MARSDEN. B. 1.3, Wt. 176
1106	1217	45	,, but (2;         tree and umbrella.
			A. 1·3, Wt. 172
1107	1218	"	,, but MO; ITIA; tree and umbrella.
			GRANT. 25, 12, 116 116
1108	,,	46	" but [7]; IIIA; tree and umbrella.
			R 1.4, Wt. 174
1106	, ,	,,	, but fry;   r   A; cinquefoil and umbrella.

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
			3. Wreath Type.
			Obv. and Rev. enclosed in wreath of roses, thistles, and shamrocks.
			GOLD.
AV 1110	1219	47	As 1094: but [ ] ;         ; cinquefoil and umbrella.
1111	1221	48	,, but MA; ITTI; cinquefoil and umbrella. PL XXVII. A 1'05, Wt. 168
Æ 1112	1219	47	S I L V E R. As 1110.
			.R. 1·1, Wt. 173
1113	1220	"	,, but   ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '
1114	, ,,	48	" but MA, and ITT.
			THOMAS. R. 1.0, Wt. 172
1115	"	,,	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,
	-		
			4. Dotted Border Type.
			SILVER.
AR 1116 1117	1231	49	As 1094: but [7];   [7]; cinquefoil and umbrella.  **TROMAS. B. 1-0, Wt. 179  Pt. XXVII. BOEN. B. 96, Wt. 179

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
Æ 1118	_	18	ETÁWÁ.  SILVER.  Obv.
			سنه جلوس فسنرسی اتساوا ۲۰
			الم عالم عالم عالم عالم عالم عالم عالم ع
			عالير Of عالير Umbrella above ال
			تاه Flag after
			P <sub>1</sub> . XXVII. <i>MARSDEN</i> . E. 1 <sup>-1</sup> , Wt. 174
1119	1194	22	As 1118: but ''; and                 and fish instead of flag.  1.0.0. 22.1.05, Ws. 168
1120	_	23	,, but " ; year obscure; and fish instead of flag.  **MARSDEN. R 1.05, Wt. 176

<b>,</b>				_
No.	Year.	Regnal year.		-
· ·			A H M A D Á B Á D.	
1			SILVER.	
<i>I</i> R [121	118[8-9]	16	مسانوس Obv.	
			سنه جلوس ضحوسی احمداباد	
			Mint-mark Q in loop of جلوس	
			الشاه عالم عالم المساه عاز المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد المساد ال	
			مسکه میار PL. XXVII. GOVT. OF INDIA. & 10, Wi	. 15
			*	

No.	Year.	Begnal year.		
- <b>R</b> 1122	119x	12 ?	ARKÁT.  SILVER.  Obv.  مانوس  مانوس  ا۲(?)  سنه جلوس  ضرر	
			اله حامی دین محمد شد	73
1123	1191	18	Same: but   A and     9     1.0.C. At :85, Wt. 1	176
1124	12[00]	27	,, but   v and   r	76
1125	1201	28	" but [ A and   [ . ]	176
1120	1213	-	,, but             instead of regnal year.  BANK COLL. R. 9, WL.	176
112	7 1214	-	,, but   '   ' , - instead of regnal year.  BANK COLL. B. 9, We.	173

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
.R 1128	1175	3	AKBARÁBÁD.  SILVER.  Obv.  مستقر الخلا[فه مستقر الخلا[فه سنه سنه الخلا]
,			Rev. السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال السفال الس
1129	1198	26	Same: but ۲۶ and ۱۱۹۸  Fish to right on obv.  in one word.)  PL. XXVII. PRINSEP. R. 9. Wt. 173
118	0 1218	45	As preceding: but f'3 and   f'   A PRINSEP. E. 7. Wt. 171

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
AR 1131	121[9]	47	Obv. as preceding: but $\gamma$
			Rev. عا ، رپانی محمدن محمدن محمد ات ات ات ات ات ات ات ات ات ات ات ات ات
1132	1220	,,	As preceding: year ۱۲۲۰; flower over
			I,O,C, AR '8, Wt. 172
-			
,			*
			· .

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
			BENÁRES.
			SILVER.
AR 1133	1183	10	Obv. oaselyle
			مــيــــهــــنـــت ۱۰ جلوس سنه مانوس
			خدوس سنه مانوس
			بنا[ر]س
			جلوس in loop of بط
			اله حامي [د]ين محمد Rev.
			فـضـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
			س][که زدبــر هفت کش[_ــور
		·	زدبــر هفت کش[ـــور 4. 9. Wb. 17
1134	_	13	Same: but   ["; no Hijrah year.
			(Reverse differently arranged)
			in loop of جلوس; + † on reverse.
1135	1189	17	Same: but   v and     ^ 9
			جلوس Umbrella in loop of
			Stars on reverse. PL. XXVIII. R. '95, Wt. 17
1136	-	18	Same as 1135: but   A ; no Hijrah year.
	,		Flag in loop of جلوس 22. 9, Wt. 17
1137	-	19	Same as 1136: but   9 ; fish to left of flag.

No.	Year.	Begnal	year.	
Æ 1138- 1141	1196	2	3	Same as 1133: but Fr and     9 7  Umbrella and fish on obv.
			Ì	Rev. inscription differently arranged and partly cut off.
				(Four sizes, half, quarter, eighth, and sixteenth of a rupee, from the same die.)
				PL. XXVIII. MARSDEN. R. '75, Wt. 87 At. '65, Wt. 43 R. '60, Wt. 22 At. '45, Wt. 11
				FOUR-PETAL FLOWER TYPE.
				GOLD.
N 114	2 120	9	87	Same as 1133; but TV and IT.9
				Four-petal flower in loop of جلوس Fish on reverse. N -8, Wt. 168
				SILVER.
ДН 114		03	30	ا کے Same as 1142: but سنه and ۲۰:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما الاه:۳۰ هما
111	4	.]	,,	inscriptions partly cut off.  MARSDEN. R.7. Wt. 44
11	45 12	207	35	ار. but منت، and ۱۲۰۷ (Thin.). MARSDEN. A. 1°25, Wt. 173

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
AR 1146	_	35	Same as 1145, but Hijrah year obliterated.  **BENGAL AS. SOC. R. 85, Wt. 174*
1147	121[3]	41	ا کے ا Same as 1142: but سنه and ۱۲۱ (unit cut off).
1148, 1149	1217	45	1.0.C. R. 19, Wt. 174  1.0.C. R. 19, Wt. 174  1.0.C. R. 19, Wt. 174  1.0.C. R. 19, Wt. 174  1.0.C. R. 19, Wt. 174  1.0.C. R. 19, Wt. 174  1.0.C. R. 195, Wt. 174
1150	1222	49	ا ک سنه and ۱۲۳۲ سنه
1151	1224	,,	1.0.c. AR '9, Wt. 175  Same as 1150: but
1152 1	1225	"	Dut ( ) 7 6
	,		
			36

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
			BAHÁDURPATAN.
			GOLD.
<i>N</i> 153	119x	14	Obv. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
			مسیسهنت ۱۳ ج سسنه جلوس
			ضـر]ـــِ
			بہادرپ <u>۔۔۔۔</u> ن
			اله حامی دیسن س[ایسه
			شــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
			راحن عدان کابر پزارد ۱۱۱ زد]بــر هفت کشور
			MARSDEN. N 85, Wt. 1
154	1197	20	As preceding: but 7. and 119v
			N -9, Wt. 10
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			4 - 91

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
No.	1ear.	Reg	
			DILSHÁDÁBÁD. 
			SILVER.
AR 1155	1186	_	Obv. جلوس
			مسیسهنت ۱۱۸۹ ضر دل شاداباد
			ســـــ <u>.</u> ـــــــــ م]انوس
			,
			Rev ls
			يادشاه غــاز شا[ه
			ســـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
			مبارك
			(An old reverse.) PRINSEP. R. 8, Wt. 173
1156	12xx	_	As preceding: but on obv. 1 101
			No year on rev.
			PRINSEP. 2. '7, Wt. 172
	1.		

No.	Year.	Regnal year.		
				J A H Á N G Í R N A G A R.
R				SILVER.
1157	1183	10	Obv.	<del>جــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</del>
				منه سکه مسب
				ضرب جهانگیبرنگر د سنه Cinquefoil over
			Rev.	اله حامی دین محمد شــــــاه سایه فضل شاه عالم پاد ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				زد بر هــفـــت ڪشور Pr. XXVIII. & 1·1, Wt. 179
				·

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
			SRÍNAGAR.
A 1158		1	SILVER.  Obv. سرینکر  ضرر
			جــل]وس میهنت مانوس اعد ســـنـــه
			عا[لمر شـــــاه پا]دشاه غا[ز]ع
			ســـکه مبا[رك R 165, Wt. 31
1159	-	2	As preceding: but سنه PL. XXVIII. 1.O.C. R -86, Wt. 38

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
			SÚRAT.
AR			SILVER.
1160		4	مانوس Obv.
			مسیهست ۴ سنه جلوس
			ضــرســِــ
			سورت
			Rev. عـالــم
			پاد شاه غساز
			سکه مبار
			The flan is so small that only a small part of the inscrip-
			tion is visible. R ·45, Wt. 22
1161 1162		5	Same: but 8
1102			PL. XXVIII. & .8, Wt. 168  1.0.C. & .8, Wt. 168
1168		6	"but "
<u> </u>			PL. XXVIII. R. 7, Wt. 88
1164		22	,, but I'I
3			MARSDEN. R. '65, Wt. 90
1165	-	82	,, but ["  "  "

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
			'AZÍMÁBÁD. (Patnail.)
<i>N</i> 1166	1174	2	GOLD. عظیم اباد  ضر سبب میهنت مأنوس
			سـنـه
			اله محمد شاه عالم پاد
1167	1182	10	زد بر هفت کشور PL. XXVIII. HARBDEN. A 1:05, Wt. 171 نستنسه ضرب
			عظیم اباد ۱۱ <sup>۸۲</sup> مالیر عالم سیکه
			ر ادشاه پـادشاه PL. XXVIII. MARSDEN. N '45, Wt. 13
Л 1168	1174	3	SILVER.  As 1166: same die.  MARSDEN. Æ 115, Wt. 179
1169	-	5	,, but 9; Hijrah year obliterated.  **PRINSEP. R 9, Wt. 179

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
			AHMADNAGAR FARRUKHÁBÁD.
			» · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			GOLD.
N 1170	[11]94	21	ما]نوس Obv.
			هـــ <u>ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>
			ضرد
			احمدنكر فبرخ اباد
			اله محمد شاه عالم پاد Rev.
			شــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
			ســـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
	y T		[زد بر هفت کشور]
			PRINSEP. N '95, Wt. 167
1171	[11]96	23	Same: but IT and 97
			PL. XXIX. PROF. WILSON, N '95, Wt. 167
1171a	-	31	Obv. same: but [~]
			ا]له محمد شاه عالم [پاد
			شــــــاه
			زد ز تایید حامی د[ین 
			ســکــه صا[حب قرا
1			N .98, Wt. 166

No.	Year.	Regnal year.		
AR 1172	[11]79	6	SILVER.  Same as 1170: but 7 and $\vee$ 9  PL. XXIX.	MARSDEN. R. 1.1, Wt. 174
1173	[11]87	15	,, but 18 and AV	I.O.C. B. 1·1, Wt. 170
1174	[11]89	17	" but IV and A9	MARSDEN. At 1.05, Wt. 175
1175	[11]92	19	, but 19 and 9r	<i>MARSDEN</i> . Æ 1·1, Wt. 175
1176	[11]95	21	" but [ and ]B	PLAYFAIR. A. 1.2, Wt. 168
1177	[11]96	23	" but IT and 97	MARSDEN. R. 1'1, Wt. 174
1178	[11]99	27	" but IV and 99	Æ 1.05, Wt. 173
1179	-	31	" 1171a.	(Ringed.) <i>GRANT</i> . B, 1°05
1180	[1]216	39	" 1171a: but ["9 and [1]"	· <i>I.O.C. J</i> B 110, Wt. 171
1181	[1]217	"	" but po and riv	GRANT. 28 1'0, Wt. 160

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
<i>А</i> R 1182	1218	39	Large Issue.  Same as 1171a: but [7] and   [1] A PL. XXIX. MARSDEN. IR 145, Wt. 341
1183	"	,,	), (Thin.) MARSDEN. R. 1.4, Wt. 172
			LUCKNOW.
			SILVER.
1184		1	مانوس میسمسنت احد سنه جلوس ضرب ضرب
			غـــازى څـــاه شـــــاه شاه عالير پاد ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
			PRINSEP. A. 95, Wt. 176

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
			MURSHIDÁBÁD
			GOLD.
<i>N</i> 1185	1181	_	مانوس مانوس م]ـــيـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
			صرب ضرسی مر]ش[داد] ۱ [د
,			شاه عا[لبر] ا۱۱۰۱ پادشاه غا[ز سکه مبار]
			PL. XXIX. MARSDEN. N '8, Wt. 164
			SILVER.
AR 1186	11[74]	2	Same as 1185: but سنه on obv.; الهر on before [عالم on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on obv.; الهر on ob

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
Æ 1187		7	Obv. as 1185: but سنه, and cinquefoil.
			Rev. اله حامی دین محمد اله حامی دین محمد اله عالم سا]یه فضل شاه عالم [ استکه [ سا] یه فضل شاه عالم آود بر هفت کشور ] [ و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و
1188	1180	8	As preceding: but A on obv., and     A. above above on rev.
1189	1184	11	,, but     and     ^ [ .o.c. 18. 9, W& 180
1190	1186	12	Same: but     and     ^
119	·	,,	" Hijrah year obliterated. MARSDEN. Æ 9, Wt. 179
119	2 119x	19	,, but   9 and     9  GOVT. OF INDIA. E. 9, We 179

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
AR 1193	_	19	Same as 1187: but Hijrah year obliterated. PL. XXIX. MARSDEN. A. 9, Wt. 179
1194 ½		25	,, 1185: but fo; Hijrah year obliterated.  MARSDEN. AR 75, Wt. 79
1195	_	28	,, but ۲۸; Hijrah year obliterated. A: 9, Wt. 178
1196 1		9	Fragment of inscription as 1185, but سنه; sun on rev.; Hijrah year obliterated.
1197 1 16	_	15	I.O.C. R 45, Wt. 22  Same as 1196: but (8, no sun.  I.O.C. R 35, Wt. 11
1198 16	-	19	,, but 19, no sun. 1.0.C. R 4, Wt. 11
1198a 1 8		,,	,. but   9, no sun; cinquefoil on obv. 1.0.C. AR '55, Wt. 22
			. Postanie

No.	Year.	Reginal year.	
			NAJÍBÁBÁD
æ			SILVER.
1199		12	نـــجــيــب ابـــاد Ohv. خـــرســـب ابـــاد خــرســـــــــــ خــرســــــــــــــ خــرســــــــــ
			۱۳ ســنــه ۱۳ م م ۱۲ م م
			اله محمد شاه عالم اپاد شده در اله محمد شاه عالم اپاد شد. شسیسه فضل حامی دیدن
			ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
1200	1195	22	Same: but fr and 1198 Ph. NXIX. MIRSDEN. At 105, Wt. 318
1201	[11]99	26	,, but [ ] and [ ] PRINSEP. R 195, Wt. 173
1202	[1]210	36	,, but ~ 1 and [ ] .  PRINGEP. At '85, Wt. 172
1203	[12]14	41	,, but Γ   and   Γ   PRINSEP. At '85, Wt. 170
1204 1205	[1]214	42	,, but Fr and FIB  PRINSEP. R. 85, Wt. 108  PRINSEP. R. 85, Wt. 108
			PRINSEP. AR 85, Wt. 109

No.	Year.	Regnal year.	
Æ 1205 <i>a</i>	1183		NO MINT.  GOLD.  Obv.   Rev.   →   →   →   →   →   →   →   →   →

# BÍDÁR-BAKHT.

PRETENDER.

A.H. 1202-3 = A.D. 1788.

No.	Mint.	Year.	Begon!	·
N 1206	Sháh- juhán- ábád	1202		G O I، D. [فه] اباد] د]ار الخلا شــُا[جهان ضــرــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
				جلوس میهنت مانوس احد  بیدار بخت  شستنه  شاه و محمد جهان  تاج و محمد جهان  ترس]ک[ه]زد وا[ر]ث
1207 1208	Ahmad ábád	- 1203	3 ,,	PL. XXIX. CUNNINGHAM. N '8, Wt. 186  Obv. as preceding: but احمداباد  Rev. محمد [ب]یدار [ب]ثت شاه و تخت جهان
Æ 120	9 Sháh- jahán- ábád	120	2 ,,	الم و تحت جہان علی اللہ اللہ اللہ اللہ اللہ اللہ اللہ ال

### XVI.-MUHAMMAD AKBAR II.

A.H. 1221-53 = A.D. 1806-1837.

No.	Year.	Rognal year.		
			SHÁHJAHÁNÁBÁD.	
			SILVER.	
AR 1210	1221	1	جهان اباد Obv. جهان اباد دار الخاط الخاصة الحادث الخاط الخاط الخاط الخاط الخاط الخاط الخاط الخاط الخاط الخاط ا	
			ضـــر <i>ــــــن</i> جلوش مـيـهنت مانوش احـد	
			محمد اكبر شاه پادشاه غاز م	
			ا المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال المال الما	
			Umbrella over ——; cinquefoil after U PL. XXIX. EDEN. R. 9, Wt. 171	
1211	1222	,,	Same: but   "   "   THOMAS. B. 9, Wt. 172	
1212	1223	3	,, but !" and	
1213	1224	,,	,, but " and   " " PRINSEP. B. 1-1, Wt. 178.	
1214	12xx	6	,, but \ and \ \   THOMAS. E. 1'0, Wt. 174	
1215, 1216	1251	31	but ["   and     6   THOMAS. IR 1:06, Wt. 171 HAY. At 1:14, Wt. 173	

#### XVII.-BAHÁDUR SHÁH II.

A II. 1253-75 = A.D. 1837-1857.

	No.	Year.	Reginal	
			S H Å H J A H Á N Á B À D.	
	.R 1217	1257	57 5 Obv. as	SILVER. Obv. as 1210: but &
		-		الفعد الماء عاز ع محمد بهادر پادشاه غاز ع ســـراج الـــديـــن لــمــــــاخــــد
	1218	1258	6	ابنو ا Umbrella and ciuquefoil after الدين PL. XNIX. A. 195, Wt. 172 Same: but ۶ and ۱۲۵۸ CUNNINGHAM. R. 195, Wt. 171

## EARLY COPPER LOCAL ISSUES. \*

No.	Year.	Obv.	Rov.
Æ 1219	936	A G R فی تاریخ ســنــة Fleuron above and bencath.	الـضـرب دار قلع اكـره قلع اكـره
1220	",	n	,, bu <b>t āzlē</b> Æ '78
1221, 1222	937	" 9 <del>,</del> ~~	دار الخيلا فــــــة ضرب اك[ره شرب اك[ره 45 -78
1223	938	°,, 9,™∧	 Æ 17 °
1 <b>2</b> 24, 1225	939	,, 9179	,, 居·7 Æ·7
1226	940	,, ¶i∈o	,, Æ 185.
1227	942	,, 91° r	,, As es
1228	94x	سنة above بر	ضرب اگره Within oval, Margin illegible.
		of the Muhammadan States, pp. 159-1 same. They belong, however, to the	escribed in this Catalogue of the Coins 163, and illustrated in Plate XII. of the period of Bábar and Humáyún, though they are repeated here for convenience

No.	Year.	Obv.	Rev.
		JAUN	IPÚR.
Æ 12 <b>2</b> 9 1230	939	۹۳۹ فیتاریخ سنة	دار الضرب مـــه (؟) چــونـپـور
		Fleuron above and beneath.	<b>基</b> 基本 <i>是</i> ·7 <i>R</i> ·7
1231	940	,, 91°0	,, Æ.7
		CHAM	IPANÍR.
1232	942	خـــرب شـــهـر الزمان	چنپانیار سنة ۱۹۶۲ - ۳۵ - ۳۵ - ۳۵ - ۳۵ - ۳۵ - ۳۵ - ۳۵ - ۳
		LAF	ORE.
1233	988	۹۳۸ فی تاریخ ســــنة	دار الخ[ــلا فـــــــور لاهـــــور ضرب
		M A	ANDÚ.
1284 1235	942	فی تاریخ ۱۹۲۲ س <u>ن</u> ــة	ضـرب مندو ۳:7



#### APPENDIX.

COINAGE

OF THE HONOURABLE

## THE EAST INDIA COMPANY

IN THE NAME OF THE

MOGHUL EMPERORS.



## EAST INDIA COMPANY'S ISSUES.

No.	Denomi- nation.	Ob▼.	Rev.
		I. — MURS  (IN THE NAME O	H I D Á B Á D, de Sháh-'Álam.) 
		(i.) EARLY ISSUES, BETWEEN 1765, AND 19-SAN R	EGULATION OF 1793.
		1. Issue of Regnal Y a.u. 1182 No milling.	-3 (1768).
N		GO	
1	1/2-Mohr	مانوس میسهنست سنه جلوس ضرسی مرشد ایاد مرشد ایاد Over سنه Over	اله حامی دین محبد  سایه فضل شاه عالیر پاد  سایه فضل شاه عالیر پاد  ۱۱۸۲  زد بر هفت کشور  ۲۵. XXX. BANK COLL. AV 7, W1.94
.2	1-Mohr	Same.	BANK COLL. N .6, Wt. 48

×1,	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
3	1-Mohr	انه ضــــرب مرشداباد No cinquefoil.	ا ا ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱
4	1.9-Mont	No cinquefoil.	BANK COLL. N '5, Wt. 12
		S	LVER.
Æ 5	4 Annas	As 1. Cinquefoil.	As 1. Pr. XXX. B.INKS. 28 '05, Wt. 45
6	2 Annas	As 3.	As 3: but     A   BANKS. R '55, Wt. 23
7	1 Anna	As 3.	As 3: but     ^     BANES. R. 46, Wt. 11
			·

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
N	·	No milling.	11, а.н. 1183-4 (1769-70).  Dotted rim.
8	Mohr	As 1: but     Cinquefoil.	As 1: but     ^
Æ		VER.	
9	Rupee	As 1: but	As 1: but     A
10	"	Cinquefoil.	MARSDEN. AR 1.05, Wt. 180  " but     ^ [ BANK COLL. AR 1.0. Wt. 180
11	½-Rupee	n	,, but     ∧ ↑ BANK COLL. R '85, Wt. 90
12	4 Annas	n	,, Hijrah year cut off.  BANK COLL. R. 6, Wt. 46
13	2 Annas	"	,, Hijrah year cut off.  BANK COLL. R. b, Wt. 23
14*	Anna	"	,, Hijrah year cut off. PL. XXX. BANK COLL. R. 35, Wt. 11
		The smaller coins of the preceding series are struck from the same die as the larger, and therefore show only a part of the inscription.	

No.	Denomianation.	Obv.	Rev.		
		3. Issues of Regnal Years 12—19, A.H. 1185—1203 (sic).  No milling. Dotted rim.  GOLD.—Year 12.			
A 15	Mohr	As 1 : but   r   Cinquefoil.	As 1: but     ^ 0   Wt. 191		
AR 16	Rupee	SILVE As 1: but II Cinquefoil.	R.—YEAR 13  As 1: but     ^ 0  1.0.C. R 1.0, Wt. 180		
N 17	Mohr	GOLD.— As 1: but 19 Cinquesoil.	YEARS 15, 19.  As 1: but     A \nu   PL. XXX. A' 9, Wi. 191		
18	"	" but 19	,, but     9 %		
19	,,	y, 11	,, but     9 V PL. XXX. MARSDEN. N '0, Wt. 191		
20	,,,	,, ,,	,, but     9 ^ MARSDEN. A 9, Wt. 191		
21	,,,	,, ,,	,, but   " •    **MARSDEN. N '9, Wt. 190		
22	4-Mohr	39 33	,, but		

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
AV 23	ig-Mohr	As 3: but   9  No cinquefoil.	As 3: but
24	,,	" "	,, but     " . " . Wt. 24
25	16-Mohr	y y	,, but   [ • [ YEAMES. A '4, Wt. 12
26	"	n n	,, but       -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -
27	,,	,, ,,	,, but   [ . ] ~ . MARSDEN. N . 4, Wt. 12
A. 28	Rupee	Mille SIL Asl: but [1] Cinquefoil. Round the edge, UNITED * EAST * 1	AL YEAR 26 A.H. 1198 (1784).  cd rims.  VER.  As 1: but

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
		(ii.) Issue of "old 19-san Sikkah" 1793—1818.  Oblique milling ///////	
		G	OLD.
AV 29, 30	Mohr	As 1: but (9 Cinquefoil.	As 1: but   [ . [ PL. XXX. N 1.05, Wt. 191 MARSDEN. N 1.0
31, 32	<u>1</u> 2-Mohr	" "	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,
33, 34	1 Mohr	As 3: but   9 Cinquefoil.	As 3: but
		SILVER.	
AR 85, 86*	Rapce	As 1: but   9 Cinquefoil.	As 1: but
37, 38	,,	", "	As 1: but no Hijrah year.  PL. XXX. BANK COLL. R. 1.05, Wt. 180 MARSDEN. R. 1.05
39, 40	½-Rupee	,, ,,	As preceding.  MARSDEN. R. '85, Wt. 90 R. '85
41, 42	4 Annas	As 3: but 19 Cinquefoil.	As 3: but   f. fr MARSDEN. R. 65, Wt. 45 R. 65
	-	* On 35 and 38 the milling on to the faces of the coin.	extends some distance over the edge

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Re▼.
		(iii.) Issue of "new 19-san Sikkah" 1818—1832.  Straight milling	
<i>N</i> 43	1-Mohr	As 3: but 19 Cinquefoil.	As 3: but
		;	SILVER.
AR 44, 45	Rupee	As 1: but   9 Cinquefoil.	As 1: but no Hijrah year.  1.0.C. & 1.05, Wt. 190 1.0.C. & 1.05, Wt. 192
46	½-Rupee	y) <b>&gt;</b> 9	,, ,, ,, At ·9, Wt. 96
1		• •	ISSUE OF "19-SAN" 1832-5.
			edge. Serrated rim.
AR 47, 48	Rupee	As 1: but   9 Cinquefoil.	SILVER.  As 1: but no Hijrah year.  PL. XXX. BANES. BS 1.05, Wt. 185 1.0.C. RS 1.05, Wt. 198
49	1-Rupee	33 33	1.O.C. 4B. '9, Wt. 96
		-	

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
AR. 50	Rupee	(IN NAME OF  (i.) Issue of Old Farrush&  Rupee," 1  Oblique	SHAH-'ÁLAM.)  BÁD OR "OLD 45-SAN LUCKNOW 803—1819.  milling.  VER.  As 1: but no Hijrah year.
AR 51	Rupee	Rupee," ;	BAD OR "NEW 45-SAN LUCKNOW 1819—1833.  t milling.  VER.  As 1, but no Hijrah year.  Below j small a  R 1-06, Wt. 179

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.	
		(iii.) LATEST ISSUE OF	Farrukhábád, 1833—35.	
		Plain edge:	·	
Æ		SIL	VER.	
52	Rupee.	As 50. Cinquefoil.	As 1, but no Hijrah year.  PL. XXXI. 1.0.C. 38 1'05, Wt. 190	
53	½-Rupee	<b>39 39</b>	I.O.C. 23. '9, Wt. 89	
54	1-Rupee	۴۵ سسنـه	۱۲۰۳	
		ضـرســِـــ فــرخابــاد	عالسم سسسنگه	
		Cinquefoil.	پادشاه	
			PL. XXXI. AR '65, Wt. 45	
ž.				
ŀ				
			•	
	1	,		
			•	

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
			NÁRES. F SHÁH-'ÁLAM.)
N		G (	DLD.
55	Mohr	محمد ابار مسیسهسنست ۲۱	پاد اله محمد ح]امی دین شاه
		جلوس سنه مانوس سسست ضر بنارس	ف]ضل عـ]ــالـــر ۱۳۱۵ سايـه كشور زد بر هفت [س]ك[ـه
56	,,	"	N '85, Wt. 166 ,, but irro YEAMES. N '75 Wt. 165
AR 57	Rupee	S I L Same.	VER.   Same: but
58	"	"	,, ,,
59	,,	<i>)</i> )	,, ,,
60	) <b>77</b>	,,	,, ,,
61	.p	"	,, ,,
62	,,	••	,, ,,   ۲ ° ∨ .8. °95, Wt. 179
68	,,	"	,, ,,
64	,,	"	,
65	"	,,	32 -05, WE 118

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
		Obliqu	s Rupee, 1806—1819.  e milling.
AR 66	Rupee	الا محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمداباد محمدابا	اله حامی دین محمد فضــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
		IV. CA	LCUTTA.  OF SHAU-ÁLAM.)
			EAR 4: A.H. 1176 (1763). LVER.
AR 67	Rupee	As 1: but ۴ and ڪلکنه	As 1: but     4 7
		The Benáres issues from abolished, were similar to those displayed.	1819 to 1830, when the mint was se of Farrukhábád, which name they

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
			O M B A Y: .
			J N B A I.)
AR 68, 69, 70	₹-Rupee	Issue of Regnal Y	HE SHÁH [MUHAMMAD.])  L V E R.  ا خازی ا خازی ا خاری ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل ا حسل
			EAR 1x: A.H. 1143 (1730).
1		S I	LVER.
71	,,	Same: but	Same: but

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
Æ		ISSUE OF REGNAL YEA	Минаммар Shān.) в 7 = а.н. 1137 (1725). V E R.
72	Rupee	مانوس	اا محمد شاه
		ميــهـنــت	رپادشاه غاز سادشاه
		سنه جلوس	70 70
		ضـرب	سکه مبار
		منبى	PL. XXXI. BOMBAY AS, SOC. At 1.0, Wt. 178
		Issue of Regnal Yea	AR 18: A.H. 1148 (1735).
		SIL	VER.
AR 73	Rupee	As 72: but with Counterstamp over mint,	As 72: but      CA R '95, Wt. 177
74	,,	" Unit of year obliterated.  No counterstamp.	,, Unit of Hijrah year obliterated. AR '96, Wt. 179
		(iii. In the nam	e of Sháh-'Álam.)
		ISSUE OF REGNAL YE	AR 9=A.H. 1182 (1768).
		G O	LD.
75,	Mohr	مانوس	۱۱۸ عالیر ح
76		میــهـنــت ۱ سنه جلوس	رپادشاه غا[ز
		فسرب	سکه مبار (Top line blundered.)
		منبی	MARSDEN. N .8, Wt. 178
	t	جلوس of سي Star in	PL. XXXI. BANKS. N '85, Wt. 178

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.	
		SIL	VER.	
		а.н. 118	8 (177±).	
AR 77	1-Rupee	Same as 75: regnal year 9	Same as 75: but     AA  PL. XXXI. MARSDEN. A: 5, Wt. 34	
		No :	year.	
78	Rupee	Same as 75: regnal year obliterated.	Same as 75.  1.0.c. AR '85, Wt. 178	
79,* 79a.	"	"	,, R. 1.0, Wt. 179	
		MUMBAI-SÚRAT. (In the name of Sháh-'Álam.)		
		Issue of Regnal Year 45 (1802).		
Æ		SIL	VER.	
80.	1-Rupee	مانـوس	• • • • • • •	
		مي_المنت	حامی دین	
		۴۵ سفه <b>ج</b> لوس	حامی دین فضل شاه غا[ز	
		<u> </u>		
		مهبی سور	PL. XXXI. GIBBS. B55, Wt. 43	
	* These two rupees, 79, 79a, have a very modern appear the inaccuracy of the letters shows that the engraver of been ignorant of the Persian characters. According to Atl of British Possessions and Colonies, 1889, p. 139, they were Calcutta for Bombay in 1800.		ows that the engraver must have acters. According to Atkins, Coins	
		of British Possessions and Colonies, 1889, p. 189, they were struck		

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Re▼.
VI. SÚRAT.  (IN THE NAME OF SHÁH-'ÁLAM.)  (i.) WITH CROWNED HEAD, 1802.  GOLD.		F SHÁH-'ÁLAM.)  NED HEAD, 1802.	
*81	<b>}</b> -Mohr ?	of the Súrat star in loop of	الله غا
AV 82, 83	Mohr	WITH	اله اله اله اله اله اله اله اله اله اله
84	<del>]</del> Mohr ?	Portion of same inscr., and star.	Portion of same inser.  Crown inverted.  BANK COLL. N '45, Wt. 80

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
Æ		SIL	VER.
85	Rupeo	Portion of same inscr. as	·
		82, and star.	Crown, as 82. PL. XXXII. 28. 1-05, Wt. 180
	-	label.	PL. AAAII. AA 100, W. 100
86	-Rupee	Same: 1825	Same.
	g zoupeo		A. ·6, Wt. 90
		· · ·	
		(iii.) 46-san 198uu	, without crown.
		•	LD.
<i>A</i> 7 87-89	Mohr	As 82.	As 82: no crown. PLXXXII. BANK COLL. N. 75,W4. 179 MARSDEN. N. 75 BANK COLL. N. 7
90, 91	₹-Mohr ?	,, only partly legible.	BANK COLL. N 55, Wt. 60
•			BANK COLL. N 55
92, 98	14-Mohr ?	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	MARSDEN. N 2, Wt. 12 MARSDEN. N 25, Wt. 9
		SILVER.	
94, 95	Rupee	As 82: only partly legible.	R 75, Wt. 170 R '0, Wt. 170
		7-	

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
AR 96, 97	Rupee	Straight milling S I L Same as 82.	Same as 82: but above,
AR 98	Rupee		VER.  Same as 82: above, ۱۲۱0;  Yes over پادشاه; no crown.  PL. XXXII. Æ 1-1, Wt. 180
99	1/2-Rupee	**	,, R '9, Wt. 90
100	-Rupee	"	,, A. (02) Mt. 43

No.	Denomination.	Obv.	Rev.
			RKÁT. 'Álamgír II.)
		• •	St. George, Madras. e style.
R		SIL	VER.
101-	Rupee	مانوس مسيمنت ۱ ۴ سنه جلوس ضـرســـا اركــات	الدين عالم كير الدين عالم كير كير الدين عالم كير كير الدين عالم كير كير الدين عالم كير كير الدين عالم كير الدين المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم المسلم ا
106	,,	" No regnal year	,, but
107	33	" but f	" Hijrah year illegible.  BANK COLL. R. 36, Wt. 173
108	1-Rupee	Portion of same inser.	Portion of same inser.

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
A7 109	₹-Mohr	Issued at Madra 1. Madra G O	MILLED COINS  S AND CALCUTTA.*  AS ISSUE.  L D.  The of edge: raised rim.
110	<b>}-</b> Mohr	۴ به سنده ضرب ضرکات ارکسات	شـــــاه پاد ســـکه عالم کیر I.O.C. N '65, Wt. 45
		from those of Fort St. George ( Those of Calcutta here described Madras issues have an oblique mil of the edge. The use of a strain	guished by the mint-mark of a rose- Madras), which bear a trisul & have a straight milling, whilst the ling or cable-pattern in the centre ght milling prevailed at Calcutta s, and it is probable that the same e rupees of Arkát.

No.	Denomi- nation.		
			SILVER.
Æ 111	Double rupee		que milling in centre of edge; raised rim.  out   by error for    (Very coarse work.)
			PL. XXXII. I.O.C. JR 1'5, Wt. 373
112	,,	As precedi	ng; Hijrah year obliterated.  (Better work. Struck over Dollar.)  1.0.c. R 1.5, Wt. 372
113, 114	Rupee	As 109.	BANKS. R. 1.1, Wt. 183 I.O.C. & 1.1, Wt. 180
115	"	" bı	PRINSEP. R. 1-1, Wt. 190
116	,,	"	BANK COLLECTION. R. 1.1, Wt. 179
117,	½-Rupee	"	MARSDEN. R :85, Wt. 90 R: 65
119	1-Rupes	As 110	Æ ·65, Wt. 44
120	Anna	**	I.O.C. 28.4, Wt. 11

No.	Denomination.				
AR 121	Rupee	As 109 :	but rose	2. CALCUTTA 1888  Straight milling instead of trisúl.	g.
122	1-Rupee	,	,,	,	PL. XXXII. R '85, Wt. 90
123, 124	‡-Rupee	As 110	,,	,,	R '66, Wt. 45
125	2 Annas	,	"	<b>,</b> ,	A '5, Wt. 22
126	Anna	. 99	,,	; "	At '6, Wt. 11
					······

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
AR 127	Rupee	BY THE FRENCH CO (National) (A. IN NAME O	T PONDICHERRY  OMPAGNIE DES INDES.  Te style.)  F'ÁLAMGÍE II.)  V E R.  Same as 109.  Hijrah year obliterated.  PL. XXXII. BANK COLL.  R. '96, Wi. 178
/R 128	"	· ·	VE R.  الله محبد الله محبد الله محبد الله محبد الله محبد الله محبد الله محبد الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
129	,,,	" Regnal year "	1,0,C. 28 '9, Wt. 174
130	,,	" Regnal year I.	,, year     ^B BANES. B. 96, Wt. 178
131	,,	,, Regnal year 1	,, year ( A A 1.0.c. A '95, Wt. 177
132		" Regnal year i i	" year   9   BANK COLL. E. +, Wt. 177
138	3 ,,	" Regnal year 1 4	,, year     9  '  EANE COLL. M 9, WL 175

No.	Denomi- nation.		Ob▼.	Rev.
AR 134	Rupee	Same as	127; Regnal year 77	Same as 128; but year   9 < 1.0.C. A: 95, Wt. 177
135	"	<b>)</b> 9	Regnal year '\	,, year   9 9  MARSDEN. R. 9, Wt. 175
186, 187	,,	,,,	Regnal year 10	,, : year     (obliterated on 137).  R. 9, Wt. 176  MARSDEN. R. 9, Wt. 176
188	,,	,,	Regnal year 「A	" year obliterated. (Clipped.) PRINSEP. R. 9, Wt. 160
189	,,	,,	Regnal year 79	,, year   <sup>C</sup> <i>MARSDEN. R.</i> 9, Wt. 176
140	,,	,,	Regnal year 🏲 .	,, year obliterated.  MARSDEN. At 9, Wt. 174
141	,,	"	Regnal year [~ [	,, year
142	>>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Regnal year Mr (for 22?)	,, year     9 ^ MARSDEN. B. 9, Wt. 178
148	,,	,,	Regnal year F	,, year • ∠ THEOBALD. Æ. 9, Wt. 172
144	,,	>0	Regnal year NF	,, year   A R -95, Wt. 174
•				<del></del>

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
A 145	Double Rupee	VIII. MASU  IN NAME OF ' SIL' مانوس مانوس بات سنه جلوس ضرسن	ÁLAMGÍR II (860).
146	Rupee	,, Partly cut off.	,, but     9 < 1.0.C. R. 85, Wt. 174
147	½-Rupee	n n	,, but       ^
148	Rupee		S.HÁH-'ÁLAM.  VER.  Same as 128: but year !!!  PL. XXXII. MARSDEN.  28: 95, Wt. 178
149	,,	<b>))</b>	, but   N MARROEN. R 95, WL 175

## COPPER ISSUES OF THE EAST INDIA COMPANY.

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
			UTTA. Sháh-'Álam.)
Æ 150, 151	4 Páis	م]يبنت ۱۱ سنه ضــرب ڪلکته	عالم پادشاه ع غاز غاز BANES. Æ 1.06, Wt. 425 MARSDEN. Æ 1.06, Wt. 446
152	"	"	,, but AA  MARSDEN. Æ 1'05, Wt. 443
153	2 Páis	Same: but (?)	,, but     ^ ^ BANKS. Æ '9, Wt. 223
		* For	naa, probably.

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
<b></b>		N C	PROVINCE.)  MINT.  OF SHÁH-ÁLAM.)
Æ 154 156	2 Páis	Issue of Regn س ۲۲ جلو Five stars.	ماه عالی ماه عالی الم ۱۹۵۵ "Two stars. FREUDENTHAL. # 115, Wt. 204° # 106, Wt. 239 FREUDENTHAL. # 11, Wt. 213
157- 159	1 Pái	" (No. 159 l only two star	has ,,
160, 161	}-Pái	. "	,, Æ: ·7, Wt. 50‡ Æ: ·7, Wt. 57
162, 163	}-Pái	n	.,, Æ. 'c, Wt. 29 §
		Duplicates of this in the	Museum weigh 224, 228, 220, and 218 grs. ,, 101, 109, and 112 grs. ,, 54, 55, 57, and 58 grs. ,, 24, 25, 28, and 31 grs.

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv	Rev.
		Issur of Regnal Year	37 (no Hijban Ybar). nd Nágarí.*
164- 168	1 Pái	مــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	شاه عالم پـــاد شــــاه جلو ش ۲۰۰
		सीका	جلو ش ۲۰۷ سنه
		(Different dies,	slightly varied.)
			### FREUDENTHAL. ## 196, Wt. 100 ###################################
169	2 Páis	سکه دو پای <b>دا</b> تالغ	As 164: without trisúl.
		सीका	FREUDENTHAL. Æ 1-15, Wt. 168
170	1/2-Pái	سکه آد پای <b>سانا تا</b> نژ	As 169.
		सीका	FREUDENTHAL. A. '05, Wt. 47
(1)	,	* The Nágarí is	generally debased.

Pái -Pái	এক পাই	As 169.  FREUDENTHAL & 1.1, Wt. 136 FREUDENTHAL & 1.0, Wt. 103 FREUDENTHAL & .9, Wt. 100 (Milled rim.) BANKS. & 1.2, Wt. 221  As 169.
	जिक्को یک پای سکه रक पाई सीका पान पान शाहे जिक्का نیمر پای سکه	FREUDENTHAL Æ 1.1, Wt. 136 FREUDENTHAL Æ 1.0, Wt. 103 FREUDENTHAL Æ 19, Wt. 100 (Milled rim.) BANES. Æ 1.2, Wt. 221
·Pái	یك پای سکه हक पाई सीका प्याम शाहे जिस् का نیمر پای سکه	FREUDENTHAL. Æ 1.0, Wt. 103 FREUDENTHAL. Æ 2, Wt. 100 (Milled rim.) BANKS. Æ 1.2, Wt. 221
-Pái	হৰ ঘাই নীকা আদ আদ পাই সিৰ কা نیر پای سکه	FREUDENTHAL. Æ 1.0, Wt. 103 FREUDENTHAL. Æ 2, Wt. 100 (Milled rim.) BANKS. Æ 1.2, Wt. 221
-Pái	सीका 'আদ পাই সিৰ কা نیر پای سکه	FREUDENTHAL. Æ 1.0, Wt. 103 FREUDENTHAL. Æ 9, Wt. 100 (Milled rim.) BANKS. Æ 1.2, Wt. 221
-Pái	<b>আদ</b> গাই সি <del>ব</del> কা نیر پای سکه	FREUDENTHAL. Æ '9, Wt. 100 (Milled rim.) BANKS. Æ 1'3, Wt. 231
-Pái	<b>আদ</b> গাই সি <del>ব</del> কা نیر پای سکه	
-Pái	शाहे जिस का نهر پای سکه	As 169.
	نیر پای سکه	
ı		
	चार्थ पाई	FREUDENIHAL. Æ '95, Wt. 59
	सीका	FABODANIAL. II 10, W. C
	Issue of Regnal Yea	AR 45 (NO HIJRAH YBAR).
	Persian	and Nágarí.
Pái	As 164.	As 164: but ro
į		Æ 9, Wt. 92
ŀ	(With tris	itl on obv., and star on rev.) Æ 9, Wt. 100
		,, star varied.) Æ '85, Wt. 90
	Persian, Ben	gálí and Nágari.
ł	As 171.	As 171: but No
	Pái	Persian, Ben

No.	Denomi- nation.	Obv.	Rev.
		BENÁ	RES.
Æ 181	[2 Páis]	ضـــرب ۲۴۸ بـنــارس	شامر شامر فلوس ۱۲۲۱ Fish above date. شد 12, Wt. 240
182	22	ســــنـــه خــــــرب بـنــارس ۲	Same: but ۱۳۲۸ below فلوس فلوس
183	[¾-Pái]	Same as 181.	Same as 181. 25 c, Wa. 30

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Æ 184	2 Páis	جـــــوس ٢٧ ســــــنه ضــــــرب اركــات	PL XXXIII. FREUDENTHAL,  E '9, Wt. 207
185	"	جلوس ' مــــــ ضر اركا سنـــــُّــه ب	Same: but   7. ^
186	"	"but M9	Same: but       (unit cut off).  FREUDENTHAL. Æ 96, Wt. 206
187	1 Pái	"but M9	Same: but     (unit and decade cut off).  FREUDENTHAL. E. 7, Wt. 105
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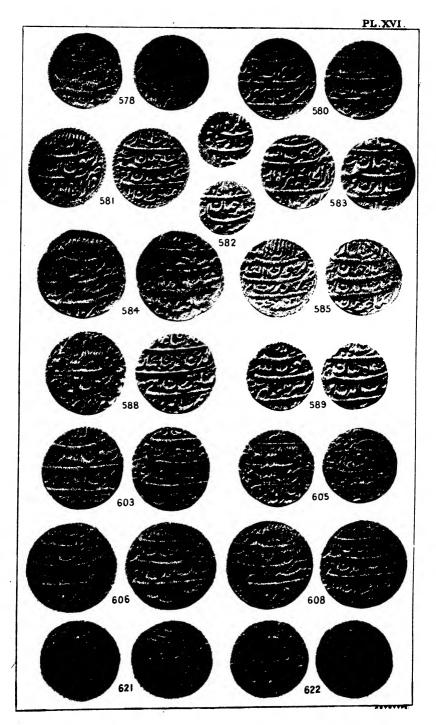
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JAHÁNGÍR. NÚR-JAHÁN. DÁWAR BAKHSH.

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SHAH-JAHÁN. SILVER.



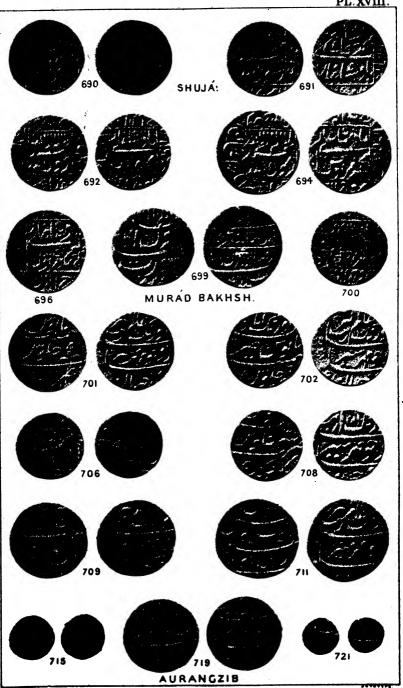
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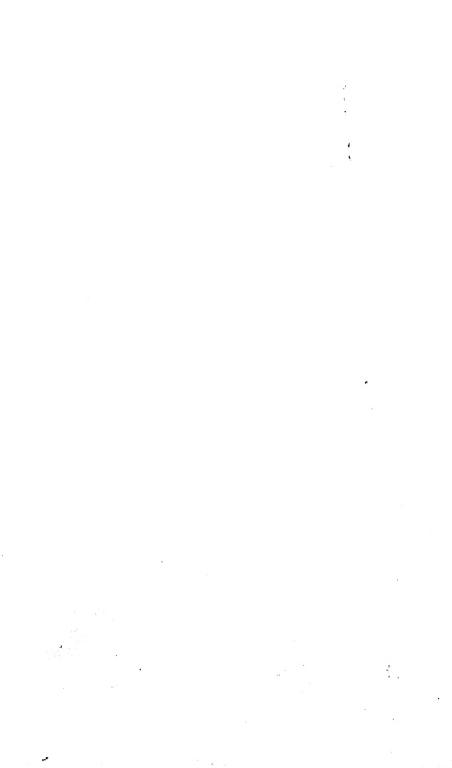
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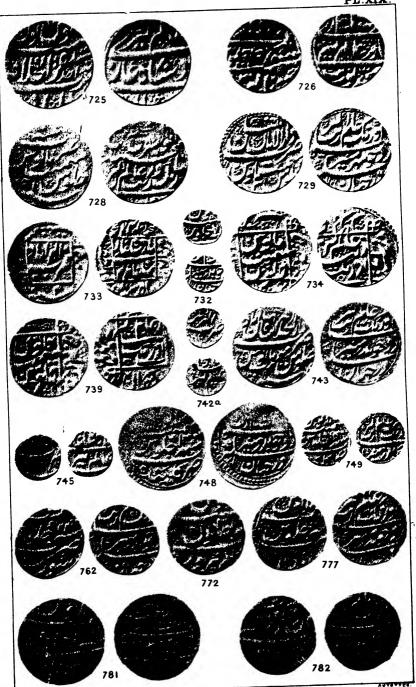


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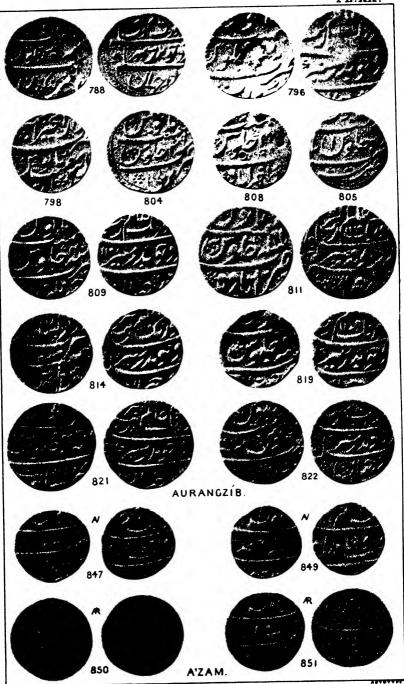


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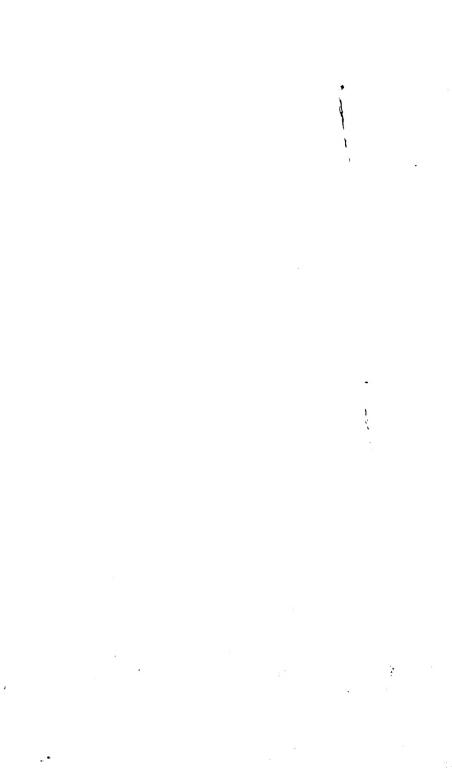


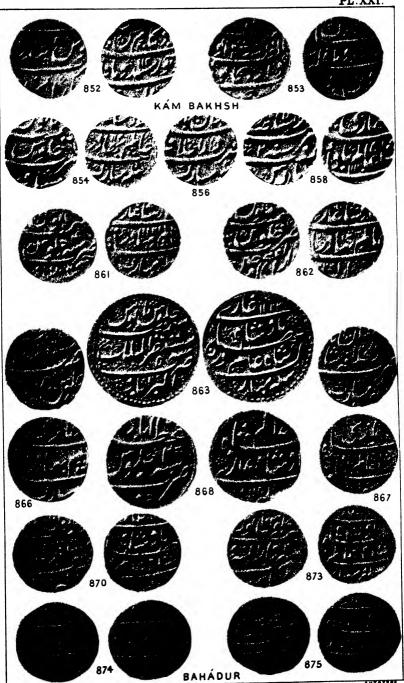


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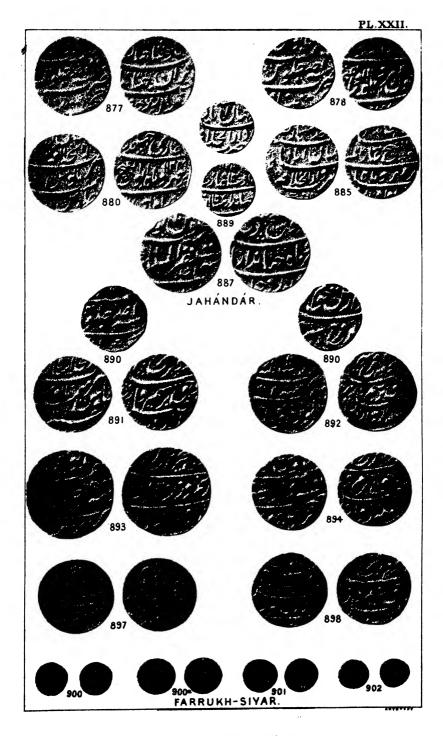
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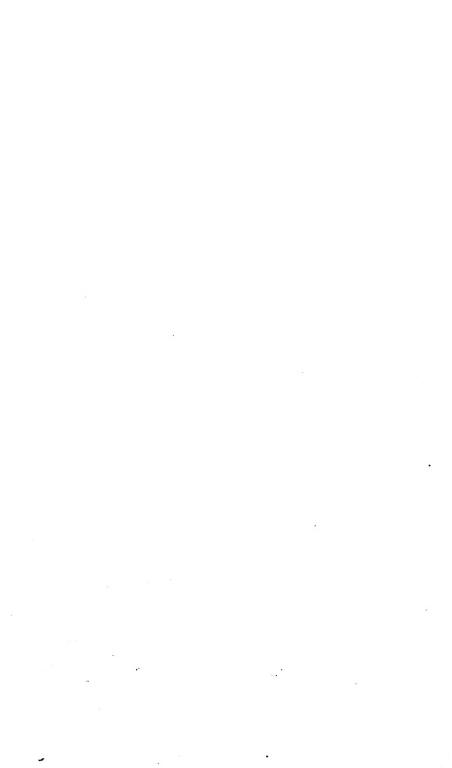


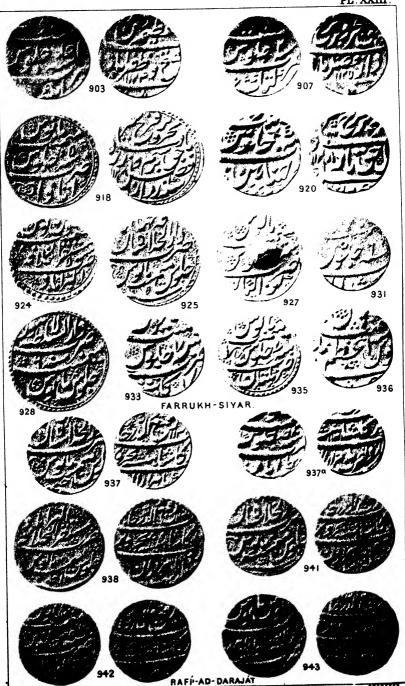
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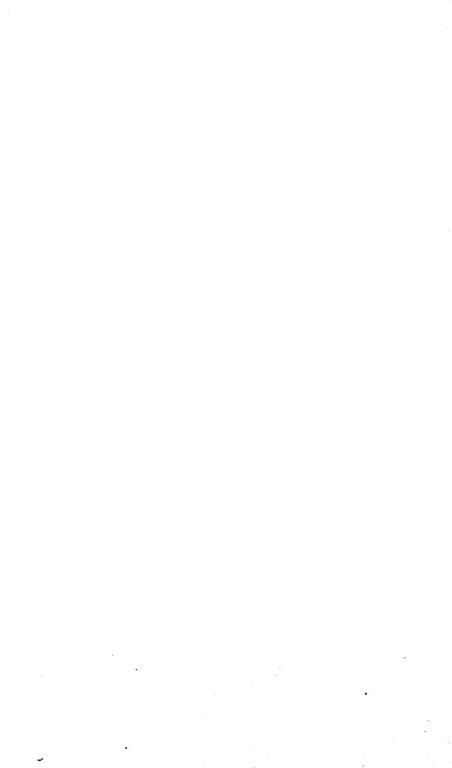


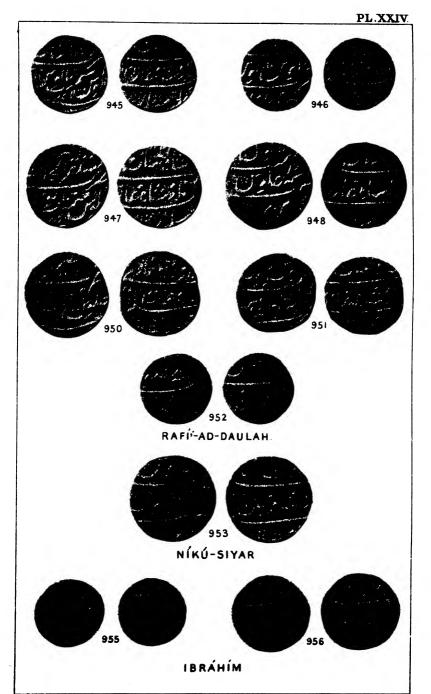
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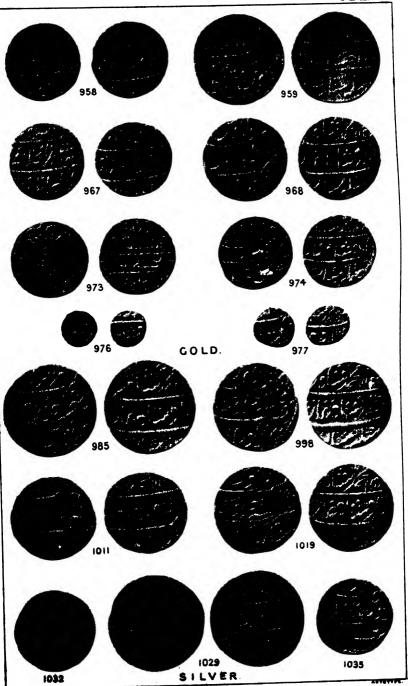
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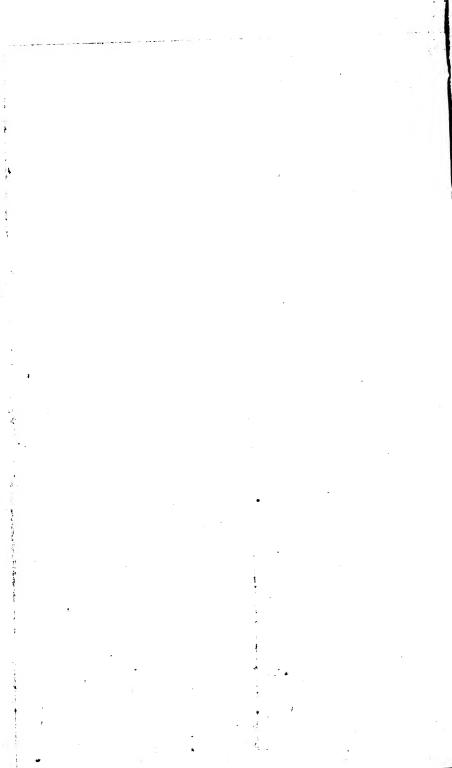


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MUHAMMAD.









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	/R	"	"	935	190
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Epithet.	Mint.	Emperors.
بلدة	Agrah	Akbar
حضرت	Dehlí	Akbar
خجسته بنيار	Aurangábád	Aurangzíb, &c.
شهر اكره خسرو پناه	Agrah	Jahángír
دار الاسلام	l)ógám	Akbar
دار الامان	Multán	Aurangzíb
دار الخلافه	Agrah	Akbar, Sháh-Jahán
",	Ahmadábád )	
",	Gwálior (	Akbar
" "	Jaunpúr	41 N 1 N 1
,, ,,	Lahore )	01/1 7.1/
<b>))</b>	Akbarábád (Agrah)	
*1 29	Sháhjahánábád (Dehlí)	Sháh-Jahán, Aurang- zíb, &c.
دار الخير	Ajmír	Aurangzib
دار السرور	Burhánpúr	Bahádur, Farrukh- siyar
دار السلطنه	Ahmadábád	Akbar
,, ,,	Fathpúr	Akbar
,, ,,	Lahore	Akbar, Shúli-Jahán, Aurangzíb, Bahá- dur, &c.
دار الظفر	Bíjápúr	Aurangzib, Bahádur, &c.
دار الفتح	l'jjain	Bahádur
دار الىفتىح دار الهلك	Kábul	Aurangzíb
مستقر الخلافه	Akharábád (Agrab)	Aurangzib, Farrukh-
11 39	Ajmír	Bahádur
,, الهلك	Akbarábád (Agrab)	Bahádur, Jahándár, Farrukh-siyar.

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(Shujá')—

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ع

بهادر ,شاه عالم ۱۹۰۰ عالم اورنكزيب ۱۹۰۰ عالمكير ----(Älamgír II)) عالمكير

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### VI. INDEX OF PERSIAN DISTICHS.

### AKBAR.

مهر مهر شاه اکبر ابروی این زر است تا زمین و اسهان را مهر انور زیور است

The sun of the seal of Sháh Akbar is the glory of this gold Whilst earth and sky are illumined by the shining sun.

### 160, 174

زر ست از مهر اکبر پادشاه نور بر آن زر نام شه نور علی نور

By the seal of Akbar Pádisháh gold becomes bright: On this gold the Sháh's name is "light upon light."

N 157

هبیشه همچو زر مهر وماه رائج باد بغرب وشرق جهان سکه اله اباد

Like the golden orb of sun and moon, may ever pass In the world's West and East the stamp of Alláhábád.

JR 234-2548

### JAHÁNGÍR.

مالك الهلك سكه زد بر زر شاه اكبر شاء اكبر

The lord of the realm struck money of gold, Shah Sultan Salam, Akbar Shah's [son].

R 200-9

روى زررا ساخت نورانى برنك مهر و ماه شاه نور الدين جهانكير ابن اكبر پارشاه Made the face of gold to shine like the sun and moon Shah Núr-ad-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Pádishah.

سکه زد در شهر اکره خسرو کیتی پناه شاه نور الدین جهانگیر ابن اکبر یادشاه

Money struck in the city of Agrah the Cæsar, refuge of the world,

Sháh Núr-ad-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Pádisháh N 295-6. R 423, 426-7

> زد بزر این سکه در اجمیر شاه دین پناه شاه نور الدین جهانگیر ابن اگبر یاد شاه

The Shah, refuge of the faith, put this stamp on gold at Ajmír

Shán Núr-ad-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Pádisháh.

N 302

از شاه جهانگیبر بود دور زمان در اکره زنام اوست زر نبور فشان تا هست نشان زپنج نوبت بجهان این سکه ٔ پنج مهر یش باد روان

To Shah Jahangir belongs the whirliging of Time;
In Agrah by his name gold shines brightly:
So long as the pomp of the Five Guards \* lasts in the world,
May the stamp of his Five-Mohrs be current.

A 305

بشرق وغرب مهر احمد اباد الهي تا جهان باشد روان باد

In East and West may the stamp of Ahmadábád, O God, while the world lasts, be current.

N 300-7

هبیشه باد ابرروی سکه لاهور زنام شاه جهانگیر شاه اگبر نور

On the money of Lahore may there ever be Light, by the name of Shah Jahangir, Shah Akbar's [son].

N 310. 28 463, 469, 477, 469, 491, 404-6, 499-500, 504-6, 508

بسروی سکه زر داد چندین زیب وزیبور شبه شاه نور الدین جهانکیر ابن شاه اکبر زد بسزر این سکه در اجنهیر شاه دین پناه شاه نور الدین جهانکیر ابن اکبر یادشاه

On the face of the golden coin, ornament and grace gave
The picture of Sháh Núr-ad-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Sháh.
The Sháh, refuge of the faith, struck this coin of gold at
Ajmír,

Sháh Núr-ad-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Pádisháh.

N 818

قضا بر سکه زر کرد تصویر شبیه حضرت شاه جهانکیر حروف جهانکیر و الله اکبر ز روز ازل در عدد شد برابر

Destiny has drawn on money of gold The portrait of his Majesty Sháh Jahángír. The letters of Jahángír and Alláhu Akbar Are equal in value from the beginning of time.

N 319-31

یافت در اکره روی زر زیور از جهانگیر شاه شاه اکبر

The face of gold was decorated at Agrah By Jahángír Sháh, Sháh Akbar's [son].

N 322-3, &c., R 503

سكه اكره داد زينت زر از جيانكير شاه شاه اكبر

The money of Agrah gave ornament to gold By Jahangir Shah, Shah Akbar's [son].

N 324-6, &c.

سكه زد در احمداباد جنانات اله شاه نور الدين جهانكير ابن اكبر پادشاه

Money struck at Ahmadábád, God's Paradise, Sháh Núr-ad-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Pádisháh. زر احبداباد را داد زیبور جهانگیر شاه شهنشاه اکبر

To the gold of Ahmadábád gave adornment Jahángír Sháh, Sháhánsháh Akbar's [son].

AR 370-4

بدهر باد روان تا فلك بود در دور بنام شاه جهانكير سكم لاهور

So long as the heavens revolve, current be In the name of Shah Jahangir the money of Lahore.

JR 424, 429-31, 443

سكه زد در احمداباد از عنايات اله شاه نور الدين جهانكير ابن اكبر پادشاه

Money struck at Ahmadábád by the blessings of God Sháh Núr-ad-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Pádisháh.

Æ 425, 475, 478, 493, 481, 192-3

در اسفندارمز این سکه را در اکره زد برزر شهنشاه زمان شاه جهانگیر ابن شاه اکبر

In Isfandármiz at Agrah this stamp struck on gold The Sháh of Sháhs of the world, Sháh Jahángír, son of Sháh Akbar.

Æ 132, 485-6

زر لاهور شد در ماه بهمن چون مه انور بدور شاه نور الدین جهانگیر ابن شاه اکبر

The gold of Lahore in the month Bahman became like the shining moon,

In the reign of Sháh Núr-ad-dín Jahángír, son of Sháh Akbar.

AL 437-8

جهان فیروز در اجمیر کشت سکه وزر زندور نام جهانگیر شاه شاه اکبر

The light of the world at Ajmír became the money of gold By the light of the name of Jahángír, Sháh, Sháh Akbar's [son].

R 46

# سكه قندهار شد دلخواه از جهانكيبر شاه اكبر شاه

The money of Kandahár became beauteous By Jahángír Sháh, Akbar Sháh's [son].

JR 470-2, 481-2, 486 7, 490

# JAHÁNGIR AND NÚR-JAHÁN.

(بحکر or زحکم شاه جهانکیریافت صد زیور زنام نور جهان پادشاه بیکم زر

By order of Sháh Jahángír a hundred beauties gained Gold by the name of Núr-Jahán Pádisháh Bégam.

N 513. A. 514-526

### SHÁH-JAHÁN.

سکه شاهجهان اباد رائع در جهان جاودان بادا بنام ثانی صاحب قران

Be the money of Sháhjahánábád current through the world For ever by the name of the other "Lord of the Conjunction."

N 586

### MURÁD BAKHSH.

کر]فت ارث زصاحبقران شاه جهانی مراد بخش شه محمد سکندر ثانی

Took the heritage of the "Lord of the Conjunction," Shah Jahan,

Murád Bakhsh Muhammad Sháb, Second Alexander.

· AURANGZÍB 'ÁLAMGÍR.

سکه زد در جهان چو مهر منیر شساه اورنك زیب عالم كیر

Struck money through the world like the shining sun Shah Aurangsib 'Alamgir.

# سکه زد در جهان چو بدر منیر شساه اورنكزیب عالم كیسر

Struck money through the world like the shining moon Shah Aurangzib 'Álamgir.

A 781, &c.

### A'ZAM SHÁII.

سکه زد در جهان بدولت وجاه پیاد شاه مهالیک اعظیر شاه

Struck money through the world with might and majesty Pádisháh of the realms A'zam Sháh.

N 847-9, IR 050-1

# KÁM BAKHSH.

سکه زد بــر خـورشیـد ومـاه شاه دكن كام بـجش یـاد[شاه]

Struck money on sun and moon [i.e. gold and silver] The Shah of the Deccan Kam Bakhsh Padishah.

N 851, JR 843

### JAHÁNDÁR.

زد سکه بر زر چون مهر صاحب قران جهاندار شاه یادشاه جسهسان

Struck money of gold like the sun the "Lord of the Conjunction"

Jahándár Sháh, Pádisháh of the world.

JF 877

در آفاق زد سکه چون مهر وماه ابو الـفـتـح غـازی جهاندار شاه

In the horizons struck money like sun and moon Abu-l-Fath Victorious Jahándár Sháh.

AT 270.004 IR 005.0

### FARRUKH-SIYAR.

سکه زد از فضل حق بر سیم و زر پادشاه بحد و بر فرخ سیر

Struck money of gold and silver by grace of The Truth The Pádisháh of sea and land Farrukh-siyar.

N 890-99, JR 905-936

# RAFÍ'-AD-DARAJÁT.

زد سکه بهند با هـزاران بركـات شاهنشه بحر و بـر رفيع الدرجــات

Struck money in India, with a thousand blessings, Shah of Shahs by sea and land Raff'-ad-darajat.

### NIKU-SIYAR.

سکه زد در جهان بلطف اله یادشاه زمان محمد شاه

Struck money through the world by grace of God Muhammad Sháh Pádisháh of the Age.

N 953

### IBRÁHÍM.

سکه بر سیر زد در جسهسان بفضل محمد ابرهیم شاه شاهان

Money of silver struck through the world, By favour of Muhammad, Ibráhím Sháh of Sháhs.

N 954-5, R. 956-7

### 'ÁLAMGÍR II.

سکه زد بر هفت کشور همچو تابان مهر وماه شاه عزیز الدین عالمکیر غازی پادشاه

Struck money in the seven climates shining like the sun and moon

Sháh 'Azíz-ad-dín 'Álamgír Victorious Pádisháh.

N 1063, 1064, JR 1090

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betweed & (for Sunday), E (Monday), C (Treeday), D (Wednesday), E (Trursday), F (Friday), G (Saturday). The months are indicated by Roman numerals. Thus 17, zi. F in the first line of the table above that the month Safar of a.z. 833 began on Friday the 17th of November, 1835. The table is adapted from Wistenfeld's well-known Perpicielasys-\* The month, day, and day of the week of the Christian year are placed under each Muhammadan month, and correspond to the first of that month. The week-days are

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A.E.A.D. Muharram Safar Rabi' I Rabi' II	Babt' I			Rabl' II	II Jq			Jumédá I	Jumédé II	_	Rajab	Sha'bán		Remadán		Shawwel	Zú-1-3	Zú-l-Ka'dah	1	Zú-l-Hijish
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1062 1642 1. iv. C 1. v. E 30. v. F 20. vi. A 28. vii. B	E 30. v. F 20. vi. A 28. vii.	F 20. vi. A 28. vii.	F 20. vi. A 28. vii.	A 28. vii.	A 28. vii.	28. vii.			27. viii.	A	26. ix. E	26. x.	•		- 4	23. xii.	C48. 21	21. i.	A	.ii.
1065 1648 25 iii. A 21, iv. C 20, v. D 19, vi. F 18, vii. G	O 20. v. D 19. vi. F 18. vii.	D 19. vi. F 18. vii.	D 19. vi. F 18. vii.	F 18. vii.	F 18. vii.	18. vii.			17. viii.	A	15. ix. C	16. x.	M	13. xi.	Ē.	13. xii.	A 44. 11. i.			10. ii.
1064164410. iii. R 9. iv. G 8. v. A 7. vi. C 6. vii. D	G 8. v. A 7. vi. C 6. vii.	A 7. vi. C 6. vii.	A 7. vi. C 6. vii.	C 6. vii.	C 6. vii.	6. vii.			5. viii.	Fi	3. ix. G	X	A	l ri	5		8	:=	3	20. i.
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1167/1753 m. z.	. T.	À	H H	A	27. xii.	N N	. 26. i.	6	24. ii/	92	26. iii. C	24. iv. D	24. Y.	<b>B</b> 4	B. vi.		z. vii. J	8. 8.	20. viii. C	19. ix.	3 E4
1100175	1764 18. z.	F)	17. zi	4	16. zii.	B 85	. 16. i.	A	13. ii.	<b>12</b>	15. III. G	13. iv. A	13. v.	-5	11. vi.	- A	11. vii. 1	<b>6</b>	9. viii. G	8. ix.	za za
110011756 7. z.	7. K	Ö	Ħ ď	H	5. xii.	4	. 4.1.	4	2. ii. 1	**	S. iii. D	L iv. E	1. 4.	5	30. Y.	4	29. vi.	<b>8</b>	28. vii. D	27. viii.	iii. P
1170175624 tz.	A T	4	X X	5	7. H	A	34. xii.	F 67	7. 22. i.	Zi.	21. ii. B	<b>22</b> iii. C	31. iv.	H	20. ₹.	-	19. vi. 1	A 18.	18. vii. B	17. viii.	iii. D
11711757 14. tz.	되지	M	16. z.	ø	13. xi.	4	13. zii.	S	C 28. 11. i. I	ä	10, ii. F	11.111. G	10. fr.	A	9. 4.	<u>-</u>	8. Yi. I	 	7. vii. F	6. viii.	iii. A
11791758 4 IE.	4 14	A	£ X.	A	S ri	M	», xii.	6	31 xii. 4	A 59. 30.	30. i. C	28. ii. D	30. iii.	ß.	28. iv.	- <del>7</del> 3	28. 7. 1	. Z	27. vi. C	26. vii.	ii B
11721750 St. vill.	景	8	<b>1</b> 4 it.	A	S.	೮	й <b>Х</b>	M	21. xii. 3	F 60. 30.	20. i. A	18. ii. B	19. iii.	A	17. iv.	<u> </u>	17. v. G	*	16. vi. A	15. vii.	ii.
11741780is, viii.	15, v±.	Ä	13. LT.	F	11. z.	_	10. xi.	<b>P</b>	9. xii.	C' <b>81. 8.</b>	8. i. E	6. ii. F	8. iii.		6. iv.	- A	8. v. I	<b>→</b>	4. vi. E	4. vii.	S

11761761 2 vil	7 17 7	-i	1. ix. 0	<b>x</b>	8. ir.	A T	80. X.	**************************************	28. zi.		28. xii. B	B 68. 34. i.	<u>ల</u> ా	<b>32</b>	M	<b>36.</b> III.	<u> </u>	26. iv.	~	24. 7.	M-	Z. vi.	A
11761768 pc. vii.	L vil.	Ħ	B. viii.	* 4	30. fx.	A	30. z.	_	18. xī.	M	18. xii. G	G 63. 16. i.	4	15. ii.	0	16. iii.	А	15. iv.		14. v.	# **	18. vi.	æ
1177 1768 TH.	LTL	<b>#</b>	11. vili. 1	M	9. fx.	Fi.	, y	4	7. IL	æ	7. xii. I	D'64. 5. I.	M	<b>4.</b> ii.	G	♣. iii.	4	3. iv.	ີບ	2. Y.	_ 		p <sub>4</sub>
11781764 1. vil.	L vil. 1	<b>5</b>	31. vii. (	<b>X</b>	10. viii.	А	38. fx.	**	7. z.	8	26. xi. B	B 26. xii.	i. C. 65.	. 24. i.	Ħ	32. ii.	<u> </u>	<b>24.</b> iii.	-	22. i∀.	- 33 - 34	ZZ. 7.	e
1178176520 vi.	14.	<b>8</b>	86. viii. G	8	19. vitt.	4	17. fx.	-	16. x.	A	16. XL 3	F 14 xii.		G 66. 13. i.	A	11. ii.	ల	13. iii.	H	11. iv.	=	11. v.	∢
31801706	9. YL .	<u>*</u>	€. vii. 1	A	7. viii.	P	6. fx.	9	, K	4	4 xi. C	C 3. xti.	i. D67.	 	B <sub>i</sub>	31. i.	Ġ	<b>2</b> .	<b>~</b>	31. iii.	8	30. iv.	M
1181 1767 m		8	8. T. I	A	B. vii.	O	Z. vill.	N N	Z. Z.	Es.	86. x. ∆	A 23. zi.	Ä.	23. Zi.	D 68	11. i.	M	30. ii.	<u>.</u>	2'. iii.	91 ∀	19. iv.	င
116817681s -	L v. 3	-2	17. vi. 3	<u> </u>	16. vii.	Ġ	16. viii.	- T	13. rf.	<u></u>	18. x. E	E 11. E	F4	11. XII.	A 69	. i.	M	8. ii.	А	9. iii.	- EA	8. iv. (	•
11681760 7. v.		٠ ح		0	6. vii.	A	♣ viii.	E4	й e	<u> </u>	2 x B	B 31. x.	Ö	80. II.	Ħ	8. nii.	7.0	28. i.	~	26. ii.	<b>8</b>	28. iii. 1	А
11841770m	7. tv	*	27.4.	#	B. T.	A	25. vii.	A	23. viii.	H	22, xi. G	G 21. x.	4	<b>8</b> 0. xi.	ပ	19. xii.	D.71.	18. i.	- A	16. ii.	# **	18. iii. 1	<b>F</b>
118617711a tv.		2		H	14. ri.	F4	14. vii.	- -	18. viii.	A	11. xi. D	10. x.	Ħ	9. H	<u>.</u>	8. xii.	A 78.	7. i.	=	5. ii.	9	6. iii. 1	
1186 1778 4 iv.		-	£ 7. E	_ _	T	o	2. vii.	<b>8</b>	31. vii.	Fig.	30. viii. A	28. ix.	Ä.	28. x	A	26. xi.	H	26. xii.	G 73. 2	24. i.	<b>₽</b>	23. ii. (	S
11971778 S. H.	L # .	#	34. iv. G	<b>N</b>	. T.	-∢	2. vi.	<b>"</b>	21. vii.	A	30. viii. F	18. ix.	<u>ئ</u>	18. x.	м	16. xi.	ن	16. xii.	E 74. 14. 1.		13	13. ii 1	3
1196 1774 14. IH.		<b>A</b>		Ä	12. Y.	M	11. 11.	5	10, vii.	4	9. viii. C	7. fx.	À.	7. x.	P4	ž,	<u>ن</u>	6. xii.	B 75.	3. f.	• •	. ii.	M
1180 1775 4 H.		<del>•</del>		- A	. <del>.</del>	U	1. 11.	<b>о</b> .	30. vi.	<u>F4</u>	30. vii. A	Z. viii.		27. ix.	А	26. x.	P)	H.	* 5	24. xii.	A 76. 23	23. i. (	) 5
1190 1776 M. H.		H	# #	A	8. iv.	8	<b>8</b> 0. 7.	- A		5	18. vii. E	16. viii.	Pi zi	16. ix.	4	14. x.	A	13. xd.	Ä	12. xii. ]	E 77. 11. i.		Ġ
11911777 8. H.	1.11.	#		-	9 iv.	А	9. 4.	Fig.	7. 7.	ڻ	7. vii. D	5. viil.	.;	£ ix	~ [M]	es H	F4	2. xi.		l. xii.	я я	31. xii. I	A
1198 1778 80. 1.	1.1		1. 111.	8	90. III.	A	20. iv. ]	A		M	77. vi. G	26. vii.	4	26. viii.	ان	23. iz.	А	23. x.	Pi	31. xi. (	5	11. xii. B	
1198177018.L		<u> </u>	19. ff. B	2	19. III.	<u> </u>	18. iv.	_		_ A	16. vi. D	16. vii.	M	14. viii.	0	12. ix.	4	13. x.	<u>ت</u> ن	10. xi. 1	a A	10. xii. P	
11941780 C.L.	3	, O	7. IL. B	<u></u>	7. iii.	5	6. iv.	- M	6. ₹.	Pri .	4. vi. A	S. Yil.	- <b>A</b> -	S. viii.	Ä	81. viii.	M	30. ix.	<b>#</b>	20. x. 7	<b>8</b>	28. xi. C	•-
11961780 Pe. zii.	THE T	를 보	#.t. G	8	15. ii.	4	87. iii. (	<b>8</b>		 A	25. v. F	<b>33</b>	3	23. Ti.	-	21. viii.		20. ix.	H	19. x. 1		18. xi. A	
1961781	. H.	86. 1¢	16.1. D	7	. II.	N	16. iii. (	-	14. iv.	_ _	14. C	IL VL	A	12. vii.	βų	10. viii.	ড	9. ix.	A	8. x.	<u>~</u>	7. xi. B	
11971788 7. xd.		G 83. 6.	6. L. B	_	:: •	8	€. III. ]	- M	£ 17.	Fe	4.Y. A	** **	м	P. Tİİ.	А	81. vii.	N	30. viii.	<b>7</b>	18. ix. 1	<b>8</b>	28, z. C	
11961788 a. z.	LAL D		90. zd., F	F 96. 2	<b>36.</b> i.	6	. ii.	A	3. iii.	<u>.</u>	1. fr. E	n. v.	ĵ.	8. T	∢	19. vii.	м	18. viii.	A	17. ix. 1	2	16. x. G	
1190178414. H.	4 H	#	14. zd. C	C 86.13	13.1.		11. 11.	# 	15, III. (		1. iv. B		-ద-	9. 71.	M	8. vii.	P4	7. viii.	4	6. ix. 1	<b>*</b>	6. x. D	_
AND THE A P.	T	•	A 11					_,		_			-		_		_	:	_				

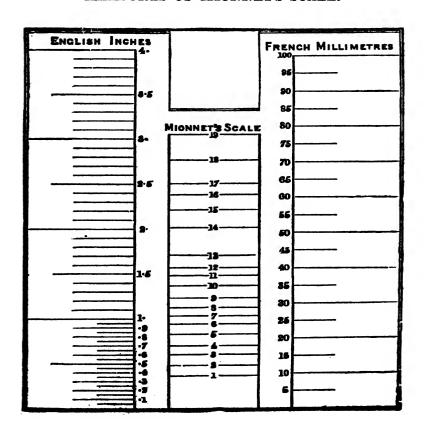
A.H. A.D. Maharyan	_	4	I Jan	II JAPE	Ħ	Jamédé I	Jumádá II	Bajab	Sba'bán	Ramadán	-	Shawwail	Shawwil Zú-l-Ka'dah	Zé-l-Hijah	4
1301 1786 St. E.	-5	F. M.	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	F 87. 21. t.	1	19. ii. B	21.H. D	19. iv.	H 19. ₹.	G 17. vi.		17. vii.	C 16. viii. D	1 31 21	
1308176712.E.	•	i i	11.11	C 88. 10. 1.		8 H	9. III. A	7. 7.	•	6. Yi.	М	_	G. viii. A.		
1308 1788 2.x.	A	1.1	ਸ਼ੇ 26 5	A 30. xdi.		C89.28.1. D	27.11. 1	_	G 27. iv. 1	B 26. V.	Б		E St. vii. F	-	
1304 1780 m. iz.	A	H. X. J	й . Э	19, xii.	_	G 90.17.1. A	16. ii. C	17.44.	D 16, iv. 1	F 16. V.	Ġ		B 13. vii. C		<b>1</b> 21
1206 179010, fx.	F	10. X. J	H &	B & xii.		DOL C.L. E	6. ii. G	<b>6</b>	A 5. iv. (	4.4	A	3. vt.	P. VII. G.	1. viii.	i. B
1906 1791, P. H. D	A	D. tr.	3. 3.	THE SE TH	A	1. 证	C98. 26. L E	31. ii.	P. 85. iii. 1	A 23. iv.	A	23. 4.	D 21.71. E	-	9
1207 1795 19. viit. A		13. ix.	0 17. E.	D 16. zi.	P4	15. zdi. G	G98.14.i. B	12, ii.	G 14 III. 1	13. iv.	P4	12. v.		B 10, vii.	Α.
1306 1798 S. viii. P	A	S. ix,	A 7. x.	H S	A	. H.	#94. 4.i. G	1 11 6	4 III (	0 2. iv.	A	•	31. ₹. G	30. vi.	æ
1200 [794 pe. vii.	0	B. Yili.	B. 12.	N. N.	3	M. M. B	24. xii.	D 95. 22. t. 1	31.ii.	G 22. III.	4		C 20. v. D	19. vi.	ß.
1210 1795 R. vii.	8	17. viii. ]	B 15.tr.	O 16. z.	.,	18. zt. F	13. zli.	A 96. 11. 1. 1	B 10, ii. 1	10. iii.	M	_	G 8. v. A		0
1211 1796 7. vit.	M	C. VIII.	- FE.	7.7 T	9	3. zt. U	s. xii.	F St. zdi. (	G97. 30. L. 1	11 °80 11.	0			F 28. v.	4
1212 1787 at. vi.	A	M. vii. ]	D St. viii.	1. E 23. L.	ų G	23. Z. A	й. й	C 20, xii. 1	D98. 19. i. 1	F 17. ff.	6	19. iii.		G 17. v.	98 ¤
1213 179614. vi.	h	16. vii.	A 15. 746.	i B 12 it.	Ä	11. x. E	10. H. G	9. Hi	A99. 8. i. (	G 6. E.	A	8. iii.	F 6. iv. G		) m
12141700 S. vi. D	A	S. vii.	S. vili.	i. G. 2. ix.	A	l.r. c	31. X. R	다 8	F 30. Til. /	A 1800. 27. L.	A	<b>36.</b> ii.	D #7.111. R	E 26. iv.	•
12151800 pt. v.	4	_	C K TH	. D SE VIII.	riii. P	30. tr. G	20. x. B	18. 丸	C 18. xii. 1	E 1801. 16. f.	(Fe)	16. ii.	A 16, iii, 18	B 16, iv.	А
1316180114 v.	M	1. T.	G 18. TH.	11. viii.	iii. C	9. iz. D	9. x. F	7. 7.	G 7. zii. 1	B 1809. 6. t.	0	4. 11.	5, iii, 14	F tv.	4
1217 1808 4. v.	0	# 4. J	E 2. VII.	. F LY	rii: A	30, viii, B	20. fr. D	38, x.	27. zi.	G 55. E.H.	4	8. 26. t.	G # # D	-	ß.
12181808 as. iv.	8	 	B. M.	C N. A.	7	19. viii. F	18.tz. A	17. x.	B 16.11. I	D 16. zdf.	M	4. 14. i. (	13. ii. A	18.111.	5
1219 180412, IV.		₽	5. A.	<u>ج</u>	ij. O	S. viii. D	7, IX. W	ų,	G 6. xt, 1	B LTE	5	5. S. t. ]	1. ii.	. iii.	4
1.17.	<b>A</b>	1.4.	8 .4	gi M	± €	28. rii. A	M. TH. O	<b>26.</b> it.	D 36.2. 3	, ix	ভ	12. 社,	B 0. 21.1. C	30. ii.	
LEED LEGG SE, SE.	T.	10. fr	1 18. T	B,	A. D	17. vii. II	16. Yili, G	1 14 iz 1	A <sup>†</sup> 14. C	D IS H	Ā	12, 24,	7. 10. i. G		æ

TABLE

FOR

# CONVERTING ENGLISH INCHES INTO MILLIMETRES

#### MEASURES OF MIONNET'S SCALE.



## TABLE

OF THE

#### RELATIVE WEIGHTS OF

## ENGLISH GRAINS and FRENCH GRAMMES.

Grains	Grammes.	Grains.	Grammes.	Grains.	Grammes.	Grains.	Grammes.
1	-064	41	2.656	81	5.248	121	7.840
2	129	42	2.720	82	5.312	122	7.905
3	·194	43	2.785	83	5.378	123	7.970
4	•259	44	2.850	84	5.442	124	8.035
5	.324	45	2.915	85	5.508	125	8.100
6	-388	46	2.980	86	5.572	126	8.164
7	•453	47	3.045	87	5.637	127	8-229
8	·518	48	3.110	88	5.702	128	8-294
9	-583	49	3.175	89	5.767	129	8.359
10	648	50	3.240	90	5.832	130	8.424
11	.712	51	3.304	91	5.896	131	8.488
12	.777	52	3.368	92	5.961	132	8.553
13	·842	53	3.434	93	6.026	133	8.618
14	-907	54	3.498	94	6.091	134	8.682
15	-972	55	3.564	95	6.156	185	8.747
16	1.036	56	3.628	96	6.220	186	8.812
17	1.101	57	3.693	97	6.285	137	8.877
18	1.166	58	8.758	98	6.350	138	8.942
19	1.231	59	3.823	99	6.415	139	9.007
20	1.296	60	3.888	100	6.480	140	9.072
21	1.360	61	3.952	101	6.544	141	9.136
22	1.425	62	4.017	102	6.609	142	9.200
23	1.490	63	4.082	103	6.674	143	9-265
24	1.555	64	4.146	104	6.739	144	9.330
25	1.620	65	4.211	105	6.804	145	9.395
26	1.684	66	4.276	106	6.868	146	9.460
27	1.749	67	4.341	107	6.933	147	9.525
28	1.814	68	4.406	108	6.998	148	9.590
29.	1.879	69	4.471	109	7.063	149	9.655
30	1.944	70	4.536	110	7·128	150	9-720
31	2.008	71	4.600	111	7.192	151	9-784
82	2.073	72	4.665	112	7-257	152	9.848
33	2.138	73	4-729	118	7.822	153	9-914
34	2.202	74	4.794	114	7.887	154	9-978
35	2-267	75	4.859	115	7.452	155	10-044
36	2.332	76	4.924	116	7.516	156	10-108
37	2.397	77	4.989	117	7.581	157	10.178
88	2.462	78	5.054	118	7.646	158	10-238
89	2.527	79	5.119	119	7.711	159	10-308
40	2.592	80	5.184	120	7-776	160	10-868

TABLE

OF THE

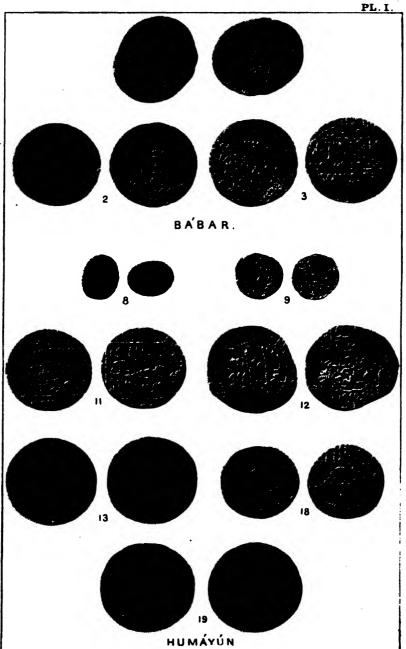
#### RELATIVE WEIGHTS OF

## ENGLISH GRAINS and FRENCH GRAMMES.

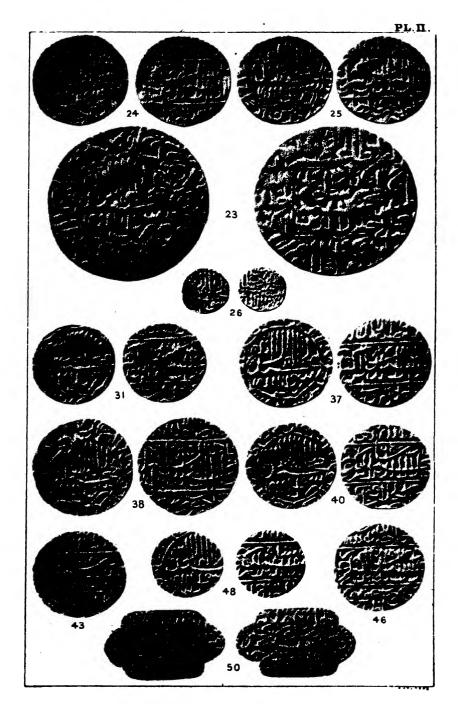
Grains.	Grammes.	Grains.	Grammes.	Grains.	Grammes.	Grains.	Grammes.
161	10.432	201	13-024	241	15.616	290	18.79
162	10.497	202	13.089	242	15.680	300	19.44
163	10.562	203	13.154	243	15.745	310	20.08
164	10.626	204	13.219	244	15.810	<b>320</b>	20.73
165	10-691	205	13.284	245	15.875	330	21.38
166	10.756	206	13.348	246	15·940	340	22-02
167	10.821	207	13.413	247	16.005	350	22.67
168	10.886	208	13.478	248	16.070	360	23.32
169	10.951	209	13.543	249	16.135	370	23.97
170	11-016	210	13.608	250	16.200	380	24.62
171	11.080	211	13.672	251	16.264	390	25.27
172	11.145	212	13.737	252	16.328	400	25.92
173	11.209	213	13.802	253	16.394	410	26.56
174	11-274	214	13.867	254	16.458	420	27.20
175	11.339	215	13.932	255	16.524	430	27.85
176	11.404	216	13.996	256	16.588	440	28.50
177	11.469	217	14.061	257	16.653	450	29.15
178	11.534	218	14.126	258	16.718	460	29.80
179	11.599	219	14.191	259	16.783	470	30.45
180	11.664	220	14.256	260	16.848	480	31.10
181	11.728	221	14.320	261	16.912	490	31.75
182	11.792	222	14.385	262	16-977	500	32.40
183	11.858	223	14.450	263	17.042	510	33.04
184	11.922	224	14.515	264	17.106	520	33.68
185	11.988	225	14.580	265	17.171	530	34.34
186	12.052	226	14.644	266	17.236	540	34.98
187	12.117	227	14.709	267	17.301	550	35.64
188	12.182	228	14.774	268	17.366	560	36.28
189	12.247	229	14.839	269	17.431	570	36.93
190	12.312	230	14.904	270	17.496	580	37.58
191	12.376	231	14.968	271	17.560	500	38-23
192	12.441	232	15-033	272	17.625	600	38.88
193	12.506	233	15-098	278	17-689	700	45.86
194	12.571	234	15.162	274	17/754	800	51.84
195	12-636	235	15.227	275	17.819	900	58.32
196	12.700	236	15-292	276	17.884	1000 2000	64.80
197	12.765	237	15.357	277	17.949		129-60
198	12.830	238	15.422	278	18-014	3000	194-40
199	12-895	239	15.487	279	18-079	4000	259·20 324·00
200	12-960	240	15-552	280	18-144	5000	024 00
-	i						1



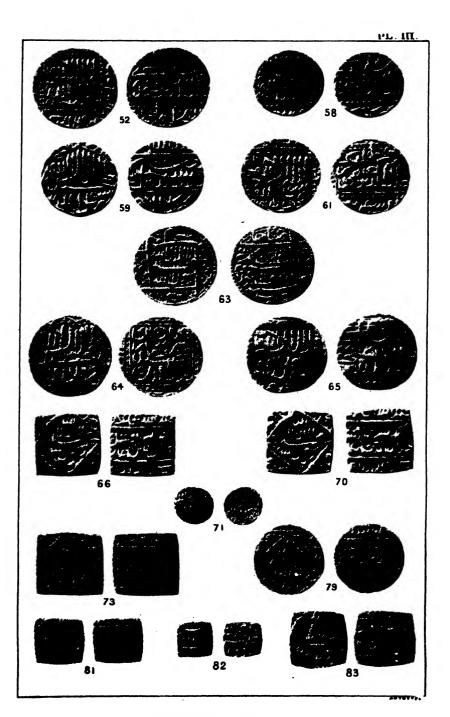
# **PLATES**



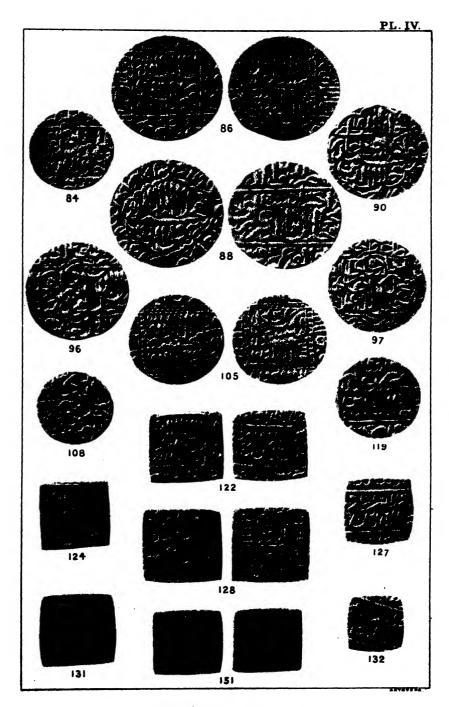
BÁBAR - HUMÁYÚN.



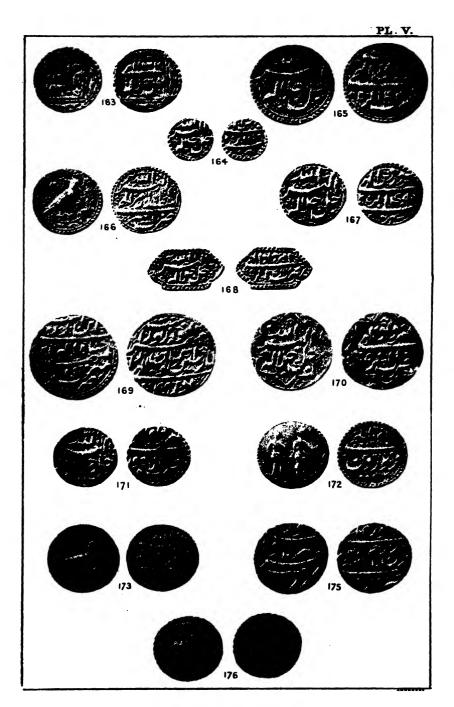
AKBAR: GOLD.



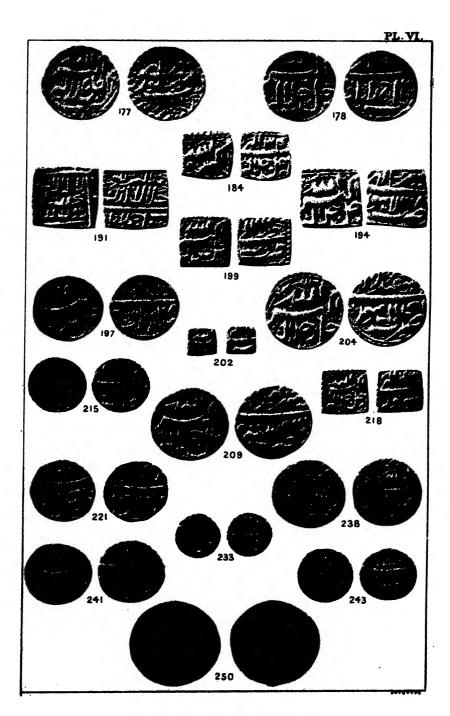
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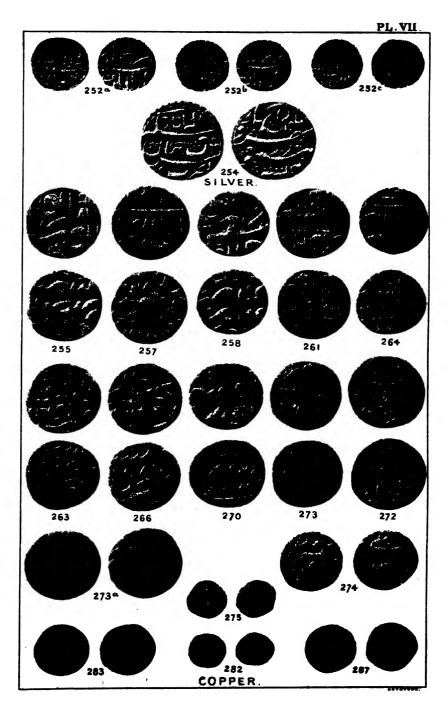
AKBAR: SILVER



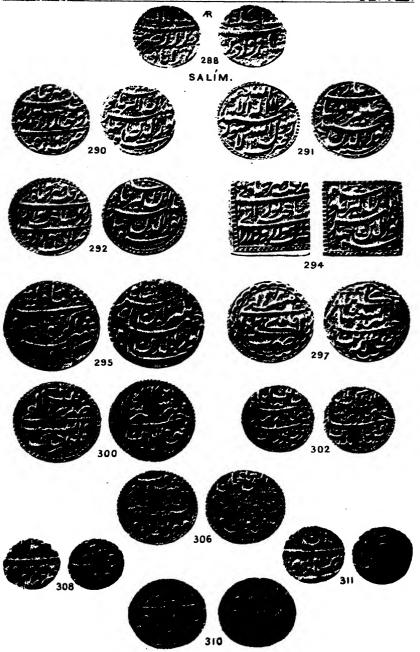
AKBAR: ILÁHÍ GOLD.



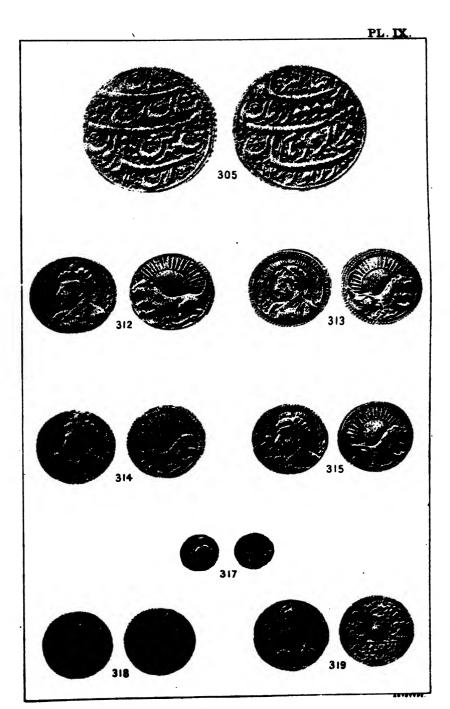
AKBAR: ILAHI SILVER.



AKBAR. SILVER. COPPER.



JAHÁNGÍR GOLD



JAHÁNGÍR. GOLD.

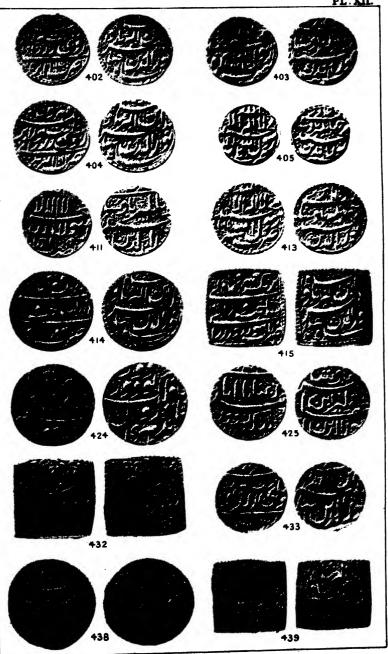


JAHÁNGÍR. ZODIACAL MOHRS.

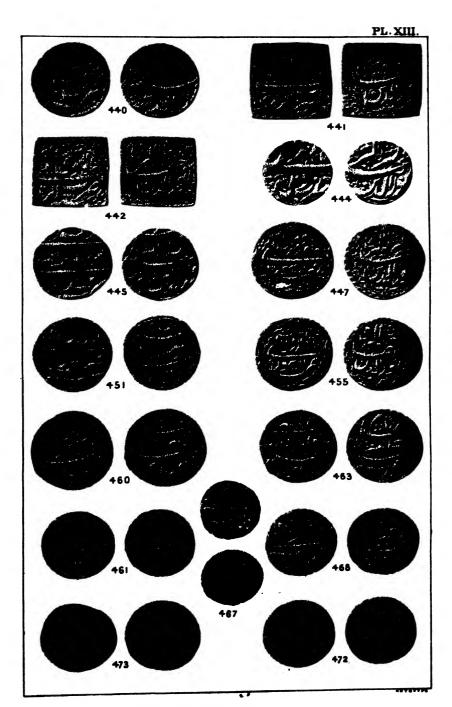


JAHÁNGÍR. ZODIACAL RUPEES,& IMITATIONS.

PL.XIL



JAHÁNGÍR . SILVER .



JAHÁNGÍR . SILVER